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Nazis Making Progress In Ukraine; Threat to Odessa

London, Aug. 11.

WHILE the Germans, now in the middle of their third offensive, are being held on the northern and central sectors of the front, it is authoritatively announced in London that Nazi forces appear to have made considerable progress in the Ukraine.

From information available it would certainly seem that the threat to Odessa is increasing. There is nothing to indicate, however, that the Russian front is broken.

A colossal battle is being fought out in depth it seems. The main fighting is probably taking place around Uman, mentioned for the first time by a Soviet communique today, but is possible that advanced German units have pushed forward in the direction of Nikolaiev.

Nazis Raid Moscow On Sunday Night

Moscow, Aug. 11.

Moscow was raided Sunday night and early this morning in a raid which lasted four and one-quarter hours, during which five German planes were shot down, an official communique issued by Tass, official news agency, said today.

The alarm was sounded at 11 p.m. when the Germans attempted a mass raid but the "enemy planes were dispersed by anti-aircraft fire and protective detachments of night fighters," the communique said.

Individual planes broke through the defence and dropped incendiary and high explosive bombs, the communique added.

"Several fires were started but military objectives were not affected and no Soviet planes were lost," the communique concluded.

Eight Nazi Planes Shot Down

Luftwaffe warplanes struck at Moscow early yesterday morning for the 14th time in 19 nights, but only a few planes from "several formations" carrying out the attack were able to penetrate the defences, according to official announcements.

Eight of the German raiders were shot down before the Luftwaffe planes could reach the city. A few reached Moscow despite the network of night fighters, barrage balloons and anti-aircraft batteries, and they dropped explosives and incendiary bombs. Homes were set on fire and some civilian casualties were caused.

The air raid alarm lasted 2½ hours.—United Press.

Kremlin Said Hit

With almost 100 planes employed in dropping explosive bombs of all calibres and "thousands of incendiary bombs," Moscow was subjected to its worst raid of the war last night, the official agency claimed.

One heavy bomb it added, hit the Kremlin, causing "great destruction" and also several fires were started in the vicinity of the Kremlin.

"The reflection could be observed from a distance of 100 kilometres," the official agency claimed.—United Press.

A Soviet High Command communique at noon today states that "Fighting is continuing in the Smolensk, Belaya-Tserkov and Uman sectors and on the Estonian front."

The Russian Air Force is reported to have been very active, inflicting heavy blows on enemy Panzer troops and infantry.

Berlin claims that "the pursuit of the retreating Russian enemy in southern Ukraine is making rapid progress everywhere."

On other sectors of the front operations are said to be proceeding "according to plan."

Last night's air raid on Moscow lasted four and a quarter hours. This was longer than some others recently, but to the ordinary observer it did not appear that any more German planes succeeded in getting through than usual.

There were fairly long intervals of silence before Moscow's heavy barrage of anti-aircraft guns of all types opened fire.

There were a few faint glows of small fires, but they disappeared out of the sky even before the full light of dawn as firefighters maintained their excellent record of existinguishing fires before they get a real hold.—Reuter.

Heavy Fighting at Uman

Moscow, Aug. 11.

Heavy fighting was continuing in the direction of Uman, midway between Odessa and Kiev, farther north at Belaya Tserkov in the central Smolensk salient and the Estonian sector, the Information Bureau announced today in an official communique.

Fighting appeared to have ceased temporarily at Solsti, south from Leningrad on the east Vibetsk railway and at Kholm, where operations were resumed yesterday after a lull of several days.

The communique claimed that a Soviet cavalry unit commanded by Sidelnikov routed the 450th German Infantry Regiment when it lured the Germans into a swamp.

The Russians then attacked "one German company and at once destroyed it. The remaining units were split up so that they were unable to continue resistance and they began to surrender," the communique reported.

"In the course of the engagement, about 500 Germans were killed and wounded, six anti-tank guns, 31 machine-guns, eight mortars, ten lorries and many motor-cycles were destroyed."

Near the station of "P," where the Germans were attempting to cross a river, the Germans were repulsed three times by fire from a Red armored train and "then the Russians, under cover of the armored train, crossed the river themselves and recaptured the station," the communique said.

Russians Admit German Gains

Soviet Russia's High Command early this morning acknowledged that strong German forces had struck closer to Leningrad and had driven deeper into the Ukraine in the vicinity of the important communications centre of Uman.

For the first time in one week, the Red Army reported new German advances over a long front. The communique said that in the north, the Red Army "stubbornly resisted" the Germans in the Soltsi sector, 120 miles south of Leningrad and 40 miles closer to the vital northern city than Porkhov where the biggest struggle of the north previously had been reported as centred.

On the vital Ukrainian front, the Germans' new offensive apparently was passing by Kiev to slice into the heart of the Russian bread-basket southward toward Odessa.

Fighting was said to be under way at Uman, 130 miles south of Kiev, along the main railway to Odessa. This was the first mention that hostilities had reached Uman.

Simultaneously, the Germans were battling to carry out their [United Press.

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Nazi Trade Experts Leave Turkey

Ankara, Aug. 11.

Five German trade experts who arrived here recently now have returned to Budapest because it was believed that the moment was not propitious to conclude a new trade agreement with Turkey, reliable quarters said today.

A new trade pact, it was originally expected, would have been concluded immediately after the signing of the Turko-German non-agression accord.

Authoritative quarters said that the sudden withdrawal of the German trade delegation, whose existence the Germans intended to keep secret until the actual conclusion of the new agreement, which was in sight, was due to the Russo-German war which makes it almost impossible for the Germans to fulfill existing commitments as well as new ones.

While transportation between Germany and Turkey at present was limited to the Black Sea shipping route, it was almost at a standstill because Turkish ships were not allowed to call at foreign ports in the Black Sea.

The railway line between Turkey and Bulgaria has not been re-established since the dynamiting of bridges by the Greeks.—United Press.

Soviet Army Reported to Have Halted Latest Nazi Offensive

Moscow, Aug. 11.

SOVIET Russia's Red Army was reported yesterday to have halted the latest German offensive and to have launched a series of counter-blows while strengthening defences of the vital Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev sectors.

An official communique claimed the annihilation of almost an entire regiment—the 307th Regiment of the German 163rd Division—which had been shifted to the Finnish-Russian front from Narvik, Norway.

Despatches to Moscow from various sectors of the 1,800-mile-long front said that the German failure to reach their three main objectives—Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev—revealed that blitzkrieg methods had failed against the Red Army.

After rallying from the first blows of the German assault forces, the Russians at present were reported to be solidly entrenched behind their old defences where they have stemmed the Germans. In addition, the Russians were said to be retaining control over virtually all important industrial and strategic centres of old Russia.

Official communiques described the continual day and night fighting raging over the entire battle front which has remained stationary for over a week.

Nazi Attacks Beaten Back

Red Army units yesterday continued to beat back fierce German attacks in the Smolensk, Korosten, Belaya Tserkov and Estonian sectors of the western front according to official communiques, while simultaneously Russian guerillas caused havoc to Nazi rear-line communications and troops moving up toward the front.

The Soviet Information Bureau announced that a Red Army unit commanded by Major Buslayev had smashed a column of Fascist tanks which were proceeding during the night toward one sector of the front. Thirty damaged tanks remained on the field after the battle, it was claimed.

Soviet guerillas, according to the communique, were waging a fierce struggle in districts of the Chernovitz region occupied by German and Rumanian troops. One guerilla detachment, the "Soviet Bukovina," laid in ambush along a highway and captured a car carrying three German staff officers. All of the latter were killed.

Wide-Scale Guerilla Activities

Great activity has been displayed by the guerilla detachment of Lvov workers commanded by a factory manager, it was stated. During four weeks of fighting, these guerillas fought German troops in ten engagements. They killed over 200 Fascists and destroyed eight German tanks, 25 trucks, 12 light and heavy guns and much other equipment, it was announced.

The Soviet Information Bureau reported that a guerilla detachment blew up several bridges and annihilated German-Finnish garrisons in three frontier settlements. They also destroyed two Finnish ammunition trains. This detachment simultaneously established connections with several other guerilla groups.—United Press.

Russian Raid On Berlin Is Praised

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 10.

The first Russian raid on Berlin, writes the Stockholm correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph," has created an awkward situation for Berlin propagandists. So far from reporting the raid in detail and claiming the usual astronomical number of planes shot down, the Germans are straining every nerve to conceal from their own people the fact that the raiders were Russian. To admit this would hardly be compatible with Goebbels' annihilation on the typewriter of the entire Soviet Air Force over a month ago.

In the first account the Nazis attributed the attacks to the R.A.F. In view of the later official British denials that the R.A.F. had been over Perlin, these explanations were somewhat lame. The latest officially-inspired messages from Berlin try to explain the British denial by saying that the raid was merely Luftwaffe night manœuvres designed to test out the efficiency of the new night defence weapon.

Complete Surprise

In fact, the raid was a great success and a complete surprise as shown by the fact that Berlin's flank never went into action and that only the night-fighters went up, but too late to deal with the Russian bombers.

The raid was carried out with a force of three squadrons of heavy turbine four-engined bombers—of the same type as those which flew over the North Pole from Moscow to California before the war. Starting from the Baltic Island bases, Oesel and Dangoe off the Esthonian coast, they completed a one-thousand two-hundred mile round-trip to the German capital without interception and without loss.

Commenting on the above the "Daily Telegraph's" Aeronautical Correspondent says that the highest admiration will be accorded by the Royal Air Force and also by the British public for the skilfull planning and execution of the raid. The Russians have achieved one of the greatest operational feats in the present war. The raid was made from bases and under conditions which made the flight to Berlin rather more difficult than it is for the R.A.F.

Bombed Oil Fields

The aircraft used were of the type which have also been used in long range raids on Ploesti Oil Refineries in Rumania. It is the standard type of heavy bomber of which the Red Air Force appears to have large numbers. Another interesting feature about this raid is that the Russian News Service did not make large claims. Indeed the first information came from Berlin itself. Moscow's reticence in this case has undoubtedly proved its worth.

Record Recruiting Day in Australia

Sydney, Aug. 11.

Today there have been the largest number of daily Australian Imperial Forces applicants since recruiting was resumed several months ago.

Recruiting staffs attributed the rush to the gravity of the Pacific situation, for many applicants said that "it is getting too close to Australia and we think it is up to us to lend a hand".—Reuter.

Anti-Invasion Defences Built in Norway

Stockholm, Aug. 11.

Reports from the Norwegian border yesterday said that construction of the so-called Falkenhorst Line, a chain of powerful anti-invasion fortifications stretching along the west coast from Mandal, on the southern tip of Norway, to Agdenaes, has been completed.

Recent invasion exercises were intended to test the strength of this line, the report stated.

Between 50,000 and 60,000 Norwegian workers under German engineers helped build the line which was said to be even stronger than the German fortifications on the English Channel.

New invasion exercises were due to be held, beginning today, until August 20 in the Agdenaes region.

German troops have taken over practically all public buildings and schools in the coastal district as billets. It was expected these troops would be moved north soon in order to extend the line to the north.—United Press.

Carpenter Strike in U.S. Naval Yard Lifted

Philadelphia, Aug. 11.

A spokesman, representing contractors building two dry docks in United States Naval shipyards here, states that 348 carpenters now on strike are returning to work today, pending arbitration on their demands.

The strike, which began on Saturday, is stated to have "seriously delayed" operations in the Navy yard.—Reuter.

Duke of Kent to Spend Holiday in Jaspar Park

Jaspar Park, Aug. 11.

The Duke of Kent arrived here today for a short rest.

His cabin adjoins the one occupied by the King and Queen during their tour in 1939.

On the way, the Duke frequently left his car to speak to people along route. He will leave for Edmonton on Wednesday to resume his tour of inspection.—Reuter.

Last Rites for Mr. C. Akagi

Funeral services for the late Mr. Chikayuki Agaki, Special Deputy Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police, who was assassinated here in June, were held in Tokyo on August 9, sponsored by the Japanese Foreign Office. The late S.M.P. official was Counsellor of the Japanese Embassy in China. In the above picture Admiral T. Toyoda, Foreign Minister, is reading an eulogy to the deceased.

Queen Elizabeth Thanks the Women of America

London, Aug. 11.

A SPECIAL message of thanks to American women was broadcast by Queen Elizabeth last night, in the course of which she said that "however great the cost, however long the struggle, justice, freedom, human dignity and kindness shall not perish from the earth." "I look to the day," she added, "when we shall go forward, hand in hand, to build a better, kinder and happier world for our children."

The full text of the broadcast follows: "It is just over two years since I spoke to the American people, and my purpose then was to thank countless friends for much kindness. It is to those same friends, and even of greater kindness, that I want to speak today.

"We, like yourselves, love peace, and have not devoted the years behind us to the planning of death and destruction. As yet, save in the valour of our people, we have not matched our enemy, and it is only now that we are beginning to marshal around us, in their full strength, the devotion and resources of our great British family of nations, which will in the end, please God, assuredly prevail.

"Through these waiting months a heavy burden is being borne by our people. As I go amongst them I marvel at their unshakable constancy. In many cities their homes lie in ruins, as do many of those ancient buildings which you know and love hardly less than we do ourselves. Women and children have been killed, and even sufferers in hospital have not been spared.

Resolution Strengthened

"Yet hardship has only steeled our hearts and strengthened our resolution. Wherever I go I see bright eyes and smiling faces, for though our road is stony and hard it is straight, and we know that we fight in a great cause.

"It is not our way in dark days to turn for support to others, but even had we been minded to do so, your instant help would have forestalled us. The warmth and sympathy of American generosity has touched beyond measure the hearts of all of us living and fighting in these islands. We can and shall never forget that in the hour of our greatest need you came forward with clothes for the homeless, food for the hungry, and comfort those who are sorely afflicted. Canteens, ambulances and medical supplies have come in an unceasing flow from the United States.

Gratitude Deep and Sincere

"I find it hard to tell you of our gratitude in adequate terms, though I ask you to believe that it is deep and sincere beyond expression. Unless you have seen, as I have seen, just how your gifts have been put to use, you cannot know perhaps the solace which you have brought to men and women of Britain who are suffering and toiling in the cause of freedom.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Menzies Attends Hastily Summoned Cabinet Meeting

Melbourne, Aug. 11.

Mr. Robert G. Menzies, Prime Minister, dramatically cancelled his tour of southwest Australian yesterday, rushing to Melbourne today to attend a meeting of his hastily summoned Cabinet to deal with the tense Far Eastern situation.

In view of the gravity of the situation, the Cabinet must not delay discussion of the problems, it was declared.

Even the highest ranking ministers were not aware of the reason for the sudden alteration of plans by Mr. Menzies.

But the guess in ministerial circles was that the Cabinet would hear the result of important talks now proceeding between the United States and the British Empire concerning strategic and economic relations, general collaboration and future allied policy as well as greater direct collaboration with Soviet Russia.

Mr. Menzies, in a statement prior to the Cabinet meeting today, said that there was "no doubt that the Pacific position is more full of danger than ever before and it is also true that in two years Australia's capacity for self-defence and equipment for self-defence both have improved out of sight.

"While, no doubt, we are facing some grave days, I do not want the people of Australia to have any unfounded anxiety about the defence position.—United Press.

Cabinet Meeting Still Sitting

Melbourne, Aug. 11.

The emergency Cabinet meeting was still sitting at 8.00 o'clock this evening. Service chiefs have been consulted.

Mr. R. G. Menzies, the Prime Minister, declared the problems are such as to demand the calmest and clearest judgment.—Reuter.

Wide Publicity for Queen's Message

New York, Aug. 11.

The Queen's broadcast was prominently published in all New York morning newspapers, with photographs showing her seated at the microphone.

The broadcast was clearly heard.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Raids on Africa Admitted By Italians

Rome, Aug. 11.

British attacks on the coast of North Africa are admitted in an Italian communique which states: "In North Africa, on the Tobruk front, there were patrol engagements and artillery fire on both sides.

"Formations of Axis aircraft attacked objectives in the stronghold, anti-aircraft positions and ships at anchor, causing explosions and damage. Other aerial formations bombed the railway station and harbour works at Mersa Maruh and scored hits on military works east of Sidi Barrani. German aircraft attacked British air bases in Egypt.

"The enemy raided Bardia and the coast of Syria in North Africa.

"In East Africa detachments of the Clugubart Garrison, commanded by Lieut-Colonel Ugolini, made a daring thrust against armed enemy groups, putting them to flight and inflicting considerable losses.

"British aircraft again bombed the stronghold of Gondar and the redoubt at Wolchefit.

"During Sunday night a British aircraft attacked a hospital ship, the California, at Syracuse, hitting it with a torpedo, but the vessel did not sink".—Reuter.

R.A.F. Sweeps Over France

London, Aug. 11.

An attack on German shipping and sweeps over northern France are reported in an Air Ministry communique issued last night.

"R.A.F. fighters escorted Blenheim bombers in an attack on enemy shipping off the French coast yesterday morning," says the communique, which adds that "a supply ship was hit twice and left burning.

"An enemy fighter was destroyed by the escort. Two of our bombers and one fighter are missing.

"Our fighters also carried out several sweeps over northern France during the day. No opposition from enemy fighters was encountered."

These raids are detailed in a communique issued in Cairo:

"Libya—During Saturday night our bombers attacked several enemy targets in North Africa. Three large fires, accompanied by violent explosions and flying debris, occurred at Tripoli, where the dock area was raided. Fires in the neighbourhood of the powerhouse were visible for a considerable distance from the target.

Bardia Heavily Bombed

"Bardia was attacked by an R.A.F. bomber formation, also by aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm. Blenheims obtained hits on a motor transport yard, causing explosions and a number of fires. Aircraft of the Fleet Air made a series of dive attacks and started a number of fires.

"Heavy bombers also attacked the port of Benghazi, where explosions were seen on railway sidings, and the port at Derna, where fires followed the attack.

"Sicily—Bombs were dropped on the harbour at Catania. A 2,000-ton motor vessel at the quayside was damaged by bombs falling on and near it.

"From all these operations our aircraft returned safely."—Reuter.

Enemy Convoy Attacked

London, Aug. 10.

The Royal Air Force today continued its attacks over northern France and against enemy shipping," the Air Ministry announced this evening.

Bristol-Blenheim bombers, escorted by fighters, attacked an enemy convoy off the coast of France this morning. One supply vessel was hit and left in flames. An enemy fighter plane was shot down. Two British bombers and one fighter are missing.

The Air Ministry added that British fighters effected several raids over northern France today without meeting with any opposition from enemy pursuit squadrons—Havas Telemondial.

Chungking Experiences Heaviest Day And Night Raids Since War Began

Chungking, Aug. 11.

In the most intensive bombing Chungking has yet witnessed, Japanese aircraft have practically continually raided the city for four days and nights in succession since Friday morning, apart from a brief respite on Saturday night.

It is estimated that so far the Japanese have employed 400 aircraft and dropped nearly 3,000 bombs over Chungking.

Beside today's raids against the capital in five attacks until 2 p.m. the Japanese also bombed Chengtu, Luchow and Yiping. It is learned that there was an air battle over Chengtu when Chinese fighters engaged nine raiders, but the results are not yet known here.

In four years of Japanese bombings of Chungking, the latest raids are undoubtedly the worst ordeal the populace has yet gone through as the continuous raids are giving them little time for sleep and meals.

Unless rain comes it is feared that the day and night bombing is likely to continue for another week until the moonlight period is over.—Reuter.

Action Over Honan

Japanese Army Air Base in Central China, Aug. 10.

Formations of Japanese Army aircraft this morning carried out successful raids over Santowping, 10 km. northwest of Ichang, in Honan Province, and Lotienki, 35 kh. northeast of Ichang. Army officials here disclosed.

It was understood that the Japanese planes rained tons of bombs on military objectives at both points inflicting severe damages. Meanwhile, another formation of Japanese Army air units this morning raided Tungchow, in Shensi Province, scoring direct hits on numerous military objectives located in the heart of the city.

Naval Planes Blast Chengtu

Formations of Japanese naval planes carried out a mass raid on Chengtu, capital of Szechuan, destroying military objectives in the city, the Japanese Central China Seas Fleet announced. All planes returned to their base safely, the announcement said.—Domei.

Munitions Factory Bombed

Japanese Naval Air Base in Indo-China, Aug. 10.

Formations of Japanese naval aircraft this afternoon raided and destroyed one of the Chungking's most important munitions factories located at a point 10 km. northwest of Kunming, the press section of the Japanese Fleet in south China waters announced.

It was understood that despite severe anti-aircraft firing, the Japanese planes bombed the munitions factory at will and returned to their base safely.—Domei.

Encircle Enemy Near Nanchang

Nanchang, Aug. 11.

Having successfully decoyed 6,000 Chungking troops to a marshy area on the shores of Lake Suntung, 35 km. northeast of Nanching, from Kiwan, vanguards of Japanese forces this morning were completing the encirclement of the enemy, having already captured Peilouchien, dispatches said.

The Chungking troops, belonging to the 16th and 19th Divisions, were dispatched from central Chekiang to aid the Chinese forces operating in Kiangsi Province.—Domei.

New Zealand Tank Crews May Train in U.S.

Wellington, Aug. 11.

The acting Prime Minister of New Zealand, Mr Walter Nash, announced today that the Government is considering sending New Zealanders to the United States for tank training.—Reuter.

High Tension in Vichy Before Cabinet Meet

London, Aug. 11.

GOVERNMENT discussions between Marshal Philippe Petain, Admiral Francois Darlan (Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister) General Maxime Weygand (Delegate-General in North Africa), General Charles Huntzinger (Minister of Defence) and M. Benoist-Mechin continued this morning, according to the official German news agency in a message from Vichy.

Authoritative circles state that the inner organization of France was in the foreground of the discussions, and that the result of the conversations may be known today or tomorrow.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that political tension in Vichy remains high. It is generally thought that today's meeting of the Cabinet will be forced to decide me way or the other on German "suggestions." Mr. E B. Wareing, writing in the same paper, declares that what is actually on the Cabinet's agenda is the demand for "facilities" at Dakar, Algiers, Casablanca and Bizerta.

Arguing that Bizerta, the naval base in Tunis, is the most likely point on which Vichy will yield because of more direct American interest in preservation of French sovereignty over Atlantic ports, Mr. Wareing asserts that from quarters close to President Roosevelt a hint has already been given that the United States might find it essential to prevent Germany from using Dakar.

"The Times" states: "There seem to be no limits to the prevarication and distortion of facts to which Vichy is willing to descend in pursuit of her policy of collaboration with Hitlerite Germany. A thick veil is being held over what is going on in French North and North West Africa, but Great Britain and the United States must be prepared at any time to find themselves confronted with German infiltration on the Syrian model, involving the use of Dakar and other bases against British and American shipping in the South Atlantic."

Exit from Syria

"The hasty exit of the German and Italian forces across the Syrian border was made the basis of disingenious protests by Vichy, who, calmly ignoring all that had gone before, argued that since the Germans and Italians had already gone there was no longer any reason for the British to do anything about it.

"The same disingenious attitude stamps their reply to the American demand for clarification of their attitude on defence of their empire.

"Mr. Sumner Welles, the United States Under-Secretary of State, expressed doubts of their determination to defend points of which possession or use by Axis Powers would threaten American interests, pointing out that not only has Vichy consented to Japanese seizure of bases in French Indo-China, but they offered no resistance when German and Italian forces used facilities in Syria to operate against the British.

Axis Encroachment

"Vichy, replying, said nothing of the complacency with which they tolerated Axis encroachment, but plumed themselves with the determination with which they resisted the British invasion.

"This they describe as aggression, glossing over Japanese action in Indo-China as in no way detracting from French rights.

"To people capable of arguing in this manner, words have ceased to have a meaning. Whether they are really deceiving themselves does not matter very greatly. What is important is that Great Britain and the United States should not allow themselves to be deceived or confused.

"Vichy is not France and does not represent the French Nation, but so long as it controls a great part of the French Empire and the French Fleet, we must be prepared for any betrayal."—Reuter.

Unofficial Meeting

Vichy, Aug. 11.

Despite official announcements that the Cabinet would not meet at least until today, members of the cabinet held an unofficial meeting at 5 p.m. yesterday after Marshal Philippe Petain's return from the races where he spent the afternoon with General Maxime Weygand.

It was not a full cabinet meeting, but most of the officials were at the Parc Hotel to continue negotiations, which began on Saturday with General Weygand.—United Press.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

Bomb Explodes in Front of Vichy Synagogue

Zurich, Aug. 11.

While Admiral Darlan, the Vichy Vice-Premier, continued his efforts on Sunday to persuade his colleagues to accept a policy of full surrender, a bomb exploded in front of the Vichy Synagogue, according to the Vichy correspondent of "La Suisse."

Official Vichy circles called the new outrage, which follows the assassination of Marx Dormoy, former Socialist leader "a provocative attempt."

While the French right wing adopts Balkan methods, Communism is reviving in France under the influence of Russian resistance with Anglo-American co-operation.

"Many Frenchmen," writes the "La Suisse" correspondent, "from the fact that Moscow has become an enemy of the Reich, are ready to forget what Bolshevism means."

Cardinal Baudillart, interviewed by the periodical "Toute La Vie," fully approves Germany's "crusade" against Russia.—Reuter.

Plan to Transport British Troops to Caucasus from Iran

Berne, Aug. 10.

Plans for the transportation of British troops through Iran to the Caucasus have already been drafted, the Stockholm correspondent of the "Basler Nazional Zeitung" reported to his newspaper by telephone today.

These plans provide in part for detachments of Hindu troops being sent from the Iranian port of Bandar Shapur, on the Gulf of Persia, to another Iranian port on the Caspian Sea. Part of the journey may be made by rail. From the Caspian Sea port it would be an easy matter for the troops to reach Baku.

In this way, the British forces now in Iraq and Syria could be sent to the Caucasus.

According to the Swedish paper "Social Demokraten," these troops are now ready to leave at any moment.—Havas Telemondial.

Mexico to Rebuild Isthmus Railway

Mexico City, Aug. 11.

The Mexican Government announced today as a precaution that "in the event of United States entry in the war" it has decided to rebuild the antiquated railway across the Tehuantepec Isthmus as a substitute Atlantic-Pacific trade artery for the Panama Canal.

The reconstruction of the 190 mile railway, it is estimated, will cost U.S.$2,400,000 and require four months.

The announcement said that the approval of President Manuel Avila Camacho already has been obtained and orders have been issued to start work on the project immediately.

The railway will link the ports of Salina Cruz on the Pacific and Puerto Mexico on the Gulf of Mexico. Ships will load and unload at these terminals for trans-shipment of cargo across the Isthmus.—Domei.

American Leaders Urge U.S. Action If Japan Invades Thailand

Washington, Aug. 11.

AMERICAN Congressional leaders and Far Eastern experts last night urged that the United States take action if Japan invades Thailand. These leaders demanded a firm United States stand in nation-wide radio broadcasts from Washington and Chicago.

Under the auspices of the University of Chicago, a round-table discussion was broadcast by Mr. Tyler Dennet, former adviser to the State Department, Dr. H. F. MacNair, Professor of Far Eastern History of the University of Chicago, Mr. Nathaniel Pfeffer, Professor of International Relations of Columbia University and former Shanghai newspaperman.

Their discussion revealed that there was growing concern regarding the latest Japanese developments in the south which were aimed at Thailand. These commentators unanimously agreed that Britain and the United States should attack Japan's flank if Japan invaded Thailand.

Mr. Paul McNutt, former United States High Commissioner to the Philippines, in discussing United States and Japanese relations by radio here, said that the Japanese must be made to understand that the "limit to their aggression, both in the north and south, now has been reached—further moves would be met by the united force of the British Netherlands and the United States."

Same As Dakar Seizure

The Federal Security Administrator added that the "Japanese seizure of Thailand would be regarded in the same light as the German seizure of Dakar—both integral parts of a grand encirclement of America—and that America will tolerate neither."

Mr. McNutt stressed that the door to American friendship for Japan still would be open "if she abandons aggression as a road to an empire. If not, our full might must be thrown behind China, the British, Russians and Netherlanders in the Far East...

"If the Philippines is taken or becomes flanked by unfriendly Powers we will have lost these [illegible] Axis Powers. At all costs, therefore, the Japanese must not become masters of the south Pacific and the Netherlands East Indies."

They urged that the United States should take immediate steps to compel Japan to recede from the south Pacific, adding that the only way to establish peace in the Far East was by war.

Congressmen Speak

United States policy was featured in another radio discussion at Washington by Mr. Paul McNutt, Federal Security Administrator, and Messrs. Hamilton Fish, Republican Representative of New York, Maury Maverick, of the Fight for Freedom Committee, and John Vorys, Republican Representative of Ohio.

They favoured a strong policy against Japan because America's vital physical and economic security was threatened by Japan's southward penetration.

Mr. Voys believed that Japan would take the Philippines if she could. "Japan's Government must be slapped down," he said.

He suggested that if President Roosevelt and his Cabinet members advise that the United States should "smack Japan now," he favoured an outright declaration of war against Japan. He added, however, that he believed that the United States was powerful enough to halt Japan without fighting.

Mr. Fish declared that he has no love for Japan because of the ruthless warfare waged by the Japanese against China. He added that Japan has few friends in the United States. He also accused the United States Government of following a "bewildered foreign policy of bluff and bluster."

Mr. Maverick urged the tightening of economic sanctions and more aid to China, emphasizing that China's resistance against Japan had given the United States an opportunity to rearm to resist aggression.—United Press.

U.S. Ready for Any Japanese Move, Says Her Envoy

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The United States appears to have mapped out a definite programme to counteract any possible steps Japan may take, and is consolidating public opinion in readiness for any eventuality, declared Mr. Kaname Wakasugi, Japanese Minister to Washington, in a Transpacific telephone interview quoted by the "Asahi Shimbun."

Mr. Wakasugi is temporarily stranded in the United States owing to lack of available transportation to Japan. He said he was planning to return to Japan in connection the United States attitude towards Thailand "which is extremely delicate."

Determination and Readiness

"Although the United States seems desirous of maintaining friendly relations," Mr. Wakasugi asserted, "Washington appears to be preparing to meet any serious aggravation of the existing situation with determination and readiness." He said, however, that he did not believe that the United States would of its own volition make a forward move. It was a great mistake to compare the America of today with that of last year owing to the to swift trend of international developments, he added.

Questioned regarding the American attitude towards the Far East, the Japanese Minister declared that Washington's suspicions were based on the assumption that Japan, assisted by Germany, was following the pattern of a Nazi move regarding the Far East and that these suspicions were at the same time stimulating the formulation of counter-measures. —Reuter.

"Solely on Japan"

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Mr. Kaname Wakasugi, adviser to Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, today warned that the "attitude the United States will take concerning Thailand is very delicate." He added that America's attitude would depend "solely on Japan."

Questioned by the "Nichi Nichi," regarding conditions in the United States, he reported that the country was "engrossed in national defence expansion."

He added that the "influence of anti-war advocates is not great now. The Government is prevailing in everything, and concluded, "All counter-measures against Japan already have been fixed. They will be enforced one by one in consideration with the steps Japan may make."—United Press.

Gayda Attacks U.S. Policy in Latin America

Rome, Aug. 11.

Sig. Virginio Gayda, writing in the "Voce d'Italia" yesterday, declared that the United States was planning aggression against South American countries. He charged the United States with attempting to force Latin-American nations into the European war after which the United States would assume financial control of those countries.

"The well-defined warlike action which the United States is carrying out in Latin-America has two evident goals," he wrote. "The first is to compromise these countries and then plunge them into the European conflict against the Axis and Japan. The second is that the United States then intends to take advantage of difficult times to get control of South American economy and politics.

"This same North American action is being carried out throughout the world, but it is at present most intense in South America which is a vast, rich territory with extremely promising possibilities. Furthermore, they are considered by Washington as nations incapable of adequate defence since they are divided in outlook and interests.

March Southward

"The United States' march southward has already started with propaganda agents, newspaper, radio and magazine campaigns. This is especially blatant in such magazines as the "Readers Digest" which is now published in a Spanish edition.

"This propaganda campaign is accompanied by direct economic and financial action. America started in the first half of 1940 to extend the South American nations great commercial credits for the purpose of eventually monopolizing foreign commerce of these nations. Thus the United States has taken advantage of the interruption of commercial traffic between Europe and South America to seal long-term contracts in the South American market which will be continued far after the present war is ended." Sig. Gayda concluded.—United Press.

Nazi Troops Being Transferred From France to Russia

London, Aug. 11.

Bordeaux is now entirely occupied by Italians, the last Germans having left for Russia, according to information from the French frontier.

Fully equipped Germans have also been leaving Paris, but apparently they are not enthusiastic about their next adventure. Recent developments in Indo-China and French Africa are being followed with intense interest in Paris and it appears that news from the British wireless and Free French sources has increased suspicion regarding news from other sources. One traveller says that Parisians are anxious that the Royal Air Force should drop pamphlets.—Reuter.

U.S.S.R. Production Increases

Moscow, Aug. 11.

The Soviet Information Bureau reported yesterday that labour productivity in factories and plants was growing at an unprecedented rate.

The Bureau claimed that the movement for fulfillment of a double daily quota of work had assumed a wide scope in the Stalin plant at Gorky. Entire departments of the plant have exceeded their daily quotas by more than 100 per cent., it was stated.

Hundreds of workers in a Urals heavy machine-building plant now turn out over two quotas for each shift while the Kirov plant at Leningrad has achieved "great success" in making important machine parts, the announcement added.—United Press.

Nazis Admit Soviet Raid on Berlin

Stockholm, Aug. 11.

Nazi officials now admit that the Red Air Force raided Berlin on Thursday after discounting the possibility for three days.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the "Tidningen," official quarters explain that the Russians arrived "unannounced" because listening apparatus were all directed towards detecting British bombers coming from the opposite direction.

The Berlin public is now assured that the apparatus will now also detect aircraft from the Baltic regions, whence it is supposed the Russians started. —Reuter.

*High Tension In Vichy

(Continued from page 1)

Feverish Activity in Vichy

London, Aug. 11.

Vichy is reported to be buzzing with excitement as Ministers meet and re-meet.

M. Georges Bonnet, former French Foreign Minister, is the latest high French personage to arrive in Vichy, according to the German Radio, the announcer of which adds that "M. Bonnet has always pressed Marshal Petain to collaborate with Germany."

A Vichy despatch quoted by the German Radio states that, according to rumours prevalent in Vichy, Admiral Darlan is to be made "Admiral of France" owing to his "Outstanding merits."

He is also to be raised to military rank, giving him greater authority in regard to military matters.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the Swedish newspaper "Demokratens," political circles in the German capital believe that the discussions at Vichy during the week-end concerned, besides political relations between France and the tripartite alliance, also a certain degree of military collaboration, including the defence of France's colonial possessions with German help.

Admiral Darlan is believed to be willing, but Marshal Petain is said to be hesitant. General Weygand is reported to be probably sharing Marshal Petain's views.

Admiral Darlan, it is stated, realizes that such an agreement means a rupture with the United States but is willing to take the consequences.

German Demands on Vichy

The "Daily Telegraph" reported yesterday that Nazi Germany had demanded that Vichy grant "facilities' at Bizerte, Dakar, Algiers and Casablanca as the price for Franco-German collaboration.

Bizerte is only 130 miles from Trpani, port and naval base in western Sicily, whereas the route now used to reinforce the Italo-German armies in Libya runs from Catania to Tripoli which is twice that distance. In addition to shortening the distance that must be travelled by Axis shipping to Africa, the occupation of Bizerte would give the Germans a base less accessible to British bombers than is Tripoli at present.

Occupation of Bizerte would open Tunis to the Axis powers, and would result in extension of the field of action for Germany's Africa Corps from Libya to French North Africa. The German Africa Corps was estimated to total 17 divisions.

It was believed that if Vichy yields Bizerte, this would most likely be "because of the more direct American interest in preservation of French sovereignty over the Atlantic ports, such as Dakar," the newspaper reported.

It was recalled that the United States has warned Vichy against cooperating with Germany beyond terms of the armistice, and this attitude was partially based on American fears of a German seizure of Dakar.—United Press.

New York, Aug. 11.

The meetings in Vichy of French leaders, who are believed to be discussing German demands tantamount to full use of strategic Atlantic bases on the French African coast, are being closely watched in Washington, according to reports received here.

In the event of Vichy agreeing to such German demands, it is reported, the United States is likely to break off diplomatic relations with Vichy at once.

The whole question of Western Hemisphere interest in French possessions is the subject of intensive study in the light of the latest developments in Vichy. President Roosevelt, it is understood, as well as officials in Washington, is giving the matter his close attention.

The problem is also believed to be under active discussion with the British authorities. The present German demands on Vichy are believed in Washington to be only part of a broad Nazi plan to gain new strategic bases for intensified air and submarine warfare against shipping in the Atlantic during the winter.—Reuter.

Britain, U.S. Said Drawing Thailand Into Orbit

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The "Yomiuri," popular metropolitan daily, this morning headlines its Hongkong correspondent's despatch alleging the growing intensity of Anglo-American efforts to draw Thailand into the anti-Japanese camp by promising Thailand military support, as well as by massing troops and bombers at Singapore and Burma and elsewhere facing the Thai border.

The correspondent cited reports that Gen. Pai Chung-hsi, Commander of the Chungking forces in South China, has deployed 300,000 troops in southern Yunnan in readiness to cross into Burma and join the Burmese in the event the Japanese forces should attack the Burma route.—Domei.

Too Many Germans In Iran According To Soviets

London, Aug. 11.

It is learnt here that the Soviet Government has been addressing representations to the Iranian Government about the presence in Iran of German nationals, and the potential dangers thereof.

The Soviet Union also called attention to the importance in Iran's own interests, of reducing the number of Germans there.

There is, however, no confirmation of reports that Stalin reminded the Shah of Iran of the Treaty of 1921 under which the Soviet Army is entitled to march across Iranian frontiers in certain circumstances.—Reuter.

*Queen's Message Of Thanks

(Continued from page 1)

"Here in Britain our women are working in factory and field and gathering harvest, for we must have food as well as munitions. Their courage is magnificent, their endurance amazing.

"I have seen them in many different activities. They are serving in their thousands with the navy, army and air force, driving heavy lorries, cooking, cyphering, typing, and everyone of them working cheerfully and bravely under all conditions. Many are on the land, our precious soil, driving the plough and making a grand job of it. Others are air-raid wardens or ambulance drivers . . . thousands of undaunted women who quietly and calmly face the terrors of night bombings, bringing strength and courage to the people they protect and help.

"I must give a special word to the nurses, those wonderful women whose devotion, whose heroism, will never be forgotten. In the black horror of bombed hospitals they never falter, and though often wounded think always of their patients and never of themselves.

Household Difficulties

"And I need not remind you, who set as much store by your home life as we do, how great are the difficulties which our housewives have to face nowadays and how gallantly they are tackling them.

"I could continue the list almost indefinitely, so manifold is the service which our women in Britain are giving. But I want to tell you that, whatever the nature of their daily or nightly tasks, they are cheered by the evidence of your thought for them.

"A Good Neighbour"

"We like to picture you knitting on your porches, serving in your committee rooms, and helping in a hundred ways to bring relief to our civilian garrison here.

"Though I speak for us all in Britain in thanking all of you in America, I feel I would like to send a special message of thanks to American women. It gives us strength to know that you have not been content to pass us by on the other side. To us, in the time of our tribulation, you have surely shown that compassion which has been for 2,000 years the mark of a good neighbour.

"Believe me, and I am speaking for the millions of us who know the bitter but also proud sorrow of war, we are grateful. We shall not forget your sacrifice.

"The sympathy which inspires it springs not only from our common speech and traditions which we share with you, but even more from our common ideals. To you, tyranny is as hateful as it is to us. To you, the things for which we will fight to the death are no less sacred; and—to my mind at any rate—your "generosity" born of your conviction that we fight to save a cause that is yours no less than ours; of your high resolve that, however great the cost and however long the struggle, justice and freedom, human dignity and kindness, shall not perish from the earth.

"I look to the day when we shall go forward hand in hand, to build a better, kinder and happier world for our children. May God bless you all."—Reuter.

Canadian Efforts Will Be Constant And Continuous

Ottawa, Aug. 11.

Air supremacy wherever the enemy may be encountered is an essential prelude to ultimate victory, and the Royal Canadian Air Force, through the Commonwealth plan, will be called on for an ever increasing proportion of the total Empire air strength, declared the Air Minister, Mr. L. C. Power, in a broadcast today.

Of air crew production Mr. Power said: "Our efforts will be intensified and the stream of air crews flowing to Britain and all sections of the far-flung Empire battle line will be steady, constant and continuous, limited only by the quantity of our intake".

It has been decided, he said, to man Canadian squadrons with Canadian ground crews as well as air crews. "All categories will therefore have an opportunity of proceeding overseas".

Before the end of the year, declared the Air Minister, trained men in the air overseas "will equal a division of infantry".—Reuter.

Berlin Believes New Phase in East To Be Decisive

Stockholm, Aug. 1.

According to "Dagbladet's" Berlin correspondent, well-informed Berlin circles declare that the new phase which is now opening on the Eastern Front will be decisive, for while the pressure on Ukraine is being constantly increased, there is no relaxation in the central and Leningrad sectors. Moscow and Leningrad are now seriously threatened, it is believed.

Berlin thinks that the Russians have abandoned the idea of defending points between the Dniester and Dnieper Rivers and are now seeing to concentrate troops on a defence line on the east band of the Dnieper.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Demokraten" says that a war correspondent with the Panzer divisions at Smolensk gave a vivid account of Russian heroism and disregard for death—especially the Siberians.

The "Demokraten" correspondent adds that apparently the Russians still have a considerable Air Force despite the losses which the German claim they have inflicted.—Reuter.

British Survivors Picked Up by Spanish Vessel

Rosario, Argentina, Aug. 11.

Sixteen survivors of the British freighter St. Anselm, which was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine off the African coast, 500 miles south of the Canaries, have arrived here aboard the Spanish steamer Tom.

They were picked up in a state of complete exhaustion on July 17, after 18 days in an open boat.—Reuter.

German Plane Lands Near Alexandria

Cairo, Aug. 11.

It is now revealed that a German plane made a forced landing on Lake Borollos, about 50 miles east of Alexandria, during an attempted raid on the Nile delta last week. The four occupants were taken prisoner. Two were wounded. —Reuter.

*Germans Making Progress

(Continued from page 1)

attempted encirclement of Kiev. Fighting continued to rage around Belaya Tserkov, 45 miles southwest of Kiev, but for the first time in many days there was no mention of fighting around Korosten. (The Germans have claimed to capture of Kohosten.)

It appeared that the Germans had been halted, at least temporarily, in the other battles being waged around Kholm, northwest of Smolensk, and around Smolensk itself, guarding the gateway to Moscow.

Earlier, the Red Army was reported to have halted the latest German offensive and to have launched a series of counter-blows while strengthening defences of the vital Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev sectors. The last High Command communique, however, nullified these reports.

Nazis Gaining in Ukraine

Berlin, Aug. 11.

Making none of the grandoise claims of the past few days, the High Command today tersely announced that German troops were rapidly pursuing retreating Russian forces in southern Ukraine.

Operations in all other sectors of the eastern front were progressing according to plan, the High Command added.

Northwestern and eastern Moscow was especially heavily bombed last night by German bombers which dropped tons of bombs on armament plants, the communique claimed.—United Press.

Nazis Suffer Severe Set-backs

Washington, Aug. 11.

Military and diplomatic observers here, watching the Russo-German conflict entering its eighth week, yesterday asserted that regardless of the outcome of the hostilities the Nazis have suffered serious material and psychological set-backs which are almost certain to have a profound influence on Chancellor Adolf Hitler's future course.

These experts said that there appeared to be no doubt now that the German calculations have been drastically upset by Russia's strong resistance to the mighty Nazi war machine. Although the German drive apparently has gained some momentum during the last few days, Herr Hitler still has yet to achieve a single major objective in the Soviet Union.

Even if the Russian resistance does break within the next few weeks and the Germans overrun most of European Russia, the Germans will still have fallen short of one of their presumed main objectives—to secure the vast Ukrainian grain supplies to feed Germany and the conquered territories this winter.

According to reports here, Russian resistance has enabled collective farmers to harvest a large part of the crop and much that was not reaped was destroyed.

Heavy German Casualties

In addition, the stand of the Red Army admittedly has cost Germany heavily in casualties and war materials.

All of these factors have combined greatly to lessen the threat of an attempted German invasion of Britain.

At the same time, Britain has been able to conduct unrelenting air attacks against German industrial and military targets which doubtly, at least in small measure, have injured them. Even the Red Air Force in recent days managed to pierce Air Marshal Hermann Wilhelm Goering's so-called impenetrable air defences.

In the Atlantic, Britain's position was shown unquestioned improvement and new figures on shipping losses to be released by the admiralty soon, according to reports, will show that Britain is continuing to gain in the critical Battle of the Atlantic.—United Press.

Japanese Malayan Exodus Begins

Singapore, Aug. 11.

An exodus of Japanese from Malaya began yesterday when fifteen Japanese businessmen departed for Bangkok by train and coastal steamer. Japanese quarters said that at present there were 300 Japanese nationals in Malaya who desired to evacuate because of the conditions resulting from the freezing orders.

They have sent a petition to the Japanese Consulate requesting transportation to Japan.

Many Japanese businessmen from Malaya were planning to leave for Bangkok and Saigon and establish offices there because they were unable to carry on their business here since the freezing regulations became effective, it was understood.

Reliable Japanese sources said that the O.S.K. had not yet instructed its Singapore office to close, but such an order was expected momentarily.

The Hakone Maru was expected to arrive here from Bombay en route to Japan early in September, after which there would be no further Japanese ships touching Singapore and therefore it was expected that the Japanese evacuees would have to leave for Bangkok by train and coastal steamers.—United Press.

Evacuees' Allegations

Bangkok, Aug. 11.

Japanese evacuees from British Malaya and Singapore, who arrived here on August 9, described the attitude in those places as "sharply antagonistic" toward Japanese, specially since the entry of Japanese forces into southern French Indo-China.

The evacuees declared that the people in Malaya and Singapore were growing increasingly uneasy despite British assertions of military preparedness, with Australian, Indian and Malayan troops seen in growing numbers and squadrons of fighting planes demonstrating daily.

They said that business by Japanese residents was pratically at a standstill as a result of the freezing order, and described the tense atmosphere in Malaya border towns where Japanese were closely examined "even to their shoes." Japanese were not allowed to stay more than 24 hours in any one place when traveling and were always trailed by detectives, the evacuees added.—Domei.

Viceroy to Inspect Bombay's A.R.P.

Bombay, Aug. 11.

The Viceroy is to inspect Bombay's A.R.P. personnel and Civic Guards during a visit to Bombay next week.

Over 3,000 A.R.P. personnel including doctors, nurses, and others belonging to various units of the A.R.P. organization have held a rehearsal and parade in preparation for the forthcoming inspection.—Reuter.

Thai Threatens to Use Poison Gas Against Invader

Bangkok, Aug. 11.

A threat to use gas warfare against an invader was made by the Thai radio last night. It was stated that Thai forces will not yield territory and they will use every possible means of annihilating the enemy, adopting all tactics, including the severest form of scorched earth, and if need be, gas.

The extremely vehement tone of this startling and severe warning to any power entertaining aggressive designs on Thailand took listeners by surprise, and opened the floodgates of speculation in connection with the immediate cause of the broadcast and latest turn of the situation.

The speaker uttering the warning declared that Thai would die to the last man rather than surrender her freedom. Any invader who succeeded in over-running Thailand would only find Thai territory a vast cemetery of the Thai nation.

The broadcast reminded the would-be aggressor that only a small proportion of Thai armed forces were used in the recent Indo-China border conflict.

Thai Knows Her Friends

After an extremely critical fortnight, members of the Cabinet and diplomats are for the first time sitting back collecting their thoughts and sorting them out.

A typically shrewd Thai comment is: "It is true we have been through a hell of a bad time, but it has served to show who our friends are. Of course we know that we are not yet out of the wood"—Reuter.

Thailand Will Fight

Singapore, Aug. 11.

"Thailand is not only very seriously preparing against aggression, but I am convinced that they are going to fight," said Mr. Frank Gervasi, Associated Editor of the American magazine "Colliers Weekly," on arrival in Singapore after a short stay in Bangkok.

He added that Thailand is predominantly pro-British. They believe that if they fight they will be saving their honour and dignity, as men who are confident that the Axis is going to lose and that they will get a decent break after the war.—Reuter.

Bangkok Feels Tenseness

Bangkok, Aug. 11.

The tense Far East situation arising from Anglo-American and Japanese pressure, plus charges and counter-charges that Thailand has been asked to cede bases to both groups, was felt here yesterday judged from the popular radio programme, Naimun Naikong, which occasionally reflects the Palace's viewpoint.

The programme instructed people to stand up against possible invaders. It said that though independence might be lost, honour would remain "like that of the Carthaginians."

The programme suggested that Thai people should fight and kill the enemy within and without, adding that every means, even gas, would be justified in resisting aggression. The people were instructed to burn their towns, crops, forests and railways and destroy highways and bridges during the inevitable retreat in event of an invasion.—United Press.

Five Nazi Leaders Arrested in Chile

Puerto Monte, Chile, Aug. 11.

Five leaders of the German sports association known as Landsgruppe were in jail today, held on complaints that they had indulged in Nazi activities.

Their headquarters was raided and they were arrested yesterday upon orders by Judge Raul Valde Benito, to whom numerous residents of the nearby lake resort of Puerto Varvas complained that the five Germans were participating in Nazi activities.

The German Vice-Consul here sought their release, but the judge refused to free them. He cross-examined them yesterday and examined seized documents.—United Press.

Thailand Takes Precautions

Bangkok, Aug. 11.

The Government today was believed to be taking special precautions as a result of Saturday's emergency Cabinet meeting.

The Government, it was learned, has decided to take active steps to maintain its neutrality, control frontier traffic and despatch armed forces to strategic points along all border areas.—United Press.

American Evacuees Arrive in Manila

Manila, Aug. 11.

Fifty-five American evacuees from Saigon arrived here today aboard the French liner, Marshal Joffre.

They expect to remain in Manila until transportation will be found for them to the United States.

The Japanese liner, Yawata Maru, which was to arrive here on August 22 has cancelled its trip to Manila, it was learned. —United Press.

Hitler Unites All Slavs—Against Himself

Moscow, Aug. 11.

Representatives of all Slav nations —Poles, Czechs, Serbs, Croats, Slovenes, Macedonians, and Montenegrins —spoke at a meeting held in Moscow on Sunday afternoon.

The meeting was opened by the well-known Soviet writer, Alexei Tolstoy, who declared that Slavs in the world must unite for a speedy and final destruction of German Fascists. They were united as different groups but as equals. The Slav peoples must hamper, spoil, destroy and annihilate the Fascist war machine everywhere.

A Polish general, speaking in Polish, declared that Poland's resistance and sacrifice had thwarted the plans of the enemy. The Nazi attack on the Soviets marked the beginning of the ruin of German Fascists. This struggle for the Slavs was one of life or death.

Political Wisdom

The speaker declared that the Sikorski Government had shown a great measure of political wisdom by entering the Russo-Polish agreement. The Polish people would support General Sikorski's work. Their duty was to put the agreement into operation immediately. This was no time for doubts. Now they must defeat Hitler.

He said Poland was now forming an army by the side of the Red army. Its cadres should soon be filled, but all must fight, even those in the rear, but they must use wisdom for the enemy was cunning and cruel.

"The time of vengeance for a thousand years of murder of Slavs is at hand," the speaker added. "Let us fight for a better world. German Fascism it not only an enemy of the Slavs; the French and English, but it also personifies a mean world of violence and slavery."—Reuter.

Australian Cabinet Continues Tomorrow

Melbourne, Aug. 11.

The Emergency Cabinet meeting will be continued tomorrow. An early conference with the Labour Leader, Mr. John Curtin, is indicated.—Reuter.

Drowning Woman Saved By Three Japanese

Three members of the Japanese Naval Landing Party, at 1.30 a.m. yesterday, saved a Chinese woman from drowning in Soochow Creek. It was revealed by the Japanese naval authorities here. The woman, who was pulled out of the creek by the bluejackets, was taken to the Shanghai Hospital after first aid had been administered by a foreign doctor who happened to be passing at the time.

Seaman Hidekihi Oikawa, First Class, Seaman Reinosuke Izumi, First Class, and Fireman Isao Aaguchi, First Class, it was revealed, were patrolling along North Honan Road when they saw 20 or 30 Chinese gathered on the bank of the creek apparently watching something in the stream.

Upon investigating, the bluejackets discovered a body in the creek and immediately pulled the woman out of the water. A foreign doctor, who happened to be passing the scene at the time, administered first aid.

Planes Practice Bombing Over Saigon

Saigon, Aug. 11.

Japanese bombers yesterday and today carried out bombing exercises over the Saigon airfield.

The number of Japanese transports reaching here was declining, and it was believed that the bulk of the Japanese forces had already been landed.—United Press.

Mr. Duff Cooper In New York

New York, Aug. 11.

Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper, former Minister of Information, arrived at LaGuardia Airport yesterday on his way to Singapore to survey British coordination in the Far East for the War Cabinet. He arrived aboard a trans-Atlantic clipper from Lisbon.

"The British Government felt there might be great developments in the Far East in the near future, and as a result believed it should be possible to construct in some form a more centralized system of political control than at present exists," he stated in commenting on his mission.

"It may be desirable to work out a scheme whereby political activities in those regions, which at present are being conducted to a large extent from Whitehall, be decentralized the same as in the Near East."

Singapore Headquarters

He said that such activities probably would be coordinated from Singapore.

Mr. Duff Cooper said that the Japanese Government's reaction to the strong measures taken by the United States and Great Britain as a result of the Japanese invasion of French Indo-China had had a distinctly steadying effect on conditions in Asia.—United Press.

Scorched Earth Policy A Success German War Films Reveal

Zurich, Aug. 11.

The thoroughness of Russia's "scorched earth" policy is amply demonstrated by German war films and propaganda company reports, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Swiss paper, "National Zeitung."

"No town, no village, no settlement remains spared. Hundreds of thousands of dwellings have been razed to the ground," writes the correspondent, who adds that a German war correspondent who toured the whole front concluded his report by saying: "The end of the fighting cannot yet be foreseen."—Reuter.

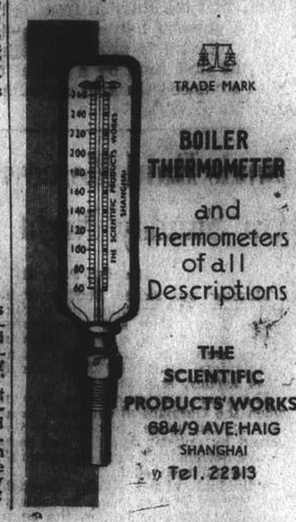
Italians Attack Tobruk Defences

Cairo, Aug. 11.

Slight patrol activity and an unsuccessful Italian attack are mentioned in the latest Middle East communique issued here today.

The communique states: "During Saturday night Italian troops delivered an attack against one of our posts on the perimeter of the defences of Tobruk. The attackers were allowed to approach to within 300 yards, when they were killed almost to a man by heavy defensive fire from our artillery and machine guns.

"In the frontier area yesterday our patrols successfully engaged patrols of hostile armoured fighting vehicles, which were subsequently forced to withdraw by the accuracy of our artillery fire".—Reuter.



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Statement Is Issued by D. A. In Titlebaum Case

CONTRARY to expectations Sam Titlebaum, chief deputy marshal of the U.S. Court for China whose arrest and detention on Saturday following his arraignment on two counts of embezzling property of the U.S. Government, was not brought up before the court yesterday. In a statement which he issued to the press, the U.S. District Attorney, Mr. Leighton Shields, disclosed that Titlebaum has been acting as executive officer of the court since the departure of the Marshal, Mr. Chas. Richardson, Jnr.

Titlebaum is being held in the Ward Road Gaol being unable to furnish the U.S.$5.000 bail set for his release. No intimation was forthcoming regarding the possible date of his trial which it was learned, will not be held until the return to Shanghai of Judge Milton J. Helmick, or the appointment of another judge to try the case.

Reluctant to Give Information

In his statement which was addressed to members of the Fourth Estate here the D.A. stated that although he was reluctant to give the public any information regarding Titlebaum's arrest he would break his silence since the members of the press had sought to verify through some official affirmation from him, details connected with the arrest and to corroborate what appeared to have been general news published in the newspapers.

The statement went on that he would not continue to disappoint the press by withholding news of his action last Saturday and pointed out that the release would be all for the present as he had not the time to grant personal interviews.

Executive Officer of Court

Since the departure of Mr. Chas. Richardson, Jnr. the U.S. Marshal, on his summer vacation the statement then continued, Sam Titlebaum has been acting as the executive officer of the court having charge of its funds, the pay roll of all officers and employees of the court as its disbursing officer and also has been the custodian of the court's property including its armoury. He was designated in this capacity, the statement added, by Mr. Richardson after Judge Helmick left on July 12, on his statutory home leave.

Evidence collected by the Shanghai Municipal Police and submitted to him, the D.A. continued was studied by him for a week before he issued the information charging Sam Titlebaum under two counts of embezzling property of the United States of which he was custodian.

Woman Deputy Carries On

The absence from Shanghai of the Marshal, the statement pointed out, apart from Titlebaum, only a woman deputy marshal to carry on the functions of the Marshal's office namely, Mrs. Ella Jenkins, which the D.A. stressed left him with the difficulty of having the process served. Compelled to take immediate action he said, he had to request the deputy marshal, Mrs. Jenkins, to perform the unladylike duty of taking Titlebaum into custody. This she did in a right manly way, with Detective Inspector J. C. Crighton of the Crime Branch of the S.M.P. standing by, the statement disclosed.

The statement concluded with the D.A. stressing that he was too busy following the case to discuss the matter further and intimated that he would at no time discuss the evidence or his plans for handling the matter for fear that he may "flush the geese" who apparently also were concerned in the matter.

The statement was signed by Mr. Leighton Shields, U.S. District Attorney.

Drop in Dollar Said Temporary

During the past few days considerable anxiety has been expressed in Chinese circles over the unexpected drop in the value of Chinese currency and the increase of value of foreign currencies in the Shanghai market. Soon after the announcement of Washington's freezing order, the consensus of opinions among the Chinese was that the value of the Chinese dollar would be increased and that the value of the foreign currencies, especially American money, would drop in view of their limited usage.

Reports appearing in the leading Chinese dailies now admit that the freezing order has not produced its desired effects as far as Shanghai is concerned terming it as an abnormal condition and asserting that speculation has since been going on all the same in the black or unofficial foreign exchange market here, with speculators buying and selling foreign currencies by posing as representatives of import firms. As a result, stringency instead of the expected looseness reigned in the foreign exchange market. A few days ago, the Chinese press reported that the stringency created a record, meaning that foreign currency purchasing activities had increased.

Situation Not Understood

The press took it easy yesterday asserting that this is only a temporary phenomenon and that the abnormal condition still existing in the black foreign exchange market is the result of lack of understanding of the situation. The situation will not last long, says the editorial of the "National Herald," and it will not affect the position of the Chinese dollar. The foreign exchange market will be stabilized following the announcement of detailed foreign exchange control regulations by the Government.

Quoting an expert on the subject, the "Sin Wan Pao" also reported that the unfavourable situation would not last long. The report asserted that it did not pay at all to buy American paper money now. The paper money was said to have been meant for circulation within the United States and if that country should ban the importation of that paper money, it would become useless like a certain kind of British paper money, the importation of which has been banned by London, it was said.

Change Expected Soon

The expert said that the present abnormal foreign exchange situation might be attributable to incomplete arrangements but that this would not last long. At present, he said, those Chinese who have deposited American currency with their banks can still convert it into Chinese currency and withdraw it. Only nominally they are depositors of American currency. But they continue buying American currency, while bent on making a profit, banks have been only too glad to give away the foreign money the use of which has been limited in exchange for Chinese dollars. This is due to a misunderstanding of the situation, he said, and the China Stabilization Committee must have some rehabilitation measures.

Since the hostilities, there has been a bight of the Chinese capital mostly to the United States. Washington's order freezing Chinese assets has enabled China to "catch up with the fleeing capital," he said, indicating the futility of depositing money in foreign countries.

Assault Case in H.M. Court Adjourned

The cross-summons case, brought to H.M. Police Court by Miss Mercia Mary Scharnhorst and Mrs. Elsie Cruz, was resumed before the Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, yesterday morning, but was again adjourned when Mr. K. E. Newman, representing Mrs. Cruz, was suddenly taken ill during the hearing. The case was adjourned until 10 a.m. on Friday. Miss Scharnhorst, who was unrepresented in the first hearing, was represented by Mr. E. L. Hartopp.

Miss Scharnhorst, it may be recalled, charged Mrs. Cruz with assault contrary to common law. This assault took place on July 25 at 364-A Rue Bourgeat.

The hearing yesterday was begun with the testimony of Ying Sih-nan, an amah employed in the house, who told the court that on the specified date she was sweeping the bathroom floor when she heard a noise. Turning around she saw Miss Scharnhorst and Mrs. Cruz struggling. She then threw down the broom and made an attempt to separate the two.

Miss Scharnhorst then shouted "Mummy, mummy," she added, continuing that Mrs. Cruz caught Mrs. Scharnhorst's hair the minute she appeared. Miss Amelia Mary Scharnhorst also made her appearance and she, too, tried to pull the women apart.

Witness went on to say that Mrs. Scharnhorst appeared to be falling as she saw Mrs. Cruz kick her. Miss Amelia Scharnhorst, failing to separate the women, was also dragged into the fight.

The fight was stopped by a brother of Miss Scharnhorst when he came and pulled Mrs. Cruz away by her shoulders.

Hearing was disrupted at this moment as Mr. Newman was unable to continue.

Robber of Cathedral Jailed for Two Years

S. Ktoroff was sentenced to two years' imprisonment yesterday in the First Special District Court for having robbed the Holy Trinity Cathedral of a cross, some fans and clothing on July 25. Two other foreigners, a Czechoslovakian and a German-Jewish refugee, were acquitted by the judge since no evidence could be found against them. One of the acquitted men is a second hand goods dealer who said in court that as a second hand goods dealer he had to accept old articles from sellers who are supposed to be bona fide owners.

Accused was caught while leaving the Holy Trinity Cathedral. A police constable saw him and took him to the Central Police Station where stolen articles were found in his possession. He also confessed to having robbed the Cathedral on a previous occasion. He confessed to having broken into Shanghai Municipal Council's offices where he stole many fans. He confessed at the Police Station that he had sold the stolen articles to one of the other men, who is the acquitted second goods dealer in whose possession most of the stolen articles have been found.

Eleven Chinese Charged With Murder

Charged with the murder of Sundar Singh, an Indian watchman in the employ of a Japanese coal godown in Jukong Road, eleven male Chinese faced the First Special District Court yesterday and were remanded in custody after a short hearing pending further investigations. Some of them were alleged to have confessed to the crime soon after their arrest. The Indian's body was dug out from Paoshan Road following their confession, it was alleged.

The wife of the deceased appeared in court to testify against the accused. She said that about midnight on the night of the murder, several men tied up her hands, eyes and mouth and that her husband met with the same fate. She heard her husband shouting for help but did not know what had happened to him later since she had been bound. It was revealed during the hearing that accused were alleged to have murdered the Indian following an attempt to rob the godown.

Mr. Masaki Obara, who has been appointed Japanese resident Financial Commissioner of the Finance Ministry in succession to Mr. Shiro Kiuchi, arrived here on Sunday in the ss. Nagasaki Maru, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

Rice Merchant Kidnapped In Western District

Mr. Chen Ling-yung, proprietor of Ling Tai rice shop in Brenan Road, yesterday was kidnapped from the shop premises by six armed men. The crime occurred at 12.45 p.m. when the gangsters arrived at the shop in a taxi bearing licence 18074 and entered the shop.

Once inside, the kidnappers held up the assistants and dragged their victim out, forcing him to enter the taxi. The vehicle was then driven toward Jessfield Park. No political significance is attached to the kidnapping.

British Refused Money In Nanking

It was reported by the "China Evening News" last night that the Nanking branch of the Yokohama Specie Bank had refused to allow the British and Americans living in Nanking to withdraw their deposits in Chinese currency. A certain British merchant had $500,000 deposited with the bank but he was not allowed to take the money out, it was said. Fears were said to have been entertained by British and American business men that the new regime might adopt the same policy as the Japanese in retaliation against the British and American freezing orders.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Mr. A. H. Samson Leaves S.M.P.

Another British member of the Shanghai Municipal Police has resigned to join His Majesty's fighting forces. Mr. A. H. Samson, Assistant Commissioner of Arms Training Reserve and Controlling Officer of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, is expected to leave Shanghai tomorrow. The departing officer was yesterday entertained by senior officers of the force at the Police Club and was presented with a silver cigarette box, suitably engraved and bearing the signatures of all the officers. The photo shows Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of Police, and Mr. Samson.

The Evacuation of Greece; a Shanghai Woman's Experiences

STORIES of the heroism that was displayed by Britons and their allies—soldiers and civilians, men and women—during those terrible days when Greece was evacuated in the face of ceaseless attacks by Hitler's Nazi legions, still are told. There were nightmare days and nights and countless instances of glorious bravery some, of which are described in the following letter from a former Shanghai lady, Mrs. Close, who with her husband, was formerly a teacher in the Municipal School here.

The daughter of Mrs. J. M. Darroch of Shanghai, Mrs. Close was secretary to Col. Blunt, British Military Attache in Athens, who escaped, almost miraculously, from Crete with the King of Greece, and she was one of the thousands of Britons, who left Greece as the German hordes pressed onward, almost at their heels. The letter follows:

Funny Little World

"I find it so difficult these days to settle down and write letters. We still have to pinch ourselves to know whether we are alive or not. We really live in a funny little world of our own. We feel at the moment we are in the land of the lotus eaters. We see shops full of food. Meat, coffee, tea sugar—all as much as one wants. At the same time we know at the back of our minds the Germans are round Tobruk—not so far off when all is said and done. Now, however, we are mere civilians. We don't have to worry about the details and what is more there is the whole of Africa to trek into if necessary—in Greece one knew one would make for the most southern point of the Pelopponese—then what? Wave a white handkerchief for a boat to pick one up before the Germans came and captured you? Lord what a year.

Worst Fears Realised

"Our worst fears were realized by many of our friends. We thank God we are safe. A young soldier told me yesterday—he was on the beaches south of Nauplia after the Germans got into Athens—ships came in to take off 2000—there were 3000 of our men there. Who were to be the 1000 left? The ships promised to send help next day—more ships came next day, the Germans were in occupation—no sign of the 1000 men. The Hellas lieing along side at the Piraeus full of people we knew.

"The Germans dropped a stick of bombs on her crowded decks, anything between 200 to 400 were killed. Who was amongst them, none of us know. At the same time numbers of my friends have had no news of their husbands yet, they turn over in their minds were they on the beach at Nauplia or perhaps on the Hellas—nobody knows and what hope is there of news. Doreen Blunt is next door—she has two dresses. They left in a yacht, travelling by night and going on shore in the day. Germans came over one evening while they were hiding on an island, dropped a bomb right in the middle of their yacht and machine gunned the party who were on the beach waiting to go aboard at sunset. Eight men on board were blown to kingdom come several had a miraculous escape including the author I mentioned before Apart from losing all their possessions aboard Doreen and a number of my friends were marooned on the islands—the Germans in occupation of one nearby. Fortunately the ships motor boat was ashore, that went to an island and wired, help came in 26 hours in the form of a doctor and a nurse but no transport. Anyhow as people like Doreen had had to deal with men terrifically wounded—arms off and that kind of thing, it was wonderful. Three days after the loss of the yacht they were picked up and, under awful conditions, taken to a place of safety.

Half Cannot Be Told

"Those are only jottings of our story. The half cannot yet be told. The evacuation was glorious as ever. One story after another of astounding courage but—. We were at a thanksgiving service at the Cathdral on Sunday for our safe delivery. The Bishop of Gibraltar, who was at Athens and Padre Raymer, Athens padre, aged 72 who was responsible for the safe evacuation of I don't know how many hundreds, presiding. The Cathedral was packed and tears were pouring down the cheeks of some. One man near me lost three sons in the Greek campaign. They all went to fight and no more has been heard of them. Mrs. Higgs, the lady with whom I travelled was behind me. No news has come yet of her husband. He is in the navy and was a sea transport officer. He forced her to leave with me, saying "I must be one of the last to leave. How do you think I'll be able to worry about anyone else if I have a wife and child about?" Yes, people saw him in Athens till the end. Yes he was seen on the Piraeus attending to cayiks for the soldiers but that is all. He is'nt here—where is he. Oh there is one after another like that. Do you wonder we pinch ourselves to know we are alive or not.

In Second-rate Hotel

"After about 3 weeks in a very second rate hotel we have at last found ourselves a little flat on the top floor of an apartment building on the main street of Gezirah. Do you remember crossing the bridge over the Nile into Gezirah? We're about one hundred yards down after crossing on the right. We're on the 7th floor. The flat is tiny but very nicely furnished with a terrace with a view over the Nile. I lie in my bed looking at feluccas tacking this way and that across the Nile. We only have two rooms and a little closet in which A. sleeps when we have guests. Our bedroom is furnished with a day bed and is a nice sitting room in the day. It was all newly painted and the view, and the fact that it is a penthouse attracted me. We have a month to month lease—£9 a month. The club is about 200 yards away and we have a monthly membership of that.

Merchant Marine Given Sum by Central War Fund

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Central British War Fund held on last Friday the Hon. Treasurer's statement showed that contributions to date totalled $2,631,877.35 and £26,250. 8. 2. After allowing for disbursements, expenses and transfers from the dollar to the sterling account the balance in hand amounted to £2,600, approximately, of which £200 had at previous meetings been allocated to reserve. After adding another £100 to reserve, the remaining £2,300 were disbursed as follows:—

King George's Fund for sailors (a/c Merchant Marine)	£1,200
Lord Mayor's Air Raid Distress Fund	500
British Red Cross	500
Salvation Army	100
	£2,300

Merchant Marine's Claim

The limited accounts to reach Shanghai of the courageous part being played by the Merchant Marine and the hardships, losses and casualties sustained by its personnel are enough to convince all that they have a very great claim on those who are in a position to help them. The Committee decided therefore to give the Merchant Marine prior consideration in the allocation of this month's available Funds. The allocation of £100 to the Salvation Army represents an increase of the Fund's February donation of £250 to £350 to meet the advanced cost of a mobile canteen which the Salvation Army is naming "Shanghai Mobile Canteen."

In this last month's subscriptions received by the Central War Fund are the following calling for special mention. "XCDN Calling 2nd Edition" paid in $7,307.98 thus bringing their total contributions to $58,307.98.

Stock Exchange Sweep

As a result of a sweepstake organized by members of the Shanghai Stock Exchange the handsome sum of $57,802.50 was received.

The N.O.B.S. (Noble Order of British Spitfires) recently allocated $10,000 as a contribution to Air Raid Relief.

Very welcome and generous donations come in from up-country and this month a very greatly appreciated sum of £10 was received from anonymous donors in Kuling.

Ten months of the Central British War Fund's second year of operation have passed and £24,000 have been disbursed. It may appear a task of very great difficulty to achieve the first year's total of £43,094 but the Fund relies on Shanghai to support it to the utmost of its ability.

Mr. A. H. Samson Joins British Forces; Is Feted By S.M.P. Officers

Senior officers of the Shanghai Municipal Police gathered at the Police Club yesterday afternoon to honour Mr. A. H. Samson, Assistant Commissioner of Arms Training Reserve and Controlling Officer of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, on his resignation from the police in order to join His Majesty's fighting forces. Mr. Samson, formerly a Lieutenant with the Welch Regiment, has been recalled to active duty and will leave Shanghai tomorrow.

Among those present were Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of Police, who made the presentation, Captain H. M. Smyth, Deputy Commissioners T. Robertson, E. C. Baker, I. Kakegawa, Mr. W. C. Grant, Governor of the Gaol, Assistant Commissioners P. C. Liang, W. J. MacDermott, V. Sharman, H. R. Grubb, H. Huruya, Mr. H. E. Aiers, M. J. B. Clissold, Deputy Commissioner of the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force, and Major S. D. Ivanoff, Officer Commanding the Russian Auxiliary Detachment.

The departing officer was the recipient of a beautiful silver cigarette box, suitably inscribed and bearing the signatures of all the officers of the S.M.P.

Mr. Samson joined the Shanghai Municipal Council on May 1, 1937, as Deputy Governor of the Gaol and occupied that post until June 10, 1938, when he was transferred as an Assistant Commissioner to the Shanghai Municipal Police. In addition to his police duties, Mr. Samson has also been closely connected with the Police Recreation Club, being its Vice-President.

Before leaving the city, Mr. Samson will be entertained by members of the force on two other occasions. The first will take place at the Police Club at 5 p.m. today when he will be the guest of the Police Recreation Club, while an hour later there will be a presentation at the Russian Auxiliary Detachment.

French Club Strike Situation Unchanged

With the addition of the employees of the French Club to the ranks of the strikers, the number of the latter has increased to 1,400 in the past two days. Another small dispute, which broke out a few days ago, was reported yesterday. In this case, the strike involves the Soo Zung Tuh Medicine Shop at 506 Honan Road and has been declared by seven employees as a protest against employment of new coolies. The strike has been going on since August 8.

The French Club dispute involves about 220 men, who struck on Sunday evening after the management had failed to give a satisfactory reply to their demands of July 24. No change was reported in the strike yesterday.

Workers of Cathay Metal Pressworks resumed work yesterday morning, it was learned. The terms of the agreement between the management and the workers are reported to include a hundred per cent. increase in high cost of living allowance and a further increase in rice allowance.

The situation at Mayar No. 9 Silk Weaving Mill, Shriro Bros., Sung Dah Envelop Co., New Textile Co., and Sun Company Tea Room remained without change yesterday.

Polish Refugees to Leave Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Reliable quarters claimed today that approximately 1,000 Polish refugees who have been permitted to remain in Japan for many months despite the fact they possessed only temporary visas must leave before September 15. New residence permits will be refused, it was understood.—United Press.

Thai Lieutenants to Visit Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The Japanese press reported today that four young lieutenants of Thailand's Air Force will arrive in Tokyo by air on August 18 in order to study Japanese flying technique.—United Press.

Mild Earthquake Shock Recorded in U.S.A.

New York, Aug. 11.

Fordham University yesterday reported that a mild earthquake had been recorded on the seismograph at 1.22 a.m. The disturbance was approximately 1,500 miles from New York, but the University was not able to specify its direction.—United Press.

British Night at "XCDN Follies" Again Postponed

Owing to the curfew which extends until Thursday, August 14, and also to give more time to repair damage caused by the typhoon, the Committee of "XCDN Moonlight Follies" has come to the conclusion that it will be advisable to defer the performances of British Night and Russian Night, scheduled for Wednesday and Thursday next, until Wednesday, August 20, when British Night will be held and Thursday, August 21, when Russian Night will be held.

The next performance of "XCDN Moonlight Follies" will, therefore, be next Friday, August 15, when Norwegian Night will be held followed by Greek Night on Saturday, August 16.

It has been pointed out to the Committee that many who would like to come on British Night will be mobilized on duty for the curfew, and that, therefore, in all the circumstances it is desirable to ensure that both British Night and Russian Night shall be a great success, which is anticipated by having them next week when there will be no curfew and when also there will be more time to prepare the many extra numbers that are being added to the floor-show for these performances. Since the curfew finishes on Thursday, August 14, it will be possible to re-open on Friday, August 15, with Norwegian Night.

Japan Anticipates Poor Rice Crop This Year

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Japan's estimated rice crop this year will be "slightly unfavourable" according to a Japanese nation-wide survey, but the report said this would not likely bring about a food shortage.

The report said that normal yearly production is about 65,800,000 koku (a koku is equivalent to 4.9 bushels) but current production will likely be five per cent. below normal. The shortage was attributed to the adverse weather in July. The Chosen and Taiwan crops were estimated to be above normal.—United Press.

Japanese to Increase Cigarette Production

Peiping, Aug. 10.

Since the enforcement of special regulations promulgated by the Political Council in retaliation for the freezing of Chinese and Japanese assets by the United States and Great Britain, a shortage of British and American cigarettes has been felt here, with the prices of foreign brands rising to a new high, the "Sin Min Pao" reported.

In order to remedy this situation and replace the highly priced British and American products, Japanese manufacturers in north China are doing their utmost to increase their production. Working hours in these factories have been greatly increased. Japanese manufacturers will sell their cigarettes at standard prices and will endeavour to assure an even supply at all times.—Havas.

DOG BITES
Are Dangerous

A physician should therefore be consulted without delay if you have the misfortune to be bitten by a dog.

For the many minor injuries which occur daily, cuts, scratches, abrasions, burns, scalds, She-Ko provides a soothing, rapidly-curative treatment. It is equally beneficial for skin troubles of all kinds. Keep She-Ko in the home; obtainable from chemists everywhere.

SHE-KO
SOOTHING-COOLING-HEALING.

Second China British Squadron Wanted by Aug. 15

A telegram has been received by the Voluntary War Contribution Fund from Lieutenant-Colonel Moore-Brabazon conveying his thanks for the last remittance of £10,000 bringing the total received to date up to £181,000. The telegram adds that the "China British Squadron" is now taking an active part in defending the country against the enemy.

It will be recalled that the committee of the Fund were informed last year that the cost of a squadron was £100,000. It is hoped as soon as possible to see a second "China British Squadron" in action. To help to achieve this, subscriptions should be sent in as quickly as possible to the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank or to the Chartered Bank for credit of the Voluntary War Contribution Fund.

£200,000 must be got by August 15.

$50,000 From "Nobs"

The fourth and fifth donations of $10,000 each to the Central British War Fund for Air Raid Relief and the Voluntary War Contributions Fund respectively, have now been made by the "NOBS" making a grand total of contributions to $50,000.

This effort is still growing steadily and spreading throughout the Empire and other countries in sympathy with the cause of Democracy.

It is hoped that the $100,000 mark will soon be reached.

Chiang Said Releasing Chang Hsueh-liang

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Commenting on rumours of an intensified movement in Chungking for the release of Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang who has been detained by General Chiang Kai-shek in Kweiyang, the "Nichi-Nichi" today reported that the Generalissimo apparently has decided to release the "Young Marshal" to make him Commander-in-Chief of the newly-organized North-Eastern Army.—Domei.

Cyril Rogers Appointed Economic Adviser to Hongkong Government

Hongkong, Aug. 11.

Mr. Cyril Rogers today was appointed economic adviser to the Hongkong Government in connection with problems immediately arising from freezing of Sino-Japanese credits as well as inclusion of Hongkong in the sterling area.

Mr. E. L. Hall Patch, British Financial Commissioner in the Far East, is now serving temporarily as member of the Chinese Currency Stabilization Fund Committee.—United Press.

American Property in Reich to Be Declared

Zurich, Aug. 11.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Die Tat" says that, according to a decree, all property in Germany and occupied territories belonging to American citizens must be declared by October 1.—Reuter.

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are Saturated with Water.
We take out 70%
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It is with sincere regret we must inform our Consumers, that, owing to the last depreciation of the local currency, we are obliged to revise our prices as follows:

Per tin of 1 lb. content	Sh. $13.00
Per tin of ½ lb. content	Sh. $ 7.00
In bulk, boxes of 10 lbs. and 25 lbs. content, per lb.	Sh. $10.50

Despite our enforced increase in prices, however, it may be surprising to learn that our MATINEE TEA, in comparison, is still approximately 63% cheaper than the current prices of equivalent qualities.

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Announcing

THE LAST FOUR PERFORMANCES
of
XCDN MOONLIGHT FOLLIES
in Hayim's Garden 402, Avenue Haig
at 9.30 p.m.

Owing to curfew restrictions, there will be no performances until Friday August 15.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, NORWEGIAN NIGHT
SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, GREEK NIGHT
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, BRITISH NIGHT
THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, RUSSIAN NIGHT

FINAL PERFORMANCE

New Songs New Numbers

Booking at Moutries
or tickets may be purchased at the entrance.

CHARMS
LANMAN & KEMP'S
Florida water
FRAGRANT AS FLO
Add a little to your bath or use it after your shower, or when fatigued, and notice how exquisitely refreshed you feel—how delightfully fragrant it leaves the skin. The favorite toilet water since 1808.
Ask for it by name
LANMAN & KEMP'S
FLORIDA WATER
The Original
FLORIDA WATER
1808 to 1941

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

"Appeal Withdrawn:":

The Bible and Legalism

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your leader of August 8, under the heading of "An Appeal Withdrawn," you treat Mr. CHARLES W. RANKIN with a tenderness far beyond his merits.

I, personally, should need more evidence than Mr. RANKIN's own statement that the prosecution of your paper "was undertaken for the public welfare." I know of no section of the public that benefits, or will benefit from his self-asserted, altruistic action. I do know of many who may go homeless and starving as a direct result.

Mr. RANKIN is undoubtedly a great legalist: men of his totem not infrequently are. Ever so long ago, one of them criticized a great lover of humanity for healing a woman on the Sabbath day—a very unseemly thing to do on the holy day according to the critic—to be reminded of higher claims and laws.

A legalistically righteous Pharisee criticized a careless-of-rules-and-laws Man for appearing at breakfast unwashed, and what a rebuke he received!

One Sabbath morning a group of men walking through the cornfields plucked ears of corn, rubbed them in their hands and ate the grains. Unlawful, clamoured the legalists, to be reminded that human need may transcend and set aside "laws."

In this city, every year, tens of thousands of dollars from lotteries, raffles and race-clubs pass into the hands of those who make the poor and needy their peculiar care. Tainted money! Proceeds of illegal activities! Yes, Mr. RANKIN yes, indeed, but many years ago I heard William Booth say "give me your tainted money, for the poor of England, and it shall be cleansed in the blood of the Lamb. "There was much of the spirit of the Master in William Booth, for with him, too, human need transcended conventions and silly laws.

I rarely pray, but, were I to do so, I should pray that the numerous street deaths from starving, and the pains and sufferings of some of the hungry thousands whom he has endeavoured to ensure shall not be alleviated, save by legalized means, be not, in that Day, laid to the charges of Mr. CHARLES W. RANKIN.

FORUM CONSCIENTIAS.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.

Misquoted:

A Biblical Quotation

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I call attention to the fact that the quotation from Proverbs, chapter 6, verse 6, given at the end of my article "An Animal Census," which appeared on the leader page of your esteemed newspaper of today's (Sunday) issue, should read:

"Go to the ant, thou sluggard; consider her ways, and be wise.

This was the way I had it in my copy, not

"Go to the ant, thou sluggard; consider her ways and do likewise."

which is as it appeared in print. The words "and do likewise" appear in the New Testament, as one of Christ's sayings. "Go, and do thou likewise," in His parable of the good Samaritan, see Luke, chapter 10, verse 37. Whoever edited my article appears to have got the two passages mixed.

Please publish this correction in the interests of accuracy, something on which, as a scientific writer, I am rather keen.

ARTHUR DE C. SOWERBY.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

Hongkew Jews:

A Lengthy Protest

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The announced intention to expel a certain part of German Jewish immigrants from Hongkew has stirred up great excitement among the whole Jewish population North of the Soochow Creek. People ask: shall the uncertainty of our life, the expulsion from one place to another start anew? Are we Jews singled out anew for "new" and "special measures"?

The Japanese authorities who control the Hongkew and Wayside District, have up to now kept their promise to treat the Jewish population in the same manner as other nationals; that the Jewish immigrants shall enjoy the same rights as all the other inhabitants. On the Japanese Press Conference on August 5, the spokesman declared that the Japanese authorities will maintain that principle. But at the same time the spokesman declared to that the Japanese authorities intend to apply some "special measures" against some Jewish immigrants, that a certain part of them shall be expelled from Hongkew as "undesirables" and that this expulsion would not affect other nationals living in Hongkew. Should that intention be carried out, then there would be no "equal rights" for the Jewish immigrants, the "special measures" mean a special treatment of the Jews and that makes the "equal rights" only theoretical "equal rights."

The reason why the Japanese authorities suddenly want to take such steps against "undesirables" are not yet quite clear. The one uttered reason that the mass influx of Jewish immigrants into Hongkew has caused an increase of commodity prices and rents does not count. The cause of that increase is certainly not the existence of 5.000 not registered Jews, and to lower prices and rents requires measures against speculation and usurers and no measures against the population. We think the Japanese authorities know that well enough. Especially because the expulsion shall be applied only against a small minority of immigrants which have come in conflict with the law.

The real reason for the expulsion plans therefore must be sought elsewhere. One thing is very interesting in that direction. The discussion of the plans have not taken place between the Japanese authorities and the Committees of the Jewish Relief work which have registered and take care for all immigrants, but between the Japanese authorities and the "leaders" of a small Jewish religious organization, the Jüdische Gemeinde. These "leaders" had even a special conference with the Japanese authorities and they will, according to the "Shanghai Jewish Chronicle," be endued with the "right" to carry out the expulsion orders against the "undesirables." What does that mean? Not more and not less than the fact that an organization that has been founded for religious purposes, for taking care of the religious and cultural interests of a part of the Jewish immigrants, will get police power over all German immigrants at Hongkew. The "leaders" of that organization would get power that not only contradicts to the religious purposes of the "Gemeinde" but would make them real dictators to all immigrants.

Therefore it is necessary to ask the men: Why didn't you declare that you represent only a small minority of the immigrants? Why didn't you declare that it is not your business to mix up with affairs that are not yours? Why didn't you declare that you don't want to expel Jewish immigrants?

The immigrants at Hongkew put those questions. And they answer them too. They say: These "leaders" want to be dictators of all immigrants; they want to squeeze them into their organization. It is only the lust for power, the lust to be "leaders" of these men, that is responsible for the intended "special measures" against other immigrants. We think it is high time that the members of the Jüdische Gemeinde oppose such a misuse of their organization.

To show that the claims of the self-appointed "leaders" of the immigrants are unjustified even from the numerical point of view, it has to be stated: Of the about 20,000 Jewish immigrants in Shanghai, only 2,500 are members of the religious community, the Jüdische Gemeinde. From this 2,500 only 926 persons took part on the last election of the representatives of that organization. 926 of a total of 20,000 immigrants, that means not ½ per cent. But even the 2,500 members of the Jüdische Gemeinde are no united body, they are split up into several factions which are struggling among themselves for power. About 18,000 immigrants have no connection with the Jüdische Gemeinde at all; partly for religious reasons, partly because they are indifferent with regard to religion.

A certain part, far more than 1,000, of the immigrants have changed their religion and become either Catholics or Evangelical. Are these converts supposed to change their religion anew? Partly they live now on the premises of the various missions. Shall they be forced to become adherents of the Jüdische Gemeinde to get the appreciation and the "protection" of the "leaders" of the Gemeinde?

And what about those many immigrants which are no Jews at all, but so called "Aryans," and who are married to Jewish husbands? Shall they also be forced under the leadership of the Gemeinde?

The answer to all these questions can only be: The application of "special measures" against Jewish immigrants and the cession of police power to a religious organization will only stir up discussion and trouble among the Jewish immigrants. And that is just the thing the Japanese authorities want to avoid. Therefore it is to be hoped that these authorities will give up their intention of expelling a certain part of the immigrants and apply to them the same rights as to any other nationals. The plight of the majority of the immigrants is already a sad one. Each "special measure," even if it should be applied against those which had offended against the law, would make the plight of the immigrants more difficult; then, one knows the beginning but never the end, and in Germany too began the persecution of the Jews with "special measures" against a small part of them.

Considering that, it is a shame that some immigrants, in the ambition for power, strive for the function of policemen against their fellow-sufferers. The Japanese authorities surely don't want to be stirrup-holders of these men. It should be their own interest that the Jewish immigrants are not compelled to worry about measures which very easily could develop a threat against their religious freedom.

I AM AFRAID.

Shanghai, Aug. 9.

Harbin:

Are Communications Stopped

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wonder if you or perhaps any of your readers could give me some accurate information on the following subject.

For weeks I have been unable to get any news from my relatives and friends in Harbin and Dairen, who used to write to me quite regularly before.

I have been writing to them regularly and even cables sent to them a few days ago have so far remained without their reply.

Enquiries to the local Postal Authorities have led to practically no result.

What I would like to know is—do these people at Harbin and Dairen etc., get our letters and or cables from here, and, if so, why (and where) is there a delay of their respective replies?

ANXIOUS.

Shanghai, Aug. 11.

S.V.C Orders

Promotions and Appointments:—Sergeant Paul K. Knipper, American M. G. Company is promoted Warrant Officer Class II and appointed First Sergeant with effect from Aug. 6.

Reversion:—First Sergeant A. G. Marmorat, American M. G. Company Warrant Officer Class II, reverts to the ranks at his own request with effect from Aug. 6.

Inter-Unit Transfers:—Private E. Grundt, "B" Company is transferred to Scandinavian Company with effect from Aug. 6.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—American Troop.—Tpr. A. M. Shvir Aug. 4. "C" Battalion:—Russian Company.—Pte. B. V. Rassushin Aug. 7. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sem. V. K. Onischuck Aug. 5. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. J. A. T. Thomas Aug. 4. "C" Battalion:—Armoured Car Coy.—Pts. S. C. Maclean August 5, G. P. Hedley Aug. 5, Russian Company.—Ptes. V. A. Kirilluk Aug. 1, V. K. Zaharoff Aug. 5, N. Volchin Aug. 5.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
OF AUGUST 12, 1871

A native lady of about 30, raising herself above the darkness in which her sisters are merged, has made her appearance before the enlightened public. This lady is a great pundit in Telugu, and equally so in Sanskrit, and possesses some knowledge of Tamil and English. Recently she delivered a very interesting and eloquent lecture on female education in Telugu. In the course of her lecture she brought forward quotations from the Hindu Sastras and puranas to prove the sanction of female education by our ancestors, pathetically pointed out the deplorable condition of our sisters, and entreated the gentlemen present to do something in the way of improving their condition. This is the first instance of a Hindu lady coming forward as a public lecturer. She seems to be our Miss Carpenter.—Madras "Standard."

Troop Landing Exercise in Scotland

The landing of troops and equipment formed part of the exercise witnessed by Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister during his recent visit to Scotland when he carried out an inspection of troops and equipment. He was accompanied by the Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Roger Keyes. The above photo shows a lorry hauling a Bofors gun off one of the landing craft similar to those so successfully used at Lofoten.

Mr. Churchill as Leader

WINSTON Churchill, who has now been more than a year in office as Prime Minister, is rapidly becoming almost a legendary figure for the British. It is easy to recall his uncanny prophecies about what the Germans were preparing before the war, but probably his greatest appeal to the British and to the world is the fact that he has never harked back. Not once, after all his years of political exile, has he said, "I told you so," writes Robert P. Post in the "New York Times."

For years the British people kept Mr. Churchill in exile, for years his was a voice crying in the wildesness while men whispered one to another, "He is unstable." And again they whispered what is supposed to be the final judgment on any English politician, "He is too clever."

But when Mr. Churchill finally came into his own; when this man who had held almost every post in the British Cabinet finally reached the highest post of all; when he stood under such a strain as no other man at the head of a democracy has ever had to bear in history, there were no recriminations. At no point in the past year has Mr. Churchill sought to excuse himself by any reference to "the years of the locusts." Considering that during all those years he himself was an unheeded voice warning until his enemies began calling him another Cassandra, perhaps he could have been pardoned had he tried to shift a little blame to the shoulders of his predecessors.

Grip on Nation

This abstention from recriminations, this attitude that all the past mistakes were so much water over the dam, is not the least factor in Mr. Churchill's grip on the British people. Until he took office, the majority in this country still were hoping against hope and praying against reality that this war could be fought without "blood, toil, tears, and sweat." Mr. Churchill fitted in perfectly with the revulsion which swept the country when the Norwegian campaign fizzled out, and the British people at last faced the grim facts which were before them.

As the months flew on swift feet and the news came blacker and blacker, Mr. Churchill more and more fitted in with the British dream. He was always cursed with too much specialisation, and history will probably never forgive him for his preoccupation with the Admiralty, and the Admiralty alone, in the early days of the war when he let Cabinet business go by the board to immerse himself in the affairs of the Navy, forgetting the broader necessity of awakening Britain to its destiny.

But once he had got his appointment from the King, he rose to his full stature. Before, because of his unrivalled eloquence, he had often been put up to make speeches no other Englishman could make. Now he was speaking for himself as Lord High Steward of Empire, as Marshal of Great Britain. And with that elevation in status came a new sureness, a new conviction. Mr. Churchill is one of the best manipulators of the English language alive today. But since he became Prime Minister he has risen to new heights.

All through his life he has combined two usually incompatible characteristics—the ability to see and face facts, and also the ability to relate them and present them. That is the secret of his hold to-day on people who have learned what total war means. Mr. Churchill's main hold on this nation is that he voices time and again its unshaken, eternal belief that it is unconquerable, and that it never will be conquered or, if it is, it will be conquered only because its people have been killed.

His Mode of Life

Mr. Churchill's life has been paradoxical. He is an aristocrat of aristocrats, yet he appeals to the factory worker as no Labour politician ever has been able to do. He ruined his career as a soldier by becoming a journalist and politician, and until now he has endangered his career as a politician by knowing more than the soldiers. For years he earned his living partly by writing history, but mainly by writing for some of the most sensational newspapers in England—one of which is now coining money by reprinting his old writings. Yet there is no one telling the facts of this war to Britain and the world more precisely than Mr Churchill.

How does he work? Wherever he is there always hovers in the background Mrs. Churchill—in Mr. Churchill's own words, "incapable of an ignoble thought"—seeing that he gets his meals, the rest he needs, advising and comforting this stormiest petrel.

Like President Roosevelt, Mr. Churchill is not an early riser. Like Mr. Roosevelt, he is apt to transact the beginning of the morning's business in bed, where he reads the most important communications and catches up on his day's business.

When he finally appears at his office, the old Cabinet room where he has sat so many years in one capacity or another, he either strides up and down the room rapidly or else presides with his usual energy over meetings of various committees or the full Cabinet, or else with his quick, impatient manner questions individual members who have been summoned to him.

Mr. Churchill divides his day between long conferences with the generals, admirals, and air marshals who descend on the Prime Minister in hordes and the Cabinet Ministers who think the affairs of their departments must be settled immediately. He sometimes grows impatient, but he never loses interest, as minor officials know to their cost, when they have taken steps on their own only to find themselves roundly hauled up for something they thought beneath the Prime Minister's notice.

His Country Tours

At week-ends, Mr. Churchill usually goes to the country. When he does, this is quite an occasion. There is at least a company of troops to guard him, there are detectives, secretaries, typists, personal assistants, and whatever Ministers, generals, or admirals he wants to talk with. Mr. Churchill takes a nap in the afternoon if he is tired; then he sits up until 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning talking. This sometimes exhausts visitors who are unused to that kind of life.

But every so often the Prime Minister leaves Whitehall, puts on his own idea of the proper uniform to be worn by a Government official—he designed it himself—and goes out to visit the troops. He has been to Dover when the German planes were flying over; he has seen troops on the move; he has been with the Fleet at Scapa Flow. From time to time people standing about the wreckage of a bombed town see a rather fat and jolly man moving among them, recognise who it is, and line up to cheer.

"Are we down-hearted?" he asks. "No!" they shout in unison. "Good old Winnie!" comes an isolated call. It is significant that everybody calls him "Winston" or "Winnie." The Prime Minister hoists his queer old-fashioned hat on top of his walking stick, waves it triumphantly, and screws his famous cigar into his mouth. And all those who see and hear him take heart for the future.

Mr. Churchill is good on the radio and excellent with an audience, but perhaps he reaches his full stature when he addresses the Commons. He holds them, not so much as Prime Minister as by the smell of his oratory. To see him with the House silent, the Press gallery hanging on his every word, his head sunk forward, his shoulders hunched, his hands pulling on his lapels, is to see him at his greatest. He reaches millions more on the radio, but his bulldog face and bulldog words combine to give him control of perhaps the most difficult debating chamber in the world—a chamber in which, if he has successes now, he has had sad reversals in the past.

Contrast With Hitler

So this man of 66, who has crowded into his lifetime about as much experience as any single man could, now stands at the summit of his career. He has been a soldier who has seen more campaigns than most. He was trained as a soldier, fought in India, in border wars, in the Sudan, as war correspondent in Cuba in the Spanish-American War, in the Boer War, where he was captured by the Boers and escaped. He saw the World War, both as politician and as soldier and sailor, for he fought from the Admiralty, and he commanded a battalion in France. He supplied Britain with munitions.

The descendant of the first Duke of Marlborough throughout his life has followed a line of his own which, now Liberal, now Tory, has finally brought him to the point where today he stands unquestioned as the supreme example of the Briton—this half-American—as the person who can speak the words and direct the deeds which invigorate the whole democratic world.

There is a German cartoon existent which shows the development of John Bull into a bulldog and then into Churchill. The Germans could make no greater mistake than this sort of thing if they want to break the unbreakable British morale. Right down to his hobbies of painting and bricklaying—Mr. Churchill is English to the core, with that strange overlay that the English always demand of their politicians of temperament and vision. The hour has produced the man. All the paradoxes have merged into one logical whole. Churchill scorned, Churchill neglected, stands forth today as the only man who at present can rally the people of Britain, the people of the Empire, to oppose the super-efficient force which Hitler manipulates.

In Churchill and Hitler as men one can read the clear contrast which exists between Britain and Germany as nations.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

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XCDN

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To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme with News Broadcasts at 7.45 and 11.00 and Chinese lesson at 8.30
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Salon Orchestras
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home, including "Life Begins at Home," at 3.50
4.30 Chinese Programme, including Prof. Chao Mei-pa's Musical Programme at 5.00, News at 5.20 and 6.00 Commentary at 6.15 and one-act play by Miss Yen Fei and Liu Chung, Movie Stars at 6.30
7.00 Russian Commentary
7.30 Summer Evening Melodies
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News, War Commentary and Listening Post
8.30 Ralph Lynn's Variety Half Hour
9.00 News in English
9.20 "Sense and Nonsense." Talk by Henry Brigg
9.30 SYMPHONY CONCERT
Concerto in A Minor op. 16.....Greig
Wilhelm Backhaus-Piano and the New Symphony Orchestra conducted by John Barbirolli
Dances Champetres Nos. 1 and 2 op. 106
Romance op. 78 .....Sibelius
Emil Telmanyi—Violin
Symphony No. 2 in D Major op. 43....Sibelius
Boston Symphony Opchestra conducted by Serge Koussevitzky
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 NEWS War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 Light Music by the London Tango Orchestra.
9.15 Meet John Londoner.
9.45 "Lady here's a flower" Radio play by Michael Arlen.
10.00 News and News Commentary
10.15 Starlight. Anne Shelton with Ronnie Selby.
11.00 To talk of many things Rt. Hon. Isaac Foot "Napoleon miscalculated."
11.30 Crooks Tour. Variety.
Midnight. Empire Exchange-Canada and India.
7.30 News letter in Kuo Yu on GSG 16 metre band.
7.45 French Programme on GSG 16 metre band.

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LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

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Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. The message of Rabindranath Tagore in the Occident.
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Chopin

Preludes: Studies in Fa major; Impromptu: Fantaisie in Fa minor; Scherzo in Si bemol; Concerto No. 2.

Great Events Predicted by Local Daily

While commenting on the present international situation with special emphasis on the "mysterious" disappearance of Mr. Churchill, the British Prime Minister, and President Roosevelt from their respective capitals for a week, the "Shun Pao," the leading Chinese daily in Shanghai whose several recent predictions have come true editorially, asserts that the "eve of the final reckoning day" between the aggressors and the anti-aggression bloc has finally come.

The paper opines that nothing at present is worth more attention than the meeting between the two democratic leaders, which has become an open secret. The fact that officials in both capitals have been most reticent regarding the affair indicates that the meeting is "extraordinarily" important, the writer says.

Democracies Determined

The only hint of the possible result of the meeting, it is said, is a United Press report from London that from this week there should be left no room for doubt as far as Japan is concerned in respect to the determination of the democracies.

The paper pictures a dark outlook for Hitler, saying that although the British have not launched a counter offensive on land, Berlin is fighting on two fronts already as far as aerial combats are concerned. It is hard to say how the Nazis can maintain their control if this situation lasts one month more, it is said.

Hitler Disappointed

The fact that Hitler has been bogged down with the war in Russia has caused Japan to take a procrastinating attitude while giving ample time to the democracies to prepare, it is reasoned. His blitzkrieg attack against Russia has increased the man-power and material in the opposite camp, while his peace offensive has failed. All these Hitler did not expect.

But the paper says that the biggest danger spot today is the Far East, as while Japan has announced her wish to break encirclement, Messrs. Eden and Hull have shown their determination to take action. If a new situation develops in the Far East the Axis powers will make their last attack in Europe. The Axis powers are worn out but the democracies are strong and the "epoch-making" new event will soon come.

New Operation Saves Wounded Soldier

Rome, Aug. 11.

The newspaper "Il Messagero" published a despatch from Stockholm yesterday stating that a wounded soldier had been saved from certain death when surgeons at the Karlstad Hospital in Sweden for the first time in medical history extracted by means of a large magnet a sliver of shrapnel which had penetrated five centimetres into the head of the soldier.

The despatch said the surgeons first attempted to extract the sliver by the usual methods, but when these failed they resorted to use of the magnet. The soldier was said to be recovering.—United Press.

Italian Casualties in July Announced

Rome, Aug. 10.

The Italian Headquarters announced today that Army casualties during July in the North African campaign were 164 killed, 220 wounded and 580 missing. Army casualties in the Greek-Albanian and Greek-Yugoslav fronts, not announced previously, were 381 killed and 391 wounded.

Navy casualties in July totalled 136 killed, 100 wounded and 208 missing, while Air Force casualties were 33 killed, 62 wounded and 78 missing.—Domei.

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1 "Pathe" Cinema camera, 2 "Samson" and "R.C.A." amplifiers
1 Parrot with cage

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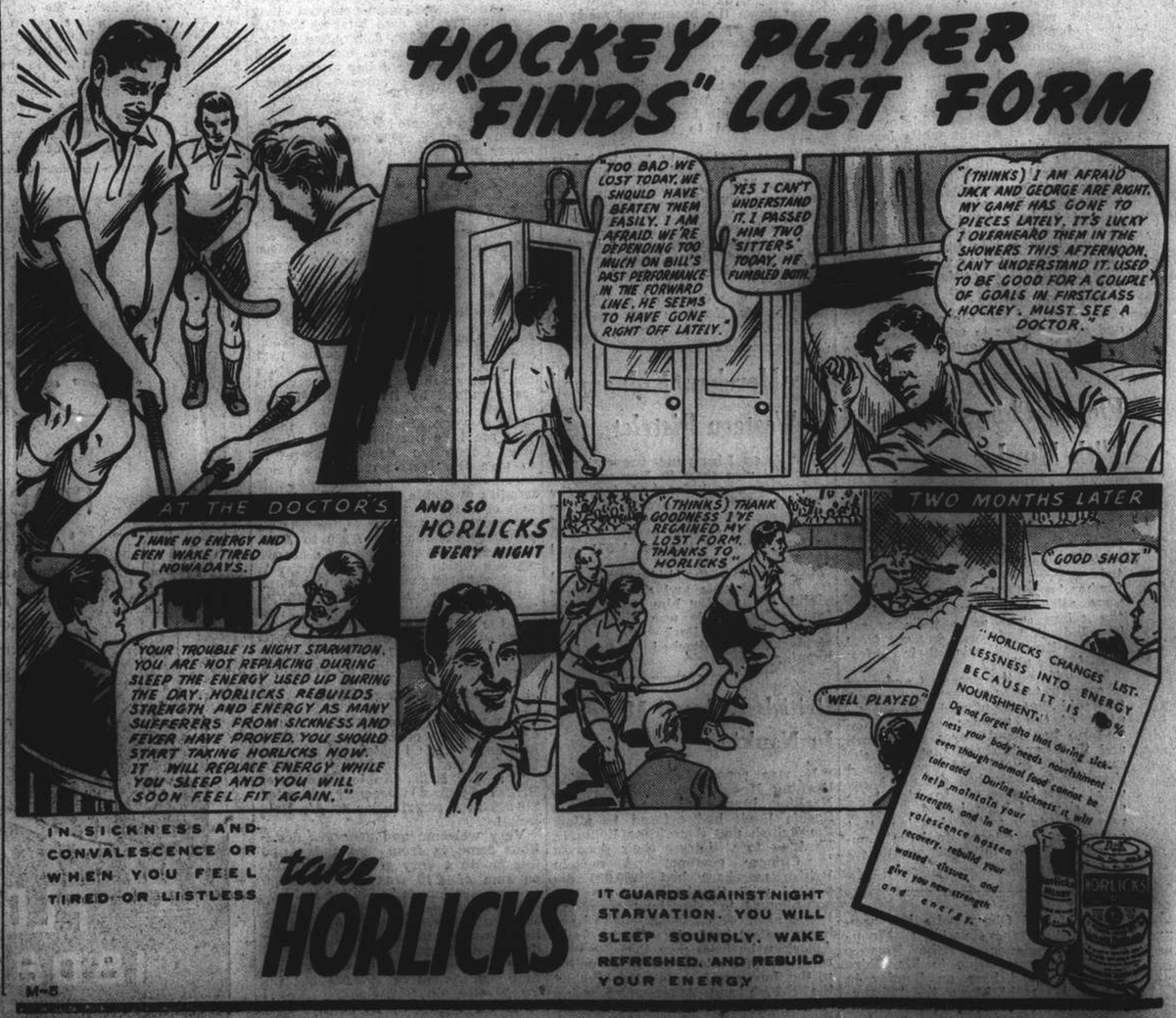
HOCKEY PLAYER "FINDS" LOST FORM
"TOO BAD WE LOST TODAY. WE SHOULD HAVE BEATEN THEM EASILY. I AM AFRAID WE'RE DEPENDING TOO MUCH ON BILL'S PAST PERFORMANCE IN THE FORWARD LINE. HE SEEMS TO HAVE GONE RIGHT OFF LATELY.
"YES I CAN'T UNDERSTAND IT. I PASSED HIM TWO 'SITTERS' TODAY. HE FUMBLED BOTH.
"(THINKS) I AM AFRAID JACK AND GEORGE ARE RIGHT. MY GAME HAS GONE TO PIECES LATELY. IT'S LUCKY I OVERHEARD THEM IN THE SHOWERS THIS AFTERNOON. CAN'T UNDERSTAND IT. USED TO BE GOOD FOR A COUPLE OF GOALS IN FIRSTCLASS HOCKEY. MUST SEE A DOCTOR."
AT THE DOCTOR'S
"I HAVE NO ENERGY AND EVEN WAKE TIRED NOWADAYS."
"YOUR TROUBLE IS NIGHT STARVATION. YOU ARE NOT REPLACING DURING SLEEP THE ENERGY USED UP DURING THE DAY. HORLICKS REBUILDS STRENGTH AND ENERGY AS MANY SUFFERERS FROM SICKNESS AND FEVER HAVE PROVED. YOU SHOULD START TAKING HORLICKS NOW. IT WILL REPLACE ENERGY WHILE YOU SLEEP AND YOU WILL SOON FEEL FIT AGAIN."
AND SO HORLICKS EVERY NIGHT
TWO MONTHS LATER
"(THINKS) THANK GOODNESS I'VE REGAINED MY LOST FORM. THANKS TO HORLICKS."
"GOOD SHOT"
"WELL PLAYED"
"HORLICKS CHANGES LISTLESSNESS INTO ENERGY BECAUSE IT IS 90% NOURISHMENT.
Do not forget also that during sleep your body needs nourishment. Even though normal food cannot be tolerated. During sickness it will help maintain your strength, and in convalescence hasten recovery, rebuild your wasted tissues, and give you new strength and energy.
IN SICKNESS AND CONVALESCENCE OR WHEN YOU FEEL TIRED OR LISTLESS
take HORLICKS
IT GUARDS AGAINST NIGHT STARVATION. YOU WILL SLEEP SOUNDLY, WAKE REFRESHED, AND REBUILD YOUR ENERGY
M-5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

HITLER'S AGAPEMONE

If, as it is reported from Rome, a conference of eight European nations aimed at solidifying the Axis in Europe against Great Britain is indeed held it need provide no cause for misgiving. It is said that within the next fortnight representatives of Italy, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria, Finland, Slovakia and Croatia will meet for the purpose of discussing the pooling of armies, foodstuffs and other sinews of war of those countries for the construction of a comprehensive war machine against the event of the United States becoming involved in the conflict. It should be an interesting meeting those present consisting of seven yes-men and a representative of the German dictator. Consider the position of Italy. Overrun by the Nazis, with a Government which dare not call its soul its own, is it to be believed for one moment that the Italian representative would do more than feebly acquiesce in whatever proposals the Germans cared to put forward? Does not the same question apply to Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria, Finland, Slovakia and Croatia?

Everyone of those countries, apparently possessing some form of autonomy though in fact having none, would at such a conference be wholly unable to oppose German views, or, if they dared, able to make that opposition effective. Their Governments may have some show of domestic authority but even that is closely controlled by the Germans themselves. It is reported that this proposed conference would be the first step towards the construction of the foundation of the new Axis order in Europe in which such meetings would replace the League of Nation conferences at Geneva. If this is so, then the Nazis are counting their chickens before any of them are hatched. The foundation of any new order can be based only upon Nazi and Fascist victory in this war. If anything they are further from such a conclusion than they have been at any time since the war started, and the establishment of a facade of fictitious union between Germany and the countries which she holds at present in subjection—and they are just as much so as Norway, Denmark, Holland and Belgium, who have not been invited to this feast of love,—will deceive none.

The alleged union of the eight nations in a sort of Agapemone is not without food for cynical amusement. Seven of the members will pool their food supplies for the benefit of the eighth—Germany. Their industrial machines will be subordinated to the military needs of the same nation. Their armies will be knit into one monstrous whole for the purpose of furthering the ambitions of the Smyth-Piggott of the new order,—Hitler. Some such move as that of which Rome reports the likelihood has been expected for some time. It fits in with the recent reports concerning the peacefeelers which the Nazis put out in Ankara, and those which they are said to have been spreading in the United States. Hence the significance of the German suggestion that her paramountcy should be conceded in eastern Europe and the Balkans, while those uncomfortably recalcitrant nations which though in temporary subjection will have none of Hitler or his works are again to be let footloose. Not even France, at least for the time being, is included in this latest proposal.

Of course the real idea behind any such move is an endeavour to present to the United States the picture of a united, happy Europe under Germany with its seven spiritual wives. Their union with Germany has been brought about either by out and out force, or by fraud. And there is not one of them who would not desire its former freedom if it were possible to get it. It is not to be thought for one moment that the proud free peoples of the Balkans would endure the Nazis' yoke if they could throw it off. That the United States knows quite as well as do those other peoples who have not been deluded by the speciousness of German assurances. But for the moment Hitler has control of their destinies. He is seeking to weld them into his war machine and bring about so far as they are concerned just that political, economic and military hegemony which he designed for the whole of Europe in the event of his proving victorious. But that will not occur, the promises of his ultimate defeat are already in the sky, and Hitler can have his little conference for all the eventual good it will do him.

THAILAND BALLYHOO

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, revealed during last week that the British Government was disturbed over the discrepancy between the peaceful declarations of the Japanese Government and the bellicose statements of the Japanese press. He remarked that these latter bore a resemblance to the charges and accusations which used to precede aggressions by the Nazis in Europe and expressed concern on that account. Though Mr. Eden's statement was clear enough both in what he actually said and in what he implied, there has been no improvement in the tone of the Japanese comments and news stories concerning Thailand and Indo-China. If anything, the accusations against Britain and the United States have become more extravagant than before. To many foreigners, not only Anglo-Saxons, they are difficult to understand owing to strange mixture of slogans with which they are interlarded—slogans such as "immutable policy," "life lines," "encirclement," the "new order in East Asia," and the "East Asia co-prosperity sphere." There have also been references to the geographical responsibility of Japan for the economic development of her neighbours in the Far East and for the preservation of their sovereignty which have confused the issue still further. It seems strange to some people that the Japanese press should claim geographical responsibilities for territories two thousand or more miles away, and not for territories like the Soviet Maritime Provinces which are just next door. While it may be that difficulties in translation account for part of the obscurity of the slogans being used by the Tokyo press, there is undoubtedly something so Nazi about the claims of geographical responsibilities and the rights which a nation's position on a map gives to it, that there can be little doubt whence comes the inspiration for this line of reasoning. Geographical position carries with it certain advantages or disadvantages, but certainly confers no rights on one nation at the expense of another.

Owing to the control of thought and of expression of opinion which is exercised in Japan, the Japanese Government cannot altogether shrug off the responsibility for the provocative views and distortions of fact which are printed in the metropolitan newspapers. In countries where there is little or no control, such as the United States and Britain, the Government can justly claim that it has nothing to do with the more lurid opinions expressed by the newspapers. But where control exists, there is some excuse for regarding the press as the *alter ego* of the official spokesman—an *alter ego* which can be repudiated or contradicted at will, but whose existence has definitely to be taken into account by other nations in the calculation of their policies. In circumstances like this a press which makes itself look ridiculous is in danger of making its government also look ridiculous—which is a much more serious matter.

Some of the charges which have been made against "foxy Britain," as one newspaper describes the Empire, have been so fantastic that if they had been made in any other press, the reader would believe that the writers had their tongues in their cheeks. The British have been credited—or should it be debited?—with the deepest guile over the alleged appearance of H.M.S. Warspite in the Gulf of Siam. Many British subjects would be only too glad to believe that their permanent officials were capable of such guile, and their first reaction is to treat the allegation as a good joke. Their second reaction might be to rank it alongside that other strange perception which sees an intention of the United States to "seize" Vladivostok. Here is another example, reported by the Domei news agency:

The outspoken "Kokumin" declared that British and United States gestures toward Thailand were designed to kill at least four birds with a single stone.

1. By stemming Japan's southward advance at the Thai-Indo-Chinese border.
2. A demonstration to the Soviet Union that British and American promises will not be mere words.
3. An attempt to save the face of the so-called ABCD alliance.
4. By preserving an East Indies foothold in the case of the possible transfer to the Netherlands East Indies of the exiled Dutch Government at London, and the removal of the British Government either to Australia or Burma following the Nazi invasion of the British Isles, since the transfer to Canada would compel an American war entry.

It is impossible not to be thrilled by statements like these. There are so many admissions, implications, and perversions in them, that it would seem that their inventors either have a very acute sense of humour indeed, or none at all. The latter is the more probable, since the newspaper which printed such rubbish is known to be under strong Nazi influence, and Nazis have no sense of humour except of their own childish variety, and might be expected to believe every word that they want to believe. It would not be difficult to continue quotations like the above in all sorts of connections but it would not be worth while. Enough has been said to show that sections of the Japanese press are in danger of making themselves a laughing stock outside their own country. No one is intimidated by such stuff, and it comes in deplorable contrast to the powerful commonsense with which Japanese thinkers have frequently dosed their countrymen. These latter frank admissions rouse admiration for their wisdom and courage wherever they are read, but much of their force is inevitably lost in the spate of nonsense which too frequently accompanies them.

"Heil Schickelgruber"

Mr. Quentin Reynold's idea of calling Hitler by his real name, "Schickelgruber," in a recent broadcast talk, is an excellent one from the propaganda point of view and it also illustrates how the passion for changing names has grown in modern times. Lenin began it, or at least, he was the greatest of moderns to set the fashion. Why he preferred being called Lenin to Vladimir Ilych Ulianov we do not know: the change may have begun as a revolutionary disguise. And he was imitated by the greatest of his colleagues. Trotsky, whose real name was Lev Davidovitch Bronstein. Later came Stalin, who was brought up as Yosif Visarionovitch Dzhugasvili, but preferred a name of his own choice. It is said that Hitler owes his much "heiled" name to his father's determination to get rid of the name, Schickelgruber. His father must have foreseen the future. He must have realized that dictatorship could never get much grip on a country in which the people were expected to hail the dictator with cries of "Heil Schickelgruber." Among English statesmen there has not been such a changing of names as in the families of modern European dictators. It has been stated that Oliver Cromwell's name should have been Williams and, if this is true, quite a genius for nomenclature was shown in the invention of Oliver Cromwell. Later statesmen in England made only minor alterations in their names. Dirsaeli left out an apostrophe between the "D" and the "I" at the beginning of his name. We are also told that the correct form of the Prime Minister's name is not Winston Churchill but Winston Spencer-Churchill with a hyphen. These variations are trifling, however, not to be compared with the catastrophic changes that have occurred in the family names of the dictators. During the quiet centuries that led up to the era of dictatorships it was usually writers and not politicians, who showed a dislike of the names given them in baptism. Francis Bacon, some say, began it when, having written some excellent plays he decided to call himself "William Shakespeare." George Eliot was a much more striking name than Mary Ann Evans but the Brontes were not so fortunate in their pseudonyms. Charlotte Bronte is a finer name than Currer Bell. Luckily the Brontes ceased to be Bells on the covers of their books. They had found the perfect name in Bronte which, itself, is supposed to be an invention concealing the original Irish name of "Prunty." Coming back again to modern times and the dictators it appears that there has been quite a spate of name changing in the United States. The other day, for instance, a housepainter called Samuel Joshua Hitler asked to have his surname changed to Gitler. About the same time Arnold Alvin de Ribbentrop expressed the wish to be called Robinson. Another American citizen, who makes his living by shrimping, Thomas di Grandi, showed a similar sensitiveness about a boat that was called Il Duce and he obtained permission to change this to Diana. "It costa me ten bucks," he said afterwards, "but I lika mucha better."

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Aug. 9.—We shall have to get busy in the vegetable garden shortly and sow our seeds for Autumn crops. Cabbages, Brussel Sprouts, and Cauliflowers grown from seed sown last month have made fair progress considering the bad weather and excessive rainfall of the past few weeks, and those that have survived the ravages of insect pests are now becoming established in their permanent quarters: if we do have a spell of dry weather, the plants will have to be watered, for their root system is still too small to supply all the plant's requirements without artificial aid. Potatoes will have to be planted during the next few days if we are to expect a crop in November. Many of us are content with one crop of "spuds" each year like the people at home have to be satisfied with: it is not generally known that two crops may be obtained here. It is difficult to recommend any special varieties; but we have had very good results from Japanese "seed" and also from "seed" obtained from the area south of Hungjao Road. Green Corn seed may also be sown once again: it pays to grow plenty of this for there is no comparison between the home-grown produce and that obtained at the local market. Badgers and other nocturnal animals sometimes help themselves to our corn crops, but we find that the best protection against these animals is the most simple of all. Limewash thrown over the plants when the cobs are ripening gives them a ghostly appearance and Badgers appear to dislike anything ghostly; at any rate, they generally keep away from whitewashed plants. Cucumber seed, collected from the earliest fruits that were produced by our Spring-sown plants, should be sown now and Carrots and Bush Beans may also be sown as soon as the soil is in a fit condition. Spring Onions and Beets are other vegetables that require attention these days and Lettuce and Endive seed must be persuaded to germinate if we are to have a supply of salads in Autumn. When sowing any kinds of seeds at the present time, it should always be borne in mind that we may have another typhoon or another flood or two before the fine weather of September comes along and that it is always advisable to keep a few seeds in reserve in case of accidents. We had plenty of bad luck with seed sowing last year.—W.J.K.

DEFEATING VACATION ILLS

Summer can be the good old time of song and story if you don't let its minor hazards deprive you of its pleasures, states the New York "Times." Many is the happy woodland excursion with box lunch and vacuum jug which has been marred by junior's heedless falling into a faint at sight of a harmless snake or spider, or by your own losing battle with the ants for possession of the potato salad. Many a modern pioneer has returned discouraged and defeated to the pavements resolved to leave the forests forever to the free-ranging ticks and chiggers. And sunburn and sand flies probably have driven many people to take up skiing.

Most of Nature's bounties have a price tag firmly attached. It may be, of course, that the penalties were decreed in order to test one's faith and ought not to be avoided or tampered with; but science has found ways, if not of cancelling them at least of securing a substantial discount on these exactions. So if one goes about it in the right way one can frolic outdoors to his heart's content this summer and avoid—well, most of the hazards, at least. Fear of snakes deters thousands of people annually from the enjoyment of summer camping and picnicking. But people who know snakes argue (1) that the proportion of poisonous to non-poisonous snakes is quite small—about 15 per cent., and (2) that all snakes with the exception of a few rare varieties are much more afraid of human beings than the other way around. Snakes will take the initiative almost every time in getting out of your way.

If the beach rather than the woods is your pleasure this summer then sunburn will easily qualify as your No. 1 menace. There's a bit of chemistry about suntanning that is well worth knowing. In the deep layers of the skin there is a brownish pigment called melanin which has much to do with determining the complexion. Dark-skinned people such as those living in the tropics have a large supply of melanin. Those with light skins—high blondes and redheads—have comparatively little. This melanin serves somewhat the same purpose in the skin as rock wool and similar materials serve between the walls of the house. It is an insulator. Specifically, it absorbs the ultra-violet rays of the sun, which are the chief offenders in the matter of sunburning. Sun-light increases the quantity of melanin, so that as one achieves a glamorous tan there is a corresponding immunity to sunburn. Persons with a good layer of melanin have nothing to fear from judicious exposure to the sun. Persons without it had best stay in the shade.

Taking Sunshine in Small Doses

Science Service, an adjunct of the National Academy of Sciences, advises you that the safe way to get a suntan is to take your sun in small doses while your system builds up the necessary supply of melanin. For all-over sunbathing in midsummer they recommend not more than five minutes exposure the first day ten minutes the second day and so on until the skin begins gradually to tan. And don't, they warn, be fooled by a cooling breeze or a light overcast of clouds. The ultra-violet rays get to you just the same in either case. It is important, experts on the subject agree, to keep the skin supple, and ordinary cold cream, olive oil or even vaseline will do the job quite as well as some more expensive concoction. Similar realism may be followed in treating the painful effects of a severe sunburn. This simple home-made remedy is vouched for by the Public Health Service: Into a half pint of hot water stir a level teaspoonful of boric acid powder, add twenty drops of carbolic acid and shake well. Dab this gently on the burned areas or spray with an atomizer.

Here are a few general rules of Summer conduct which the Public Health service, the Red Cross and your own common sense urge you to observe:

Dress appropriately to the weather; Drink plenty of cool water, adding a pinch of salt now and then if you have been perspiring freely; eat sparingly of meats and sweets; fill out the menu with vegetables and fruits; Watch your alcohol intake in hot, humid weather. Regardless of what Joe, the bartender, tells you, gin and rum are just as heating as Scotch or bourbon and large admixtures of ice cubes, lemon juice and mint sprigs do not reduce their caloric potency.

Don't court sunstroke and heat exhaustion by overexertion. Just because you feel exhilarated on your first day of vacation don't get the idea you have suddenly achieved mid-season form. And finally, have a good time—but do be careful.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 402 days and there have been 8,565 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 408 days and there have been 1,607 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Fund	*Amount Ch. $*	*Contributed £ Sterling*
Central British War Fund	857.00	67,817. 1. 1*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	1,656.00	193,090. 0. 5§
War Savings Association	62,744.45	160,262.17. 1‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

Too True

A HAIR on the head is worth two in the brush.

* * *

Waste of Time

"Yes, I've quit drinking for my health."
"Hmm, what are you drinking for now."

* * *

Bounced

HE: In dancing every muscle is brought into play.
GAL: Yes, that's why the bouncer chased us off the floor.

* * *

Lucky Boss

"In my office I have everything right where I can lay my hands on it."
"That pretty secretary of yours must be a wonder, then."
"Yes, she's got everything."

* * *

Going Places

HE: I woke up this morning and couldn't believe my uncle had left me a million. It seemed like a dream.
She: Oh, so he left you a million?
He: No, it was a dream.

* * *

The Berle-Ing Point

FINALLY closed at the Paramount after two very enjoyable weeks. I would have stayed two more but my mother got hoarse. (That's no laughing matter.)

Had them in the aisles all week—running towards the exits.

The ushers were swell. When I left last night they presented me with a nice letter telling me how much they enjoyed working with Red Skelton.

The stagehands sure have a strong union. Last night I dropped a $5 bill and they wouldn't let me pick it up until they called in their union delegate.

Understand that Broadway Rose went to Jones Beach over the week-end and every time she went near the ocean the tide went out—and stayed out.

Henny Youngman met a girl selling magazines in the lobby of the Astor hotel, so he took a few "Libertys." (From the picture 'He Who Gets Slapped.')

Saw two strip-tease queens walking down Broadway and one said to the other: 'My Your slip's showing!'

The reason 'Mickey' Hamilton, a very beautiful girl, married rotund Romo Vincent: She wanted to live off the fat of the land.

Somebody gave Marie Wilson a crazy quilt for her birthday, so she took it to a psychiatrist.

Robert Taylor knows a ritzy actor who was drafted into the army and brought his own chef with him because he didn't like the food.

Just bought myself two radios—one for commercials and the other to listen to entertainment.

Bette Davis: My Country Tears of Thee... Abe Lyman: Tall, Dark and Band-some...Cary Grant: Wool-worth the money...Richard Himber: Citizen Pain ...Greta Garbo: Tight Shoes ...Vic Mature: 'A Romantic Guy, I!'

Joe Louis made ring history. Likewise Peggy Joyce.

Just found out a new way to start friction. Rub two glamour girls together.

Eavesdropped at Westchester Bath Club: "There's a wedding ring in everyone of her kisses."

Eavesdropped at El Morocco: 'Three minutes of his dialogue is equivalent to two sleeping tablets.'

—By Milton Berle in "Variety."

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Good, hot sparks are an aid to quick starting—reduce strain on the battery. Discard worn-out spark plugs. Install new Champions and enjoy a peppy, responsive engine. They will soon pay for themselves in the fuel they save. Factories, Feltham, Eng. Windsor, Can. Toledo, USA.
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Install new Champion Spark Plugs!

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Your fingernails always are in evidence! To be long and lovely, they must have contact with the air. That's why Cutex Polish is so wonderful a help to brittle nails. It is porous—right through the polish your nails can drink in moisture from the air, as nature intended they should. Cutex is longer-wearing than ever. New fashionable shades, and old favourites are: Riot, Rumpus, Black Red; Cedarwood, Cameo, Rose, Laurel, Tulip, Clover, Old Rose.
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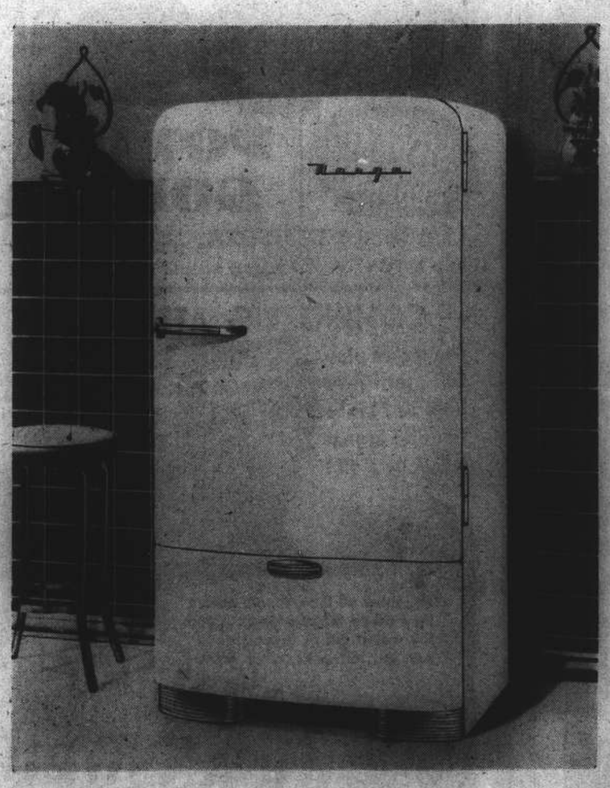

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Dodgers Hold Lead in Hectic National League Season

New York, Aug. 10.

BROOKLYN'S Dodgers tonight held on to first place in the hectic National League race after winning a twin bill from the Boston Braves while the St. Louis Cards were taking two straight games from the Pittsburgh Pirates. It was the fourth day that Brooklyn has remained ahead of the Cards by the narrow margin of .003 percentage points. Tomorrow the Dodgers take on the New York Giants and St. Louis tangles with the Chicago Cubs.

Brooklyn ran wild to win the opener, 14 to 4, and then blanked the Braves, 4 to 0, in the night-cap. Luke Hamlin was on the mound in the first game and although nicked for 13 hits, he kept them well scattered and coasted to his seventh win of the season. Joe Medwick led the batting attack by recording a homer in the fourth with one mate aboard. Phil Masi hit a four-bagger for the Braves.

Fred Fitszimmons recorded his fifth straight win in blanking Boston in the second game. He had tough opposition from Tom Early who held the Dodgers to four hits as compared to six allowed by Fitszimmons. Lewis Riggs, Brooklyn third sacker, connected with a homer for the winners.

Cards Tougher Than Pirates

The Pirates supplied tough opposition but failed to come through in the pinches; and the Cards tobk the first game, 3 to 2, and the night-cap, 4 to 2.

Ernest White recorded his 14th win of the season for the Cards but he failed to finish the game, being replaced in the ninth by Bill Crouch when the going got tough. White lighted the Pirates to five hits. Enos Slaughter, Card outfielder, came through with a homer in the fifth inning.

Morton Cooper went the full route for the Cards in the second game and though nicked for 11 hits, kept them well scattered and hurled shut-out ball until the seventh frame.

Charlie Root Disappointed

With Johnny Vander Meer on the mound, the Cincinnati Reds came through with a 3 to 1 win over the Chicago Cubs. Johnny yielded only seven hits. He was opposed by Charlie Root who lost the game because Bob Sturgeon and Lou Stringer made wild throws giving the Reds a pair of unearned runs.

Chicago fans were upset over the errors because it was "Charlie Root Day" and on the occasion they presented the veteran hurler with an automobile.

New York's Giants split a double-headed with the Philadelphia Phillies, winning the curtain-raiser, 5 to 4, and losing the second game, 4 to 3. Charlie Hartnett, in the role of a pinch-hitter, connected with a homer in the eighth with one mate aboard. Catcher Harry Danning also homered in the same inning.

Yankees Seem Unbeatable

New York Joe McCarthy's Yankees increased their lead to 14 games when they swept a double bill with the Philadelphia Athletics today while the Cleveland Indians were dropping a pair of games to the Chicago White Sox.

The Yanks took the opener, 11 to 2, and then rallied in the ninth to win the night-cap, 4 to 1. During the wild first game, Marius Russo fanned seven Athletics and every Yank hit safely at least once. The New Yorkers collected sixteen safe hits but none of them were of the circuit drive variety for which the Yanks are noted.

In the second game the score was knotted at 1-1 at the opening of the ninth. The rally started when Luman Harris hit Joe DiMaggio in the leg giving the "Yankee Clipper" free passage to first. Charles Kelly and Bill Dickey then came through with three-baggers and Phil Rizzuto produced a single to bring the Yanks total to four runs.

Indians in Big Slump

The White Sox took the opener from the Indians, 5 to 2, and then came back to push over a narrow 2 to 1, victory in the second game. The veteran Ted Lyons limited the Indians to six hits as he recorded his 11th win of the season. Ben Chapman was the batting star, getting a three-bagger, double and single which represented one-third of the Chicago runs.

In the second game Thornton Lee registered his 14th win of the season as he held the Indians to six hits. Lee hurled shutout ball until the seventh inning. Luke Appling recorded four hits Chicago and Bob Kennedy supplied three.

Sox and Solons Divide

Boston's Red Sox divided a double-header with the Washington Senators, taking the opener, 7 to 6, but dropping the second game, 8 to 2. The Red Sox piled up a three-run lead in the first inning, and though it often threatened they managed to slide through with a one-run margin. Joe Cronin and Bob Doerr homered for Boston while George Case contributed a circuit drive for the Senators.

Tigers Defeated

The St. Louis Browns rallied in the fourth and eighth frames to defeat the Detroit Tigers, 7 to 3. They were the only American League clubs without a double header scheduled. Lou Newson started on the mound for the Tigers but was replaced when the going got tough by Lynwood Rowe. It was Newson's 16th loss of the season as compared to eight wins.

Results of Play

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	13	2
Brooklyn	14	17	2
Batteries: Salvo, Frickson, Hutchings and Berres; Hamlin and Owen.			
Philadelphia	4	11	3
New York	5	10	1
Batteries: Hughes and Livingston; McGee, Adams, Melton and Danning.			
Pittsburgh	2	5	0
St. Louis	3	9	0
Batteries: Sewell, Sullivan and Davis; White, Crouch and Mancuso.			
Cincinnati	3	11	0
Chicago	1	7	2
Batteries: Vander Meer and Lombardi; Root and McCullough.			

NATIONAL SECOND GAMES

Boston	0	6	2
Brooklyn	4	4	1
Batteries: Earley and Berres; Fitzsimmons and Frank.			
Philadelphia	4	10	4
New York	3	11	1
Batteries: Johnson and Warren; Wittig, Adams and Danning.			
Pittsburgh	2	11	2
St. Louis	4	12	1
Batteries: Heintzlman and Lopez; M. Cooper and W. Cooper.			

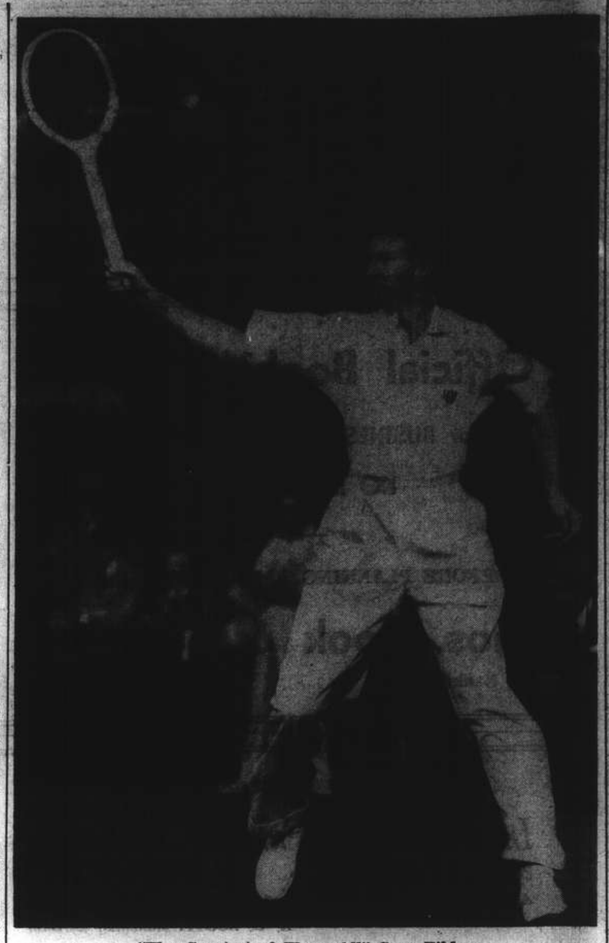
AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	11	16	0
Philadelphia	2	9	2
Batteries: Russo and Rosar; Knott and Hayes.			
Chicago	5	9	1
Cleveland	2	6	3
Batteries: Lyons and Tresh; Smith and Hemsley.			
Washington	6	12	0
Boston	7	14	0
Batteries: Sundra, Zuber and Evans; Johnson, Ryba and Peacock.			
St. Louis	7	15	0
Detroit	3	10	0
Batteries: Muncrief and Swift; Newsom, Rowe and Sullivan.			

AMERICAN SECOND GAMES

New York	4	7	1
Philadelphia	1	5	3
Batteries: Donald and Dickey; Harris and Wagner.			
Chicago	2	8	1
Cleveland	1	6	0
Batteries: Lee and Tresh; Bagby, Brown and Desautels.			
Washington	8	13	1
Boston	2	10	0
Batteries: Carrasquel and Early; Harris, Potter and Pytlak.			

(Called in the eighth inning on account of Sunday Law).—United Press.



"The Greatest of Them All" Says Tilden

Despite taking into consideration the feats of Ellsworth Vines and Fred Perry—and not forgetting himself—"Big Bill" Tilden considers Donald Budge the greatest tennis player of all time. A statement of this kind is bound to arouse a controversy, like the one which greeted Tilden's selection of Susanne Lenglen as the outstanding woman player the courts have ever seen.

Tilden Selects Don Budge As Greatest Tennis Player

"BIG BILL" Tilden, who recently aroused a storm of protest by naming the late Susanne Lenglen as the greatest woman tennis player of all time over the claims of Helen Wills Roark and Alice Marble, whom many regard as better than the French woman, has now created what might well be another controversy as far as the men players are concerned. He has just named Donald Budge as the greatest player the courts have ever seen.

Many followers of the game may disagree with him—remembering the feats of Ellsworth Vines and Fred Perry—but it must be admitted that Tilden should be something of an authority on the subject. He has played tournament tennis longer than anybody and, in fact, he may well claim the title of being the greatest player for he has ruled a few courts himself in his hey-day.

"Just a Natural"

There is no doubt that Budge is a great, if not the greatest player, for in his amateur days he won all the titles that are worth winning. One reason for Budge's success, as given by Tilden, is that he is a born player.

"Watch Budge in action," he is reported to have said. "Despite his 185 pounds, he is exceptionally fast. He is constantly moving his feet when waiting for the play, thus enabling him to make a quick break for the ball when he has diagnosed its direction. He is just a natural. Vines may have been more brilliant on certain occasions, but over the sweep of a season's play, Budge is the greatest of them all."

Open Tennis Debacle

The question of holding an open tennis tournament, in which both professionals and amateurs can participate, has been the subject of controversy for a long time, and Fred Perry, former British Davis Cup star and Wimbledon champion, has now come forward to voice his views as to why such a competition has not been held.

A professional himself, he blames his fellow money players. "Contrary to popular notion," he said, "the reason they don't have open tournaments in tennis on the same basis as golf, rests with the professionals, not the amateurs. If the professionals would go to the amateur association tomorrow and ask them to take charge of open tournaments instead of trying to force the hand of the amateur body, then I feel sure the idea would become a reality."

Amateur Control Desirable

As a solution to the problem, Perry suggested that the amateurs be allowed to remain in control, take all the gate, while guaranteeing the prize money for the professionals. After all, he declared, the amateur association has been successfully conducting tennis tournaments for several decades, establishing contacts all over the country with people interested in the future of the game, and are therefore in a better position to operate the open tourneys.

It is to be hoped that Perry's views would prove to be correct for there is no greater attraction in tennis than a competition in which both professionals and amateurs could meet.

4 Softball Games This Afternoon

The Texaco squad will be taking the field with a vengeance this afternoon when their clash with the Columbia Country Club should be the principal "A" division tussle of the Erin Villa Invitation Softball League. The latter who will be at home to the oil firm scored one of the first upsets of the season when they triumphed over Texaco in a first-round engagement.

The odds this time, however, are against the Columbians. Softball experts attribute Texaco's defeat to "just-one-of-those-things" and one thing each member of the team hopes is that it will not happen again. Lucy Knoch will probably take the mound and, with such stalwarts as Fira Gershevich Nicki Rhodes to back her there seems little of hope of the C.C.C. ladies winning.

Unattractive Schedule

On the whole, this afternoon's schedule does not appear to be too attractive inasmuch as the three leading teams, A.S.P. "A", Erin Villa and Foreign "Y" Reds being pitted against Mollers Ltd., Race Clubbers and A.S.P. "B" respectively, the prospects of closely contested games seem remote indeed.

The cellarites, Mollers Ltd. are in for a tough session in their clash with the defending league champions, the A.S.P. "A." Here two are extremes meeting and, should the Portuguese go all out, it would be no surprise if cricket scores are registered by them.

A slightly more interesting engagement should be the clash between the Foreign "Y" Reds and the second string of the A.S.P. The former have proven their worth over the Portuguese aggregation, having defeated them in an earlier engagement. The "Y" girls have a valuable asset in Madeleine Lespinasse who may be said to be among the outstanding twirlers. Meanwhile, the A.S.P. probably will depend on C. M. Gonsalves.

Meanwhile, on the Erin Villa diamond, Erin Villa should not encounter much difficulty in disposing of the Race Club and here again one may see scores one side of the book rising to high double figures.

Today's Fixtures

The schedule for this afternoon follows:

"A" DIVISION

5.45 p.m.—Erin Villa "A" *v.* Race Clubbers (E.V.).

5.45 p.m.—Texaco *v.* C.C.C. (C.C.C.).

5.45 p.m.—Mollers Ltd. *v.* A.S.P. "A" (R.C.).

5.45 p.m.—Foreign "Y" Reds *v.* A.S.P. "B" (P.C.).

TEAM STANDINGS

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	74	36	.673
Cleveland	58	46	.547
Boston	56	51	.523
Chicago	55	53	.509
Detroit	50	57	.467
Philadelphia	49	58	.458
Washington	43	61	.413
St. Louis	42	63	.400

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	60	37	.648
St. Louis	60	36	.645
Pittsburgh	58	46	.558
Cincinnati	56	48	.538
New York	49	51	.490
Chicago	46	60	.434
Boston	44	60	.423
Philadelphia	21	77	.260

—United Press.

Hawaii Swimmers Win N.A.A.U. Events

St. Louis, Aug. 10.

In a determined drive to retain the swimming championship for the third consecutive time in the United States National Amateur Athletic Union swimming meet, the Hawaii swimming team made a clean sweep yesterday by winning all places in the 1,500-metre freestyle and garnering the first two places in the 200-metre freestyle.

Results of the second day of the meet were as follows:—

200 METRE FREESTYLE

1. Bill Smith, Jr., Hawaii, 2 minutes 13.4 sec.
2. Takashi Hirese, Hawaii.
3. Paul Herron, Unattached Honolulu.
4. Michael Priano, Flatbush Boys Club Brooklyn.

300-METRE MEDLEY RELAY

1. Tower Club, Chicago, 3 min. 29.1 sec.
2. Hawaii.
3. San Francisco Athletic Club.—Dome.

Records Broken

Bronzed swimmers from Hawaii swept through the final day of the Amateur Athletic Union's swimming meet with a grand flourish that put a convincing touch on their string of victories throughout the three-day tournament, breaking two national records in the process.

National records were hung up in the 800-metre freestyle by Kiyoshi Nakama with a time of two minutes 6.2 seconds, and in the 300-metre medley by Jose Balmores with the time of three minutes 56.9 seconds.

Adolph Kiefer provided the lone break in the string of Hawaiian swimming victories with a triumph in the 100-metre backstroke, Events and the times of the winners were as follows:

100-metre freestyle, Takeshi Hirose, Hawaii, one min. 1.1s sec. Otto Jaretz, Chicago Towers Club; Dell Prew, Detroit Duck Lyon, California Athletic Club.

100-metre backstroke, Adolph Kiefer, Chicago Towers Club, one min. 6.3 sec. Fred Gass, Dallas Athletic Club; Bruce Donaldson, Washington Athletic Club; Bob Tribble, Nuanu Y.M.C.A.

200-metre breaststroke Jose Balmores, Hawaii, two minutes, 45.5 sec. Counsilman, St. Louis Y.M.C.A. Carlos Rivas, Honolulu; Ralph Wright, Unattached.

400-metre freestyle Bill Smith, Hawaii.

800-metre freestyle Kiyoshi Nakama, Hawaii, 10 min. 6.2 sec. Bill Smith, Hawaii; Bunnei Nakama, Hawaii; Charles Oda, Hawaii.

300-metre medley, Joss Balmores, 3 min. 56.9 sec.

800-metre relay, Hawaii, Hirose, Balmores, Oda, Smith, 9 min. 14.9 sec. Pasadena Athletic Club; Huntington Y.M.C.A.; Viviera Club.

10-metre diving, Earl A. Clark, Ohio States University; Sammy Lee, Occidental College; Norman Spear, Jr., Santa Barbara; Harry Pes, Santa Barbara.—Dome.

Close Race Seen In Softball

Homers by Godkin and Benavitch and tricky twirling by Parkin proved to be too much for the Texaco squad who could not do better than garner four runs against the Race Club's 11, yesterday afternoon when they clashed in an "A" Division tussle of the Shanghai Softball League.

Meanwhile, at Columbia Country Club, the home team were extended by the Chamber of Commerce before they were able to emerge victorious, 4-0. The third fixture was held at the Race Course where the Buccaneers continued their winning streak by trouncing the Foreign "Y" Cubs by the one-sided count of 9-2.

Five Runs in First Inning

With Smith, Texaco hurler, not quite in stride in the initial inning, the Jockeys touched him for five runs. Godkin played an important role here by slamming the ball for a circuit. It was apparent that the Race Clubbers were in fine batting form and during the entire seven innings they connected more consistently than did the losers.

With two men on bases Benavitch clouted the ball well over the heads of the outfielders. This happened in the seventh and with eight runs already to their credit, these three runs sealed the issue.

A neat double play was seen in the sixth when a member of the Texaco team grounded out to Benavitch, second to first, both out.

Glimpse of Glory

In a game which was far more closely contested than the scores appear to indicate, the Buccaneers showed a glimpse of their title-winning form of last year by whipping the Foreign "Y" Cubs.

The fine pitching of "Dud" Squires combined with the good hitting by the team, particularly Sullivan, paved the way to an early lead for the Buccaneers. The outcome of the battle was more or less decided when they scored seven runs in the first three innings.

Erratic fielding in the first inning by the Chamber of Commerce enabled the Columbia Country Club to garner three runs in the first inning. These three plus one in the third were all the runs scored during the game. When the losers tightened up on their fielding after the disastrous opening inning tussle rose to interesting heights.

Complete Results

The detailed results follow:—

"A" DIVISION

Race Club	5	0	0	0	2	1	3	—11
Texaco	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	— 4
Bucs	0	3	4	0	2	0	x	— 9
"Y" Cubs	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	— 2
C.C.C.	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	— 4
C. of C.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	— 0

"A" DIVISION

	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Race Club	7	6	1	.857
Bucs	6	5	1	.833
C.C.C.	8	6	2	.750
C. of C.	8	4	4	.500
"Y" Cubs	6	2	4	.333
Texaco	8	2	6	.250
S.F.X.	6	0	6	.000

1500 Metres Record Broken by Swedish Runner

Stockholm, Aug. 11.

The Swedish long-distance runner, Gunder Haegg, has established a new record for the 1,500 metres by covering the distance in 3 minutes 47-6/10 seconds.

The previous holder was the New Zealander, Jack Lovelock, whose time was 3 minutes 47-8/10 seconds. —Reuter.

Japan May Abolish Toyama Baseball

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The "Hochi Shimbun" reported today that the Toyama Prefecture Physical Education Federation has accepted a resolution recommending abolition of "imported western sports, including baseball," while calling for the revival of native sports, including wrestling, in order to build up the Japanese physique.—United Press.

PARC DES SPORTS
TO-DAY AT 8.00

The Municipal Orchestra in Koukaza Park
(Entrance Route Voyron)
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, at 9.15 p.m.
GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT
PUCCINI—VERDI
Arias and Quartets from "Boheme", "The Girl of the Golden West", "Turandot", "Rigoletto".
Singers:
Mmes: R. TAFANOS, Sop.—M. L. KLEMANN, Sop.—S. RAPP, Alt.
Messrs: J. FRUCHTER, Tenor—M. WARSCHAUER, Baritone.
Orchestral Selection from "Madams Butterfly", "Tosca", "Traviata", "Vespri Siciliani".
Conductor: Maestro MARIO PACI
SPECIAL PRICES: Booking at the Alliance Francaise, Route Vallon 11.

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED
CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
That 1941-derful Hit!
MERLE OBERON
DENNIS MORGAN
Kitty, Griff's boy friend!
Gayer, more glamorous!
RITA HAYWORTH
"Affectionately Yours"
She's new Strawberry Blonde!
with RALPH BELLAMY · GEO. TOBIAS JAMES GLEASON
ALSO: "Isles of Enchantment"
COMING ATTRACTION!
COMMOTION ON A VACATION!
THRILLS! GASPS! LAUGHS! MYSTERY DRAMA
The SAINT'S VACATION
rudely interrupted by a band of international plotters out to learn the secret locked in a mysterious dispatch box... All NEW adventures — but the same old dirty work at the crossroads! With
HUGH SINCLAIR · SALLY GRAY
CECIL PARKER · ARTHUR MACRAE · LEUEEN McGRATH GORDON McLEOD
SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES of the CATHAY, GRAND, NANKING or DOWNTOWN at SAM LAZARO BROTHERS!

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED
NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
1941's Biggest Musical Fun Show!
STEWART GODDARD
POT O' GOLD
CHARLES WINNINGER. HORACE HEIDT and HIS MUSICAL KNIGHTS
ADDED ATTRACTIONS: "Popular Science" and Travelogue all Colored
— COMING BIG ATTRACTION! —
She makes play boys turn pay boys . . . in the year's biggest laugh pay-off!
She knew all the answers before they asked the questions . . . and she was a girl of few words . . . but oh...oh...oh...what action!
SHE KNEW ALL THE ANSWERS
starring JOAN BENNETT · FRANCHOT TONE
with John HUBBARD · Roy ARDEN · Wm. TRACY
A COLUMBIA Picture

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED
GRAND TELEPHONE 3...
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Fast on the trigger Nolan finds pretty Lynn! When they meet . . . how those comebacks crackle!
PIER 13
with LYNN BARI · LLOYD NOLAN JOAN VALERIE · DOUGLAS FOWLEY
ADDED ATTRACTIONS
"MOVIETONE NEWS" "MAGIC CARPET"
$1.50, $2.50, $3.50 $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50
OPENS TO-MORROW!
"THE WAGONS ROLL AT NIGHT"
THRILLS YOU NEVER KNEW EXISTED... HAPPEN RIGHT BEFORE YOUR EYES!
BOGART SYLVIA SIDNEY EDDIE ALBERT JOAN LESLIE
—BOOKING NOW OPEN!—

AIR-COOLED and AIR-CONDITIONED
ROXY TEL 60227
TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
MIGHTIEST DRAMA OF FRISCO'S MOST DARING DAYS!
CLARK GABLE
as Boss of the Barbary Coast
JEANETTE MacDONALD
as Queen of the Dance Halls
SPENCER TRACY
as the Fighting Priest!
SAN FRANCISCO
with JACK HOLT · JAMES BURKE · SHIRLEY ROSS
A REISSUE
NEXT CHANGE!
THEY MARRY IN HASTE ...AND KISS AT LEISURE!
Remember "The Walls of Jericho" in "It Happened One Night"? Well, they tumble again as Jimmy takes heavenly Hedy on a kinless honeymoon! But Hedy doesn't stay unkissed long!
James Stewart · Hedy Lamarr
in Clarence Brown's production of
"COME LIVE WITH ME"
with JAMES HUNTER · VERREE TEASDALE · DONALD MEEK
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Picture

"The Silent War" Against the Nazis Forcing Hitler's Hand

By John Harford in a Radio Talk Over Station XCDN

"ECONOMIC pressure has already forced Hitler to take action against Russia and thus expose himself to the gravest risk he has yet had to face.

"Economic pressure is the silent warfare that is waged by the forces of Great Britain and her allies against Germany principally in the form of blockade. It is an undertaking managed by the Ministry of Economic Warfare and I propose to tell you something of how that Ministry works and something of the personalities of the men who run it.

Supplies which the Nazis lack in crude war materials such as nickel, rubber and copper; for these they have to use substitutes which are expensive from the point of view of cost, labour required or manpower, and transportation. Another and most vital war material which they lack is oil, and of this they cannot fully supply their needs from the substitute manufactured in Germany.

About half Germany's normal supplies of fats come from abroad and as far as food is concerned the Nazis have always regarded the Ukraine as an indispensable part of their economy.

"The Ministry's job is to cut off the sinews of war, including of course food, from Germany.

Royal Navy's Part

"Approach by sea across the Atlantic was cut off by the Royal Navy when war began. Approach by way of the Mediterranean through Italy was cut off as soon as Italy entered the war. Approach through Russia was cut off when the Nazis invaded that country.

"Germany has plundered her immediate neighbours and still gets small quantities of goods from outside Europe through Spain, France and Turkey, but in the main the blockade now completely cuts off Germany from the outside world.

"The Ministry works ceaselessly to make the blockade more complete and more effective and they are in close collaboration with the Bomber Command who receive advice from the Ministry on industrial targets in Germany and occupied Europe.

"'Bombs and Blockade', said Dr. Hugh Dalton the Minister for Economic Warfare, are a good combination. Having forced the Nazis to use ersatz products we can then bomb the factories where these ersatz products are made."

Striking From the Air

"In this war we don't have to stop at the German frontier. We can carry the blockade right into the heart of Germany by striking from the air.

"Places like Hamm, Aachen, Cologne, Dusseldorf, Gelsenkirchen, are continually cropping up in the news as targets of attack by the R.A.F. The reason being that the Ministry has nominated them as vulnerable points.

"By putting out the lights of Hamm for only one hour' said Hugh Dalton, "we can disorganize the German railways for many hours, even for days. When Hitler's war machine is on the move this may be a decisive stroke.

"The Nazis' reply to the blockade was to attack British and Allied shipping in the hope that they can prevail where the German U. Boat campaign in the last war failed.

U.S. Cooperation

"This was a gamble which they seemed to think had a chance of succeeding, but they reckoned without the growing cooperation of the United States, which may well prove to be the decisive factor in the success of our economic warfare.

"The only way in which the Nazis can attack the blockade is by counter blockade and there is no doubt that the threat of this which has been made by the Nazis' attack on shipping in the Atlantic is already with American help being effectively countered.

"The Minister for Economic Warfare is Dr. Hugh Dalton one of the outstanding labour representatives in the British Government.

"He was trained as a Barrister but devoted himself principally to the study of economics and has held many important positions in the teaching of this subject on which he is an acknowledged authority.

Effective Debater

"His knowledge of his subject and his commanding manner make him an effective debater in the House of Commons. 'Be vigorous frank inventive and courageous—now' was his advice to the Chamberlain Government in the Spring of 1940. Precepts which himself since he became Minister has carried through with the utmost energy.

"Dr. Dalton represents Bishop Auckland in Parliament and has held office before having been Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in the last Labour Government. In the last war he served with the Royal Artillery in France and Italy. He is a man with experience of practice as well as of theory.

"The Head of the permanent staff of the Ministry is a man well known in China, Sir Frederick Leith Ross, for a long time Chief Economic Adviser to the British Government. The Under Secretary is Mr. Dingle Foot one of the coming younger men.

"These are men controlling one of Britain's most important and vital weapons and the ability with which they do so will be a great factor in determining the length of the war.

Welfare of Victims

"One of the tasks of the Ministry apart from attacking the Nazis where they feel it most is to prepare for the welfare of Hitler's victims as soon as they are freed from his control.

"Surpluses of essential commodities are being built up so that supplies for the starving peoples of Europe will be available at the moment they can receive them.

"Post war relief under the slogan of 'Food for the Free' is a problem which the Ministry is attacking with the cooperation of the British Commonwealth of Nations and the United States.

"Total blockade is the weapon with which the people will be freed and the best way to help them is to free them in the shortest possible time."

Invasion Training For N.E.I. Youth

Batavia, Java, Aug. 11.

Native and European youth in the N.E.I. are receiving training, as well as military and other groups, for the eventuality of invasion. Reserve officers of the Netherlands Indian Army have been detailed to schools to conduct the training on a semi-military basis.

National spirit in the youth group is not being neglected. Thousands of copies of the "Wilhelmus", Dutch national anthem, have been distributed with an explanation of the text of the words at many school centres.

Other patriotic hymns are receiving similar "shots in the arm." The popular song, "Netherlands Shall Rise Again," is being widely circulated. The melody is the same as the former national anthem of Friesland, province of Holland.

Java's Own Song

Java, too, has its own song, and 38,000 copies have been sent to youth groups throughout the island. The Dutch Indian Department of Education will soon see that every school child has a copy of the booklet, "The Five Days of the Netherlands," which describes the German invasion on May 10, 1940. The brochure has been published in the United States, as well as many other countries, and will be translated into Malay, Sundanese and Javanese.

Lectures on Defence

Starting with the new school semester extensive lectures on the defence of the Netherlands Indies will become a regular part of the curriculum.

Though N.E.I. officials feel that the large native population of the Indies is fairly aware of what is happening regarding the war, and the debacle of Holland, they believe that emphasis on nationalism at this time is advisable.

The situation in the Far East at present is surprisingly clear to the educated native classes, but the Netherlands Indian Government wishes every subject of Queen Wilhelmina to be cognizant of developments from day to day.—United Press.

Czechoslovakian Food Situation Serious

Jerusalem, Aug. 11.

Food supplies in Czechoslovakia are becoming steadily worse, according to well-informed foreign circles here, who state that even regular civil rations are frequently unobtainable. In Bratislava the position is so bad that angry housewives daily cause disturbances in front of the supply office.

Several persons have been imprisoned in Slovakia in the last four weeks on charge of being communists, it is reported, but actually few are communists, the majority being faithful supporters of the Czechoslovak Republic.

Goods traffic has decreased by over three-quarters during June owing to sabotage.

A decree has been published in Belgrade introducing compulsory labour for all between 17 and 45, because German attempts to persuade Serbian peasants and workers to go to work for Germany on a promise to be well fed and well paid, have met with no success.—Reuter.

Former Child Cinema Star Married

Minden, Nevada, Aug. 11.

Mr. Jackie Cooper, 26, former star of the silent picture era and at present a draftee in the United States Army, yesterday was married to Miss Flower Parry, 19. The ceremony was witnessed by Miss Virginia Langdon, daughter of the comedian Mr. Harry Langdon. The party returned to San Francisco, where the newly married couple will begin their honeymoon.—United Press.

R.A.F. Raid on Comines

The above Air Ministry photo the beginning of the R.A.F. attack on Comines during a daylight sweep on Northern France, with the power station as the principal objective. Objectives are numbered, No. 1 being the boiler house; 2, the pump house; 3, the water circulating pipes; 4, the turbine house and 5, depicts the first bomb bursts.

Tokyo Silent on Thai Situation

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Japanese official quarters today continued to maintain silence concerning warnings from Washington and London regarding Thailand other than the admission made recently by Mr. Koh Ishii, spokesman for the Cabinet Information Board, that the ABCD Powers were attempting to encircle Japan. Certain well-informed quarters, however, said that since Japan has repeatedly declared that her policies toward Thailand are peaceful, it was unlikely that any Government statement would be forthcoming.

The "Kokumin Shimbun," asserting that Anglo-American insinuations that Japan was menacing Thailand's independence constituted "too serious a matter to be ignored in silence," urged the Government to "break silence and torpedo Anglo-American false propaganda."

Speaking the Truth

The "Kokumin" said that in the event this silence was too long lasting, the impression would be created that Britain and the United States were speaking the truth, causing "a disturbing influence upon unsettled East Asia," notwithstanding the claim that Britain and the United States actually were menacing Thailand.

The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun" reported from Bangkok that Great Britain, according to Chinese sources, has urged Thailand to ban exports of rice, rubber and tin to Japan. Britain was said to be also demanding that Thailand refuse to grant military bases to Japan, that pro-Japanese Thai officials be ousted and that economic relations with Japan be terminated. In return, Britain will restore "certain" Burma territory to Thailand, it was said.

The "Asahi Shimbun" London correspondent said that British policy *vis-a-vis* Japan until spring had been to make efforts to avoid war in the Far East in order to prolong the European war. The despatch, however, stated that this attitude had changed radically since outbreak of the Russo-German war and it was stated that Britain would not hesitate to fight in the event that Japan marched further south.

Britain Ready to Fight

The newspaper's correspondent attributed this change to the newly gained confidence of Britain concerning ultimate defeat of Germany despite any Far Eastern developments. The despatch, however, said that Britain was depending upon United States power, and as a result Japan must watch American moves.

The "Hochi Shimbun" charged that British military preparations toward Thailand were not merely for the purpose of defending Singapore but constituted a positive gesture in order to draw Thailand, "which loves peace," into the British-United States-Dutch East Indies-Chungking anti-Japan encirclement formation.

Coincidentally, the "Miyako Shimbun" published a special despatch from San Francisco stating that the departure last week of six American tankers to Australia where the United States Navy is storing an auxiliary oil supply was significant as part of the widely-reported anti-Japan encircling formation. The despatch said the tankers will meet en route other heavily laden steamers carrying war supplies to Rangoon, after which all will proceed to Australia under convoy.—United Press.

Aluminium in Kweiyang

Chungking, Aug. 10.

Important deposits of bauxite, principal source of aluminium, have been discovered near Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow.

A sample of this newly discovered mineral was found to contain 55 per cent. of pure metal.—Havas.

Nichi Nichi Urges Japanese Leaders To Be More Frank

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The "Nichi-Nichi Shimbun" today made a strong appeal to the Government for more frankness with the people. In an outspoken editorial, the journal asked the Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, to "talk over his ideals with the people," asserting that the minds of the masses were actually sensitive to developments and events. The journal declared that this tendency was specially pronounced in war time.

The "Nichi-Nichi" warned that rumours and false reports which the Government had been fighting were due in great part to ignorance of "things that should be known."

Co-operation of People

Though admitting that there was no need to let the people in on everything, the article emphasized that there was information that should be made public and information that should be kept secret, and warned that the mere negative policy withholding knowledge from the people would not win the co-operation of the people.

Suggesting that the people were more aware of the emergency nature of current developments than the Government, the "Nichi-Nichi" accused the authorities of sticking to ordinary methods of "ordinary times" when times were extraordinary and methods should be the same.

The "Nichi-Nichi" as examples, pointed to the Administration's failure to select men for the Overseas and Railways ministerial portfolios which were still being held concurrently, as well as a permanent Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.

"We perceive and feel the pressure of the times and believe it necessary to scrap peace time spirit and adopt emergency methods. The biggest responsibility for the task falls on the Government," the "Nichi-Nichi" concluded.—Domei.

New Cabinet Ministers Expected in Tokyo

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Japanese press reports today stated that because of the "too serious" situation confronting the Cabinet, which has been doing its utmost to cope with the new international situation, there have been demands for strengthening of the Government in political circles.

The Government, the report said, was expected to appoint a full-time Overseas and Railway Ministers which are at present being held concurrently by Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, Foreign Minister, and Mr. Shozo Murata, Communications Ministers.—United Press.

Japanese From Kenya Sells His Giraffes

Tokyo, Aug. 10.

Unable to export his savings from Kenya, East Africa, Mr. Imae, an overseas Japanese, upon return to his home country brought with him five giraffes. On his arrival in Japan he was granted permission to land his animals only upon the condition that he would re-export them within a period of three months.

With the enforcement, however, of the freezing order in United States and Great Britain and some other countries Mr Imae found this virtually impossible. The Finance Ministry therefore permitted him to dispose of his strange herd in Japan. It is believed that the animals will be sold to Zoos in Kwansai district. The price per head is about Y.15,000.—Havas.

Anti-Fascist Slogans on Walls of Berlin Suburb

Moscow, Aug. 10.

Nearly every morning residents of Wedding—workers' suburb of Berlin—read on the walls of many houses large signs of "Long live free Germany," "Long live Moscow," "Down with fascists." The head of the Gestapo, Himmler, has set all the Berlin secret police in action. Day and night storm troopers search for the daring anti-fascists who write these slogans on the walls. Special Gestapo observation posts are set up near many houses. But all this is of no avail. The anti-fascist signs appear again and again.—Tass.

Golden Jubilee of Marists in North

Peiping, Aug. 10.

A jubilee of great historic significance was that held at the Provincial House of the Marist Brothers here on August 7 to commemorate the 50th anniversary of this community in China, the Lumen agency reports.

High spot of the Jubilee was the Pontifical High Mass sung by the Rev. Paul Montaigne Vicar Apostolic of Peiping.

Many of the area's lay Catholic leaders were present for the mass as was also the Rev. Msgr. Alfred Bruniera, representing the Apostolic Delegation, the Rev. Alfonso Schnusenburg, Delegate and Visitor-General of the Franciscans in China, the Rev. George Marin, Visitor-General of the Jesuit missions in this country, and numerous representatives of all the religious establishments of the city.

Remarkable Feature

A remarkable feature of the celebration was that all of those who guided the destinies of the community since 1900 are still alive and were present for the Jubilee. No less than 56 Marist Brothers have devoted 25 or more years to the welfare of youth here, while 46 of them have at least 35 to their credit and seventeen no less than forty years.

To these must be added seventeen Chinese brothers who have shared in the work for at least a quarter of a century—ten of them for periods ranging from 30 to 47 years. Not one of these veterans but shows marks of worry, hardships, danger and persecution (eight of their number were martyred), but still they are young with their thoughts fixed on the future with its tasks and opportunities. All of their works in the North were destroyed in 1900. Strikes and other difficulties made various schools close down in different parts of the country; the school in Nanchang was annihilated when the five teaching Brothers there were killed in 1900.

Number of Pupils Trebled

Still, the community now has a total of 22 schools for lay pupils of which five are here three in Tientsin, five in Shanghai, three in various cities of Shantung, one in Hankow, one in Chungking, one at the Trappist establishment in Yangkiaping and three in Ceylon. The number of pupils has more than trebled to 10,868 in the last 25 years while the number of Brothers has been almost doubled to 215 of whom 88 are Chinese and 7 are natives of Ceylon. Not included in these figures are ten novices who were received in the Congregation on Golden Jubilee Day, August 7.—Havas Telemondial.

Admiralty Announces Loss of Destroyer, H.M.S. Defender

London, Aug. 11.

The British destroyer Defender, which was attached to the China Squadron about three years ago, has been sunk, but no details are hitherto available.

An Admiralty communique on the subject said: "The Board of Admiralty regrets to announce that the Defender (Lieut.-Commander G. L. Farnfield, R.N.) has been sunk. There was no loss of life in the Defender."

The destroyer was of 1,375 tons, and her main armament was four 4.7-inch gun.—Reuter.

Wang Ching-wei Donates $100,000 for Relief

Canton, Aug. 10.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, President of the Nanking Government, donated $100,000 to the Fukien Provincial Relief Association for the relief of refugees in the vicinity of Foochow, it was learned today.—Domei.

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road Tel. 17100
LAST 3 SHOWS TO-DAY!
At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
ZORINA in
"I WAS AN ADVENTURESS"
Richard GREENE Peter LORRE Erich Von STROHEIM
—$1, $1.30, $1.60—
OPENS TO-MORROW!
"QUEEN OF THE MOB"

DOUMER Tél. 70765
To-day Only, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
$1, $1.50, $2.30 (Reserved)
Request Repeat of Soviet Film
"LUCKY FISH"
To-morrow: "TOVARICH"
Charles Boyer and Claudette Colbert

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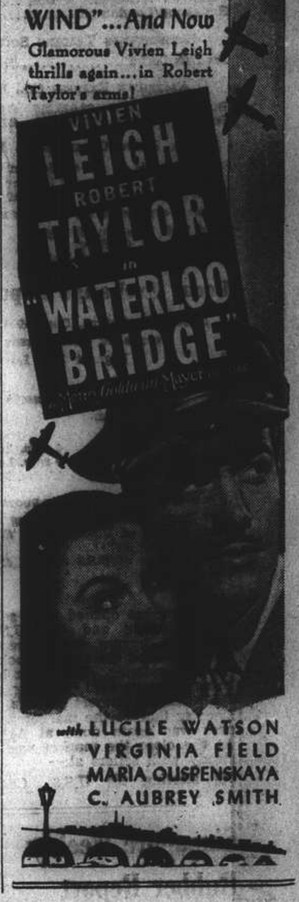
745 AV. FOCH TEL. 74456
3 Shows To-day!
At 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.
Admission: $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
"GONE WITH THE WIND"...And Now
Glamorous Vivien Leigh thrills again...in Robert Taylor's arms!


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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

MONDAY, AUGUST 11, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 2 1/16d.	$ 84.39
U.S. $100 @ 4 3/4	$2,105.26
Guilders 87/8	$100
Rupees 15 3/4	100
Pesos 9 1/2	100
Hongkong $187 3/8	100

Closing rates unchanged.

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 2 1/16d.	$ 61.70
U.S. $100 @ 5	$2,000.00
London—demand, $1=	2 1/8d.
4 months' sight credits	3 1/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 3/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 5/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 1/8d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5.1/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 1/8

Closing rates unchanged.

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 1/2 U.S. $1=59.48d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 2 3/32d. U.S. $4 15/16
Hongkong/London 1/3

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ..... Selling 87/8

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$2,025.316 £1=$80.000
Selling U.S.$100=$2,105.263 £1=$84.395

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling Rate @ 9 3/4 per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 208 per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing CRB$ or $2 794 @ 212
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $5.924

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 5/32	Lowest 3 3/32
U.S. $	4 1/16	4 3/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
	Aug.		Aug.
£ T.T.	2 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.	2 1/32
U.S.$ T.T.	4 3/4	4 m/s. l.c.	4 7/8
Rs. T.T.	15 3/4	15 d/s.	16 3/8

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Aug. 9 4.03 1/2
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 4.02 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 4.02 *
*—Nominal.

The market opened with sellers at 2 3/32d. sterling and 4 1/16 U.S.$, but merchant buyers soon appeared at this level and the market took on an easier tendency. Interbank business being done at 2 1/32d. sterling and 4 1/32 U.S.$. Later outport set-offs gave a steadier tone to the market and business was again done at 4 1/16 U.S.$. At the close the market was quietly steady with sellers at:—

2 1/32 sterling 4 1/32 U.S.$ Cash/Sept.

Singapore Weekly Rubber Report

Singapore, July 24.

Since our last report, very little business has been transacted, as the market is still endeavouring to adjust itself to the new American policy of a fixed price and only one buyer. A small amount has been done for shipment to Vladivostok, but so far this has been of no magnitude.

Latest quotations to hand are as follows:—

Spot 38 5/8 cent, up 1/8 cent.
London 13 3/4d., unchanged.
New York 22 1/2 U.S.A. cents, up 1/4 U.S.A. cent.

The following are details of American statistics for last month (in tons):—

	June 1941	May 1941	June 1940
Stock on last day of month	339,100	364,100	168,200
Afloat on last day of month	175,500	147,500	119,100
Consumption	84,900	71,200	46,500
Consumption of Reclaimed Rubber	22,600	21,400	15,800

At the auctions held yesterday, there was a good demand for all grades. Of 830 tons catalogued, 785 tons were offered and 590 tons sold.

The following is the course of values:—

In Singapore per lb.

Ribbed Smoked Sheet:—	
Standard Quality	38 5/8—38 7/8
Good Average Quality	37 3/4—38 1/4
Fair Average Quality	36 3/4—37 5/8
Off Quality	34 5/8—36 1/4
Sheet Cuttings	34 1/2—34 5/8
Crepe:—	
Fine Quality Pale	No Sales
Standard and slightly inferior	37 1/4—38
Off-Colour Latex	35 —36 1/4
Light Brown and Brown (Clean)	34 3/4—35 1/2
Milling Grades:—	
Cuttings and skimmings	34 3/4—34 1/2
Tree Scrap	33 1/2—34 1/4
Brown and Dark Crepe	29 —34 3/4
Dark Crepe (Earth Rubber)	33 1/4—33 3/4
Virgin Lump	21 1/2—31 1/2

U.S. Gold Imports Lowest In Years

Washington, Aug. 11.

Gold imports totaled $4,838,603 in the week ended June 11—one of the smallest weekly totals in recent years, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

In the preceding week, the total was $6,254,395, the Commerce Department said.

Principal shipment was $4,031,041 from Canada.

Silver Imports

Silver imports also were unusually low at $650,035. Mexico sent $389,027 and Canada $38,708.

Exports were $6,054 of gold and $8,148 of silver.

Foreign gold deposits under earmark in the federal reserve banks declined $3,861,066 to $1,915,786,070.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Aug. 11.	Sales	Prices p.m.		Closing
		10 a.m.		
Atoks		.37		.37
Antamok		.04	B	.043 B
Bagtuo Gold		.155	B	.155
Batong Buhay		.045	B	.045 B
Big Wedge		.45	B	.455 B
Coco Grove		.0625	B	XD .0675
Consolidated Mines		.0038	B	.0038 B
Demonstration		.03		.03 B
East Mindanao		.035	B	.0375 B
I. X. L.		.19		.18 A
Ipo Gold		.11	B	.11 B
Itogen		.18	B	.18 B
Mambulao Consolidated		.01	A	.01 A
Masbate Consolidated		.065	B	.0675 B
Mine Operations		.025	A	.025 A
North Camarines		.015	B	.015 B
Paracale Gumaus		.25	B	.25 B
San Mauricio		.165	B	.165 B
Surigao Consolidated		.19	B	.19 B
Suyoc		.10	B	.1025 B
Syndicate Investment		.022	A	.022 A
United Paracale		.16	B	.165
Mindanao Motherlode		.36		.35
Manila Hsi-Alai	9,00		B	9.00 B
Benguet Consolidated	3.70		A	—"

(over the counter)
Turnover 82,500 Pesos.
Shares Index 46.03.
The market will be closed tomorrow.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market was active yesterday, with rubbers taking a large amount of the business. After a steady opening, prices kept on the upward trend until near the close when there was a slight reaction. Chengs were heavily traded, opening at $1 and going as high as $1.32, to close at $1.30. Kelantans also had a good turnover, opening at $0.87 and going to $1.06, to close at $1.02.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
466.70	105.32	General	311.24	+ 1.05
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	259.77	+12.72

Total 1,074,995 shares, 2,607 bonds.

Morning Session

Yangtsze Finance				1000	18.10
1000	18.20	500	*18.20	1500	18.30
1000	18.50	1000	18.40	1000	18.50
S'hai Loan		2500	21.00	1500	20.50
1000	*20.25	4500	20.25	1000	*20.00
500	20.00	1500	*20.25	1500	20.25
6000	20.50	7500	20.75	500	*20.75
3000	21.00	500	*21.00	1000	20.75
I. I. Trust		500	29.85	500	29.50
Central Prop.				600	20.50
China Realty		1500	12.20	5000	12.30
1000	12.40	1000	12.50	2000	12.60
1000	12.70	1000	*12.70		
S'hai Land		16500	16.50	3000	*16.80
4500	16.60	1000	16.70	4000	16.80
1000	*16.90	7000	16.90	500	*16.80
1500	19.00	1000	*19.00	1000	16.90
4500	19.00	5000	19.10	500	*19.00
1500	19.20	12000	19.30	7500	19.40
6500	19.50	2000	*19.50	2000	19.60
6000	19.70	500	19.80	500	*19.60
2500	19.60	10000	*19.50	3000	19.50
Dockyards		1300	26.75	600	26.50
1300	26.75	100	*27.00	3600	27.00
1700	*27.25	3300	27.25		
Asia Navigation		3500	14.10	2500	14.20
1000	*14.10	5000	*14.20	6000	14.30
500	*14.30	6500	14.40	4000	*14.40
1000	14.50	1000	*14.50		
Ewo Brewery		1000	7.70	1000	*7.70
500	7.65	3000	7.70	3500	7.75
Wheelock		300	95.50	2500	95.00
1000	*95.00	300	*96.50	200	*95.50
1900	95.00	1700	95.50	200	*95.50
200	*96.00	100	*96.50	500	96.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)		200	36.75	200	36.50
5600	36.25	1100	*36.25	2500	36.00
900	*36.00	700	*36.50	2000	*36.50
4100	36.75	100	*36.75	600	*37.00
6100	36.75				
Textile		1000	8.40	500	*8.40
2000	8.45	500	8.50	1500	8.55
Worsted		500	5.65	2000	5.70
4000	5.75	1000	*5.75		
C. G. Omnibus		400	18.50	200	18.70
200	*18.80				
Telephone		500	31.25	100	31.50
Paper		6000	5.20	4500	5.25
2000	5.30	500	*5.30	4000	5.25
Lumber		400	90.50	1000	*90.00
800	*90.50	1800	91.00	2800	90.50
500	*91.00	3500	90.50		
Metal		1300	34.00	1000	*33.75
1800	*33.50	4900	33.75	300	*34.00
200	*33.75	4000	34.00	200	*34.00
300	*34.25	1900	34.25	900	34.50
3300	34.75	1200	*34.50	500	*34.75
1800	34.50	100	34.75	500	*34.75
Exploration		7500	25.00	5500	24.75
3000	*25.00	500	*25.25	14500	25.00
12000	25.25	2500	*25.50	2000	25.50
2000	25.75	3000	25.00	4500	*25.25
12500	26.00	3000	25.25	1500	*26.00
Anglo Dutch		400	17.10	300	17.50
100	17.40	200	17.30	300	17.40
200	17.50				
Anglo Java		200	30.25	100	*30.25
1600	30.50	700	30.75	500	*30.75
1100	34.25	700	31.50	300	31.75
200	31.25	2400	31.50		
Batu Anam		1000	1.60	3000	1.65
1000	1.64	10000	*1.66	3000	1.64
Bute		2000	7.50	500	7.60
Chemor		1000	2.27 1/2	2000	2.40
1000	2.37 1/2	1000	*2.40	5000	2.35
Cheng		5000	1.00	1000	1.08
1000	1.04	1000	1.10	1000	1.08
2000	1.10	22000	1.16	31000	1.18
3000	*1.16	1000	*1.17	1000	1.16
14000	1.18	8000	1.20		
Consolidated				500	7.85
Java Consolidated				2000	8.10
Kroewoek		14000	2.07 1/2	5000	2.10
Kota				100	5.50
Langkat		400	20.75	200	21.00
600	*20.50	300	21.25	1200	21.50
100	21.25				
Repah		1000	1.30	1000	*1.32
1000	1.38				
Rubber Trust				3500	12.00
Samarang		1000	1.90	2000	1.94
2000	*1.94	1000	1.92		
Semambu				2000	1.90
Senawang		5000	*2.32 1/2	1000	2.30
4000	2.32 1/2				
Kedah				500	10.50
Kelantan		5000	0.87	1000	0.88
2000	0.90	4000	0.95	2000	0.98
1000	0.97	1000	0.95	2000	0.94
15000	0.95	1000	*0.96	1000	0.96
2000	0.94	2000	*0.94	4000	0.95
6000	0.96				
Tanah Merah		1000	3.37 1/2	3000	3.50
Tebong		3000	1.46	1000	1.44
6000	1.48	14000	1.50	3000	1.52
14000	1.54	1000	*1.54	1000	1.52
6000	1.54				
Ziangbe		200	20.00	500	19.60
200	19.80	400	19.50	600	19.60
Power 5½% Debs.				15000	97.50
S. M. C. 6% 1941				232800	*101.00

ODD LOTS

Yangtsze Finance				30	18.10
Navigation				100	14.20
Paper				50	5.10
S'hai Loan				80	20.50
Telephone				70	31.25
Ewo Mills				25	36.00
S'hai Gas				25	16.50
Exploration				100	25.50
Worsted				100	5.65
S'hai Land		200	18.90	100	19.00
100	18.40				

Afternoon Session

Yangtsze Finance		500	18.60	500	18.50
1000	18.40				
S'hai Loan		2000	*20.75	4500	21.00
1000	*21.00	1000	21.25	2000	21.00
I. I. Trust		500	30.00	1000	29.75
Central Prop.				100	20.75
China Realty		1000	12.70	1000	12.90
1000	13.00	500	*13.00	500	12.90
1000	12.80				
S'hai Land		1000	*19.60	1000	*19.70
1500	19.80	500	20.00	4000	19.90
1000	*19.80	5500	19.80	4000	19.90
500	*19.90	5000	19.80	500	*19.70
6500	19.70	6000	*19.60	4000	19.60
1000	19.50	500	*19.50	500	19.80
5000	19.50	3500	19.60	1000	*19.70
Dockyards		1200	*27.50	2100	27.50
1000	27.25				
Asia Navigation		1000	14.50	1000	*14.60
2500	14.60	1000	*14.50	500	14.40
500	14.30	500	14.40		
Ewo Brewery		2000	7.75	1000	*7.75
Wheelock		100	95.50	1200	96.00
200	*96.00	600	*96.50	400	96.00
900	96.50	100	*96.50		
Ewo Mills (Ord)		1800	37.00	2000	37.25
1500	*37.25	1400	37.00	3900	*36.75
200	*36.75				
Textile		500	8.50	500	8.60
Worsted				1000	5.80
Tram (Bearer)	£1			200	42.00
500	*42.00				
C. G. Omnibus		100	18.80	500	18.90
400	18.80	300	18.70		
Telephone		1700	31.50	300	*31.50
S'hai Gas				1000	17.00
Paper				2000	5.25
Lumber		500	*91.00	500	90.50
1100	90.00				
Metal		2800	34.75	600	*35.00
900	34.75	700	34.50	100	34.50
200	34.25	200	34.50		
Kaiping				100	39.50
Exploration		2500	26.50	1500	*26.50
1000	26.25	2500	*26.25	5500	26.50
7000	26.00	500	*26.00		
Anglo Dutch		100	17.50	300	17.70
200	17.60	400	17.50		
Anglo Java		200	*31.50	100	31.75
200	32.00	300	31.75	600	31.50
100	31.00	200	31.50	100	31.75
Batu Anam		1000	1.66	1000	1.64
Bute				500	7.70
Chemor				2000	2.40
Cheng		6000	*1.22	1000	1.24
6000	1.26	2000	1.28	10000	*1.28
2000	1.30	21000	1.28	8000	1.30
2000	1.32	9000	*1.30	40000	1.28
1000	*1.28	6000	1.30		
Consolidated		1000	8.00	1500	*8.00
500	8.20	7000	8.15	1000	8.20
Kroewoek		2000	2.10	1000	2.15
5000	2.10				
Kota				4000	5.50
Langkat		100	21.50	1200	21.75
800	21.50				
Repah		1000	1.40	2000	1.38
2000	1.38	4000	1.40	2000	1.42
Rubber Trust		500	12.20	500	12.40
500	12.30	1000	12.40	2000	12.30
500	12.10	500	12.20		
Samarang		1000	1.96	6000	1.98
Senawang				2000	*2.36
Kedah				1000	10.50
Kelantan		7000	0.96	4000	1.00
3000	1.02	6000	1.04	2000	*1.06
2000	1.04	15000	1.02	1000	*1.06
Tanah Merah				1000	*3.65
Tebong		1000	1.56	2000	1.58
Ziangbe		1000	19.80	600	*19.80
100	*19.90	1100	19.80	200	19.70

Economist Predicts A Mixed System

Estes Park Colo., June 26.

—Eugene Staley, Massachusetts economist, says capitalism can continue only as a "mixed system" of democracy and socialism with the government maintaining the stability of the U.S. economy, even if Hitlerism is destroyed.

If the United States "opens a shooting war at once, Hitler may be defeated and we would have a good chance" to build such an economic system, Mr. Staley told the opening session of the Citizens' Conference on Government Management last night.

If Hitler wins, capitalism will die all over the world, said the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy economist from Medford, Mass.

Says Capitalism Safe

Disputing Mr. Staley's contentions, President Emmett F. Connely of the Investment Bankers Association of America asserted that capitalism is safe regardless of who wins the war if taxes do not obviate future capital investment.

The functions of government and private enterprise, Mr. Connely said, must be clearly defined "so that at no point does the government compete with private capital when private capital can properly do the job."

The conference, sponsored by Denver University and the Alfred P. Sloan foundation, heard Staley declare that "if capialists persist in trying to return to what was normal before the European war started, they will sink their own system in the United States—even if Hitler is defeated."

Staley's concept of the economic future of the U.S. he said, would be "neither the unregulated capitalism of old nor doctrinaire socialism."

Government's Duty

Rather, the Government would be charged with preventing disastrous depressions and preserving, somewhere within the framework, machinery to permit private enterprise to work.

"America would not keep free of world power economy if Hitler wins," Staley said. South America would be the new Balkans in a war on a world-wide scale. And there would be no nonsense at all about private trade."

Mr. Connely held that emergency measures used for defence should be treated as scaffolding that can be torn down when no longer needed, leaving the national economic structure intact.....

Private enterprise should not function in production for destruction. Nor can private enterprise devote itself to uneconomic expansions of industry to meet emergencies. That, obviously, is the task of government. The load of losses entailed in such enterprises must clearly be commonly borne by all the people.

Big Jump In Use of Rubber In U. S.

New York

The Rubber Manufacturers Association reported that domestic consumption of crude rubber in the first five months of this year exceeded consumption for the entire year 1932, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

A leader among raw materials vital to national defence, crude rubber was brought into the country in substantially larger volume in May but consumption for the month also showed a big jump over the same period last year.

May use was estimated by the association at 71,187 long tons against 71,374 in the preceding month and 54,513 in May, 1940. For the five months consumption was 340,266 tons against 269,467 in the 1940 period. The rubber industry used 332,000 tons in the full year of 1932.

Imports

The association estimated gross imports reached a new high in May at 106,159 tons, a rise of 67 per cent over April's 63,305 tons and 106 per cent over the imports of 51,571 tons reported for May, 1940. The previous monthly high for imports was 98,366 tons in December, 1940.

Total domestic stocks, including Government reserves, at the end of May, were 364,107 tons, highest since July, 1934, and compared with 329,767 in April and 148,881 a year ago. Amount afloat was 147,459 tons.

Situation In Movie Industry Serious

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Reliable circles claimed today that representatives of American motion picture producers had informed the Herron Hays office in New York that permits for expenditures of frozen funds in the National City Bank here have been refused.

It was understood the authorities were requesting the movie companies to use Japanese banks, but the latter refuse to open new accounts except in Japanese names.

It was considered likely that all subjects except cultural ones will be eliminated from American motion picture shipments.

One company has received a letter from the staff asking that 55 per cent of the stock be transferred to them, plus guarantees of non-dismissal for any reason. Executives here indicate the situation is serious.—United Press.

Mexican Railway To Be Rebuilt

Mexico City, Aug. 10.

President Avila Camacho decreed today that the Tehuantepec Isthmus railway is to be rebuilt completely at a cost of Pesos 12,000,000.

Eighty trains daily, carrying defence materials from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, will run on the new line. Oil will be the main defence material carried.

Well-informed quarters asserted that the huge quantities of oil which it is impossible to transport from California to the East coast of the United States by sea owing to the shortage of tankers, will be sent over the Tehuantepec Isthmus railroad thus shortening considerably the trip. The strategic importance of this railway, they consider, is "equal to that of the Panama Canal."—Havas telemondial.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn, 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash	$1.607
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	300
Shanghai cotton .... per picul	255 picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$7.000 Nom.
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	$29.00
Flour, imported .. "	32.65

Power (Pref)		25	137.50
H. & S. Bank		5	Hk.$1.355.00
S. M. C. 6% 1941		12000	101.00
ODD LOTS			
S'hai Land	100 *19.60	100	20.00
Culty Dairy		40	39.75
Kedah		100	10.40
Asia Navigation		200	14.40
China Realty		100	12.80

*—Direct Business.

League of Nations Price Statistics

The May issue of the League of Nations monthly bulletin of statistics gives detailed statistics of the trend of prices in a large number of countries since the beginning of the war.

Apart from Germany, wholesale prices in all European countries for which indices are available had risen more than 30 per cent. by the end of the first quarter of 1941. In the United Kingdom and Sweden, the rise was in the neighbourhood of 50 per cent., in Norway and Switzerland, about 60 per cent, and in Denmark it reached 80 per cent. In Germany where price control has been particularly severe, the official index-numbers of wholesale prices show an increase of 5 per cent. only.

As regards outside European countries, the index-numbers of Mexico remained practically stable, the general level of wholesale prices increased in the United States by 8 per cent., in South Africa, Canada, Chile, Argentine, India, the Netherlands Indies and Japan by about 20 per cent., in Peru by 30 per cent., Egypt 40 per cent, and Palestine 50 per cent.

The increase in retail prices lagged, as a rule, behind that of wholesale prices; in many cases, it was only half of the latter.

Cost of Transport

Obstacles to trade, heavy increase in the cost of transport and a rise in the price of certain raw materials have resulted in a growing dispersion of prices as between domestic and imported goods and as between raw materials and finished products. The following examples show the percentage increase, between August 1939 and March 1941, in the price of imported goods as compared with that of domestic goods, the figures for the latter being shown in brackets: Bulgaria 64 (37); Denmark 105 (65); Spain up to December 1940, 32 (20); Norway 84 (27); Sweden 105 (export prices 38); Switzerland 85 (34).

The disparity of price movements as between agricultural products, raw materials and finished products was insignificant in Germany; it was likewise small in Canada as regards import and export prices of raw materials and finished products. In Argentine, the prices of agricultural products, which constitute the bulk of the country's exports, were severely affected by the loss of European markets; they dropped by 15 per cent. between August 1939 and January 1941, whereas non-agricultural goods went up to 28 per cent. during the same period.

Staple Commodity Prices

Quotations of staple commodities on the United States markets advanced markedly as from the middle of March 1941, the rise in the next two months often equalling and in some cases exceeding the rise in the previous 18 months, as is shown below:—

Per Cent. Increase Between:	Cotton	Hides	Rubber	Cottonseed Oil	Tin	Lead
31-8-39 and 28-2-41	24	21	15	14	5	13
28-2-41 and 15-5-41	22	14	19	67	2	4
	Wheat	Maize	Lard	Pork	Sugar	Cocoa	Coffee
31-8-39 and 28-2-41	22	38	4	22	8	45	14
28-2-41 and 15-5-41	18	17	55	12	8	25	20

New York Weekly Market Report

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

"Trader" in "Barron's Weekly," deplores the lack of leadership in low-priced rails and specialties and no signs of lasting movement, with the market likely to relapse into its earlier stages of accumulation rather than rise.

Investment trusts are disposed to sell on strength; for instance, the sale of 8,000 shares of Westinghouse Electric and the recent concentrated selling of General Electric.

United Aircraft shipments were trebled, yet the half-year net profit for shares were off 10 per cent. as the Company set up a 78 per cent. Tax Reserve of net before taxes.

The Treasury proposal for removal of allowances for depletion was especially disturbing to the oil group, which many regarded as an ideal inflation hedge.

Also deflating inflation psychology was the estimate that the changeover of industry from civilian to defence production would temporarily increase unemployment by 25 per cent.

State Control Over Stock Exchange

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Morning papers today predicted that State control over the stock exchange will be inaugurated by the Government in the near future on the recommendation of the General Mobilization Investigatory Council.

The recommendation of such a measure is expected to be made this afternoon at the 17th plenary meeting of the Council at the Premier's official residence at 2 p.m. The measure is expected to take the form of restrictions on the range of daily fluctuations and share price.—Domei.

Power Alcohol

The Australian Federal Government has decided, as a first objective, to produce 22,000,000 gallons of power alcohol a year.

This will be made up of 7,000,000 gallons from existing anhydrous distilleries, 5,000,000 gallons from existing rectified spirit distilleries, and 10,000,000 gallons from distilleries to be erected.

Bank of France

Vichy, Aug. 11.

The Bank of France yesterday resumed publication of its weekly statements after nearly two years of interruption due to the war. The statement credited France with holdings of 84,597,593,843 francs in gold which includes the total quantity which had been shipped to New York and to Martinique during and prior to the armistice.—United Press.

Britain to Recruit Skilled Labour From America

AMERICA'S great reservoir of skilled man power is to be tapped for service on the British civilian front.

In a drive to recruit many thousands of American technicians for the servicing of war equipment in the United Kingdom, the British Government has established headquarters in New York City for the establishment of a civilian technical corps.

Receiving both the approval and aid of the United States Government, the new corps will perform a service on a par with that of the American worker who turns out a big bomber or the American seaman who patrols the submarine-infested waters of the North Atlantic, it is said.

Although the British announce that many types of defence equipment are in need of skilled hands for maintenance and repair, they say that the American corps will be principally devoted to taking care of the new and secret radio-locator whereby Britain hopes not only to eliminate all serious bombing of Britain but also to overcome the submarine and surface raider menace.

Recruiting Programme

The technicians are to be recruited on a voluntary basis, and their contracts will assure them that they will be called upon for no sort of military duty whatsoever. They will sign for three years or for the duration of the war, although if, at any time, the United States Government should require their services, they will be returned to this country immediately.

While wearing a distinctive blue uniform and marked with a special service badge, the corps will not be subject to military discipline and will be headed by an American commandant. The commandant has not yet been chosen, and the British hope to obtain a man who has had experience with both the British and American armies but is now in civilian life.

The types of technicians particularly are the following:

Radio mechanics and engineers.
Electrical technicians.
Fitters of all kinds.
Instrument makers and repairers.
Watchmakers and meter mechanics.
Metal workers.
Wiremen and ships' electricians.
Sound engineers.
Machine tool setters and operators.
Automobile mechanics.
Ordnance and engine-room artificers.

Needs Explained

In explaining what was wanted, Air Commodore George C. Pirie, the British Air Attaché emphasized that while the technicians should have a thorough grounding in their line of work they need not be experts. He said that a man with perhaps two years' experience with radio would be well equipped to begin the training course outlined for corps' members and that many of America's radio amateurs would be ideal.

After application, the volunteers will undergo technical and physical examinations. Following acceptance they will be given special training courses in Britain, although this advanced training may some day be given on this side.

While the work is expected to have an appeal for both the adventurous and those anxious to strike a strong blow against totalitarianism, the British point out that it will provide an unequalled opportunity for training and study in work that will be important after war. This is said to be particularly true of the new radio-locator.

Volunteers will be paid, in addition to free board and lodging, at the rate of $38.65 per week for chief foremen and at the rate of $24.12 per week for basic workers. During a short training period required for certain trades, workers will receive, in addition to free board and lodging, a probationary rate of $21.11 per week.

If volunteers desire, facilities will be provided under which part of their pay will be allotted to dependents at home. Arrangements will be made for payment of such funds in this country.

Vacation Periods

Vacation periods will be provided, consisting of three weeks (or 18 working days) a year for chief foremen, and two weeks (or 12 working days) a year for other workers. The civil contract, which accepted volunteers will be asked to sign, also provides for the return of volunteers to this country upon completion of their employment.

In the event of disablement or death, the men or their beneficiaries will receive compensation at the same rate given to members of the Royal Canadian Air Force and their dependents. In the event that a man is killed, his beneficiary will receive $720 (Canadian) a year.

Commodore Pirie said that the Corps was made necessary by the fact that radio-locators were now being produced in such quantity that Britain could not supply the men necessary to service them. Asserting that its importance as a protection against night bombing could not be overemphasized, he said that it largely accounted for the number of Nazi bombers now being shot down.

The Commodore held out great promise for the secret radio-locator, saying that it was being used on planes as well as on the ground and that it had potentialities for use against submarines and surface raiders. He said that there was evidence that the Germans had a device that might resemble it somewhat but that it did not appear to be anywhere near as efficient.

Plans Given to U. S.

He also disclosed that the radio-locator had been given to the United States Air Corps. This was presumably done under the exchange of military information provided for in the lend-lease measure.

When a newspaperman asked Commodore Pirie if the 13,000 technicians mentioned in the newspaper story was the number the British were driving for, he replied that they hoped to get over double that number or as many thousand as would volunteer. He said that it was estimated that there are from 70,000 to 100,000 Americans fitted to do the work.

French Envoy Returns Home From Russia

Vichy, Aug. 11.

The French Ambassador to Moscow, M. Gaston Bergery, and his American wife, the former Miss Bettina Jones, arrived at Vichy yesterday from Lyons, concluding a trip from Moscow begun nearly a month ago. The last stage of the trip from Sofia took two days via Milan, Marseilles and Lyons.

The Ambassador was accompanied by eight members of his staff and other French residents of Moscow.

M. Bergery denied that the recent railway accident in Bulgaria which delayed the French party was "a diplomatic accident." He showed photographs to prove the wreck was serious.

Mr. Bergery was received by both Marshal Henri Petain and Admiral Jean Darlan, Vice-Premier, to whom the French Ambassador made a detailed report.—United Press.

Importance of F.D.R.-Churchill "Meeting" Discounted

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Discounting the importance of the rumoured Roosevelt-Churchill meeting, possibly to conclude a secret agreement on anti-Japanese measures, the "Yomiuri" declared today "East Asiatic problems will not be decided outside East Asia.....It is time for Great Britain and the United States to forget their past dreams."

Asking "Why has acceptance of the request by Vichy to aid in maintaining French Indo-China's territorial integrity met with so much displeasure?" the "Yomiuri" declared, "Japan's action was only proper for a country which has the security of East Asia at heart....Britain and America have failed to reflect on their own conduct."

The paper pointed out that the "joint defence" agreement was concluded primarily because Great Britain and the United States attempted to put military pressure on French Indo-China, instigating the De Gaullist and the Chungking factions, as well as massing troops along the frontier.

Alleged Military Preparations

The "Yomiuri" added that the situation was aggravated by increasing military preparations against Japan. The paper then voiced confidence that the attempts of the ABCD Powers to lure Thailand into the anti-Japanese camp will fail.

"It cannot be expected that Thailand, who already is suf

FROM DAY TO DAY

At 8.20 p.m., today station XMHD, wavelength 760 kc. and frequency 395 metres, will present another talk given by George Ashton, in our programme "Have you heard?"

Several roads in the West Hongkew district were still partly flooded yesterday, although passable for vehicles. These were North Soochow, Kaifeng, Kansuh and Alabaster Roads.

The ninth annual conference of the China Chemical Society will be held in Chengtu on August 30, and will last five days, says a Chengtu message to the "Shun Pao." Preparations are now being made for the conference.

A Chinese female jumped off the Kiangse Road bridge at 1.37 a.m. yesterday. Her body was taken out of the river and an ambulance was called out to convey her to hospital. She died before reaching the Shanghai Sanitarium Clinic.

The speaker at this week's Rotary Club meeting on Thursday at 12.15 at the Metropole Hotel, will be Dr. Luis S. Huizenga. He will address the club on the problem confronting the Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Shanghai.

The Central China Silk Yarn Company, Sino-Japanese joint-stock company, which bought the Glen Line building for US$500,000, will remove to that building shortly from its present offices in the Mitsui Bank building on Kiukiang Road, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

A Ford car, bearing licence 3556, was very badly damaged when flames broke out in Lane 617 Seymour Road at 12.20 p.m. yesterday. Houses 13 and 15 in the lane were slightly damaged. The call was answered by Sinza Fire Station and the flames were extinguished in less than half an hour.

Southern Anhwei areas are now enjoying a bountiful harvest says a Tunki message to the "National Herald." About 90 per cent. of the summer crops are expected to be harvested, the report adds. In view of present favourable weather conditions, a bountiful harvest is also expected in the autumn.

A new feature on Tuesdays at 7 p.m., from station XCDN is the Russian commentary. Later, at 9.30 p.m., during the Symphony Concert, the second of Sibelius' Symphonies will be played—No. 2 in D major, opus 43. It is planned, as announced in Radio Flash recently, to play one symphony by Sibelius every other Tuesday.

A messenger of a Chinese firm was robbed of $8,060 he was taking to a native bank at 9.10 a.m. yesterday when, while riding his bicycle along Peking Road, The hold-up, perpetrated by three men, two of them armed with pistols, occurred just as the messenger reached the Koo Ka Loong. No shots were fired by the robbers who escaped with the loot.

General Chang Chun, Chairman of the Szechuen Provincial Government, and concurrently Secretary-General of the Supreme National Defence Council, left Chengtu for Chungking by plane on Sunday, to attend to official duties, says a report to the "Cheng Yien Pao." General Chang Chun was accompanied by Mr. Ho Pei-heng, Director of the Food Control Bureau, the report states.

The health report of the French Municipality for the week ending August 9, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession was —Foreigners 8 and Chinese 219. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, typhoid fever and tuberculosis one each, Chinese, tuberculosis 32; typhoid and paratyphoid fever 21; dysentery 9; pneumonia 8; beri-beri 3 and cerebrospinal meningitis one.

The Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight August 9, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement was—Foreigners 17 and Chinese 848. Deaths from notifiable diseases were Foreigners, tuberculosis 2 and typhoid fever, amoebic dysentery, bacillary dysentery one each, Chinese, tuberculosis 55; typhoid fever 44; dysentery 12; beri-beri 7; choleraic diarrhoea 4; cholera 3; typhus fever 2 and smallpox, influenza, malaria one each.

The New York "Editor and Publisher" recently in a leading article on Australian newsprint, said: "A copy of an Australian newspaper, printed on paper produced by the new Tasmanian plant, has just reached New York. The paper, of excellent quality, is slightly darker in colour than American newsprint. 'The venture is a brave one, and the operation of the plant about three months ago marks the realization of a dream that began before the first World War. It seems probable that the courage of the newspapers' publishers will reap a reward in a very few years' time."

A large cement factory is now in the process of construction at Taiho, Kiangsi province, under the three-year economic reconstruction plan of the Kiangsi Provincial Government, whereby a number of light and heavy industries are expected to be sponsored, says a message to the "National Herald." The factory buildings are now nearing completion and all the necessary construction materials as well as machinery are now being supplied by the Industrial and Mining Department of the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the "Chinese National Government."

Wearing a blue cloak fastened at the neck with a gold clasp embossed with the Lion of Judah and mounted on a charger, an Irishman is leading an army of Abyssinian patriots, writes a Press Association correspondent from East Africa. He is Captain Thomas Hetherington Henfrey, who has seen service in the Kyber Pass, Saudi Arabia, and Italian Somaliland. The only Europeans with him are his second in command and an N.C.O. His chief of staff is an Ethiopian who was trained at St. Cyr, the French military college. The captain's men are called "Henfrey's Scouts," states the "Manchester Guardian."

The Shanghai Fire Brigade report for the month of July shows that seventy calls were received during the month, 54 proving to be genuine fires, six being false alarms (two with malicious intent), and nine being special emergency calls. One involved the burning of rubbish. The damage at fires which the Brigade attended within the Settlement and Special Rated Area was estimated at $255,684. Three lives were lost at fires, while civilian injuries at fires and special emergency calls numbered twenty. Three firemen were injured at fires. During the month, the emergency ambulance service answered 756 calls and 772 patients were conveyed to various hospitals.

Axis Powers to Hold Important Conference

Rome, Aug. 11.

A conference of eight European nations aimed at solidifying the Axis in Europe against Great Britain, the United States and Soviet Russia was reported here yesterday as likely to take place within the next fortnight. The countries represented would be Italy, Germany, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria, Finland, Slovakia and Croatia.

The meeting was reported to be prompted by the growing intervention on the part of the United States, and the increasing cooperation of Britain, Russia and the United States.

It was understood that plans will be made to pool armies, economic resources, food supplies and other sinews of war of these eight countries for construction of a tripartite war-machine in the event the United States becomes involved in the conflict.

Some observers suggested that the reported presence of Finnish representatives at the conference meant that Finland would sign the Tripartite Pact soon. The conference will also mark the international debut of Croatia.

Russia Main Item

In view of the fact that all eight countries are considered able, at least morally, to fight against Russia, it was pointed out that Russia would be bound to be the main item on the agenda. United States aid to Britain and Russia would receive special attention.

The conference was also seen here as the first step toward construction of the foundation of the new Axis order in Europe, in which such conferences will replace the League of Nations meetings at Geneva.

Secrecy was being maintained regarding the meeting place, but it was generally believed the conference would be held at Vienna which is becoming a sort of Tripartite "centre" or at Venice, which also is becoming a "conference city" of the European Axis powers.—United Press.

Nazis Planning to Restore Monarchy In Finland

Stockholm, Aug. 10.

It is being stated in foreign journalistic circles that the Germans are planning the restoration of monarchy in Finland and transformation of Finland into a vassal state. A correspondent who lately returned from Germany tells that a high official of the German ministry of foreign affairs stated that Mannerheim fully supports the German plans. Prince Friedrich Karl of Hessen and his son Philipp of Hessen are named candidates for the throne. The former was proposed by the Germans as candidate for the throne even at the end of last world war. His son Philipp is an active Nazi. He bears the title of Gruppenfuehrer of Stormtroops and is Oberpresident of Hessen and Nassau Province, Prussian State Councillor and honorary President of the German-Italian society. He is married to the daughter of the Italian King Emmanuel the Third. As stated in Nazi circles his prominent standing in Germany and kinship with the Italian Royal House are a pledge to the "successful execution of his functions as the future King of Finland."—Tass.

"Schicklegruber" Told Peace Offensive in U.S.A. Doomed

London, Aug. 11.

The Nazi peace offensive due to start in America today is doomed before it is born, said Mr. Quentin Reynolds, American journalist, broadcasting last night. He said orders had been given to Continental newspapers to publish speeches by American "isolationists."

Addressing Hitler throughout as "Mr. Schicklegruber—a name which was yours until you changed it before the last war," Mr. Reynolds stated that Britain knew all about the new peace offensive. It died before it was born. Publicity by Goebbels' agents had been arranged to begin on Monday.

"They will say now that the new order has been established, where is peace in Continental Europe, and American interference or aid would result in civil war in countries which are now happy under German protection. If America persists in helping Britain it will mean chaos on the continent."

"In countries in which you hold temporary sway, there is not peace but paralysis," Mr. Reynolds added.—Reuter.

U.S. Ready to Release Some Japanese Funds

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

The United States Embassy yesterday informed the Foreign Office and Finance Ministry that the United States is prepared to release funds of Japanese officials in the United States provided that American officials in Japan receive reciprocal treatment. Japan has already released British funds on a similar basis, and was expected to accept the United States proposal.—United Press.

Border Demarcation Group Leaves Bangkok

Bangkok, Aug. 10.

Five Thai members of the Thai-French Indo-China Border Demarcation Committee, headed by Colonel Phra Silpa Sastrakom, Chief of Staff of the Thailand Army left by train for Saigon this morning.

It was understood that the first full meeting of the Thai French Indo-China Border Demarcation Committee is due to take place on August 20 at Saigon.—Domei.

North China Travellers To Be Inoculated

Peiping, Aug. 10.

In order to check cholera epidemics in north China, authorities of the North China Railway department have notified all land and water transport companies that all travellers entering north China from central China must be inoculated against cholera the "Sin Min Pao" reported here.—Havas.

American Cruisers Leave Australia

Brisbane, Aug. 11.

The two United States heavy cruisers, the Northampton and Salt Lake City, which arrived here unexpectedly last Tuesday on a training cruise, sailed yesterday.

Their destination was not disclosed.—Reuter.

Nazis Concerned Over Increase of Sabotage

Stockholm, Aug. 10.

It became known here that the German authorities are gravely concerned with sabotage and wrecking activities lately developing at factories and plants. A recent explosion at one of the biggest plants has put out of commission an important shop for a long time. The wastage in industry is extremely high especially in the production of machine parts and spares. Careful investigation revealed that foreign workers imported by Germany from the occupied countries are involved in sabotage and wrecking activities.

In this connection many foreign workers were arrested or transferred to unskilled occupations. Arrivals from Germany state that all these measures failed to check sabotage. It is very difficult to find the offenders since the German workers too participate in the organization of acts of sabotage. At present the import of foreign workers is being cut down despite the acute shortage of labour in connection with the mass mobilization of older classes of reservists. It is stated that Himmler sanctioned the new regime for foreign workers who must always remain under strict surveillance.—Tass.

Norwegian Guerillas Active

Moscow, Aug. 10.

A Norwegian guerrilla detachment commanded by Larsen continues successful operations in the white Finnish rear in north Finland. The guerrillas blew up several bridges, annihilated German-Finnish garrisons of three frontier settlements, destroyed two Finnish ammunition trains. It is reported that lately Larsen's detachment has greatly increased in numbers. Finnish peasants are joining the guerrillas too. Larsen's detachment has established connections with several guerrilla groups.

Yugoslavian Resistance

Guerrilla detachments courageously fight German-fascist troops in Yugoslavian mountains and forests. Yugoslavian patriots ever more frequently attack large units of German and Italian occupation armies. Recently several guerrilla detachments simultaneously attacked two battalions of German-Croatian regular troops and completely smashed them. The fascists lost about 250 soldiers and officers killed and wounded. The guerrillas captured five light mountain guns, two anti-aircraft installations, seven machine guns, nearly 200 automatic rifles and sub-machine guns 20,000 rounds of ammunition. The guerrillas have mastered the German arms and make good use of them in fighting the occupants. In the course of last week, using captured German anti-aircraft machine guns, the guerrillas brought down three fascist planes. The German punitive detachments encounter the guerrillas' stiff resistance at every step. One fascist unit was travelling from Zagreb to Novsk for three days and nights because a single gauge railway was damaged in 12 places by guerrillas' detachments and the Germans had to spend much time in repairing the track. Each time it cost them several lives as the guerrillas attacked the fascists repairing the track.—Tass.

Conditions in Iraq, Syria Improved

Simla, Aug. 11.

As a result of the very successful series of operations carried out in Iraq and Syria by British and Indian troops during the past three months, the situation in these two countries has improved materially, according to well-informed quarters.

The followers of the Axis and Vichy have been routed on the field and the agreements concluded with the Iraqi and Syrian Governments ushered in a new era of peace.

Although the storm and stress of the battlefield have passed away, this does not mean that Indian troops throughout the country have now no active soldiering to do.

Besides routine duties, constant patrolling has to be carried out, particularly in desert regions, to ensure safety to the lines of communications and depredations from bands of bad characters, who are ever on the lookout to fall upon the unwary traveller.—Reuter.

Germans Growing More Unpopular in Rumania

Ankara, Aug. 10.

According to reports received here, the war into which the Antonescu Government embroiled Rumania is extremely unpopular among the Rumanian population. Rumania hates the German occupants whose stay in the country daily aggravates the population, deprives it of legal rights and leads to increased poverty.

It is reported that now only cornbread can be obtained in Rumania. Reports confirm that tremendous fires broke out in Ploesty, as a result of the bombardment by the Soviet air force.—Tass.

Economic Problems Discussed

Bucharest, Aug. 10.

Vice-Premier Michael Antonescu conferred today with Dr. Karl Klodius, German economic expert, on economic problems of interest both to Germany and Rumania.

The Vice-Premier later received Baron Manfred von Killinger, the German Minister, and Signor Bova Scoppa, the Italian envoy to Rumania.—Havas Telemondial.

New Japanese Naval Appointments

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

Rear-Admiral Koji Matsuyama was appointed Commander to the Kure Bluejacket Corps, and Capt. Teizo Niiba was appointed Commander of the Maizuru Bluejacket Corps, the Navy Office announced this afternoon.

Rear-Admiral Matsuyama was born in Wakayama Prefecture and was formerly commander of the warships Susaki, Kinugasa and Takao. He was also at one time Chief of the second fleet of the Japanese Navy.—Domei.

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For Freights and passage Rates apply to

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BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Regular Service to United Kingdom Ports.

Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Regular Service to Australia from Hongkong.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Regular Service to North and South China Ports, Hongkong, Manila, Siam, Indo China, Straits Settlements, Territory of New Guinea, Solomon Islands.

For further particulars, freights and passage rates, please apply to:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund Agents Telephone 82020

SHIPPING NEWS

The ss. **Nagasaki Maru** of the T.K.K. operating between Nagasaki and Shanghai left the Company's Wayside Wharf yesterday on her return trip to Japan.

* * *

Arrival of the express liner **Tientsin Maru** of the D.K.K. has been delayed until today when the vessel will dock alongside the Whangpoo Wharf upon her arrival from Dairen and Tsingtao. She is due to sail at 3 p.m. tomorrow after a 24 hour stay in port.

* * *

Chartered by the Chung Tung Shipping and Forwarding Company Ltd., the fast Panamanian freighter **Esi** arrived in port yesterday coming from Port Courbet with a large shipment of coal for local discharge. She was tied up at the lower buoys 22 and 23.

* * *

Chartered by the T.K.K. Line the **Marion**, flying the Panamanian flag, sailed for Tientsin via Tsingtao and Chefoo yesterday morning with a quantity of cargo. While in port the vessel was docked alongside the company's Yangtszepoo Wharf, Shanghai side.

* * *

The **Myoko Maru** of the T.K.K. arrived here from Japan ports yesterday and moored alongside the company's Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. After a three day stay in port the vessel is due to make the outward trip to Yokohama via ports on Thursday morning.

* * *

The new Los Angeles offices of the Transpacific Transportation Company, agents for the Java Pacific Line were opened on July 1. The service was established as a means of expediting shipment of strategic materials including rubber to the United States which formerly was shipped by the slower Panama route.

* * *

Due here tomorrow is the fast Thailand freighter **Suriyothai Nawa**, operated by the Thai Seri and Co., Ltd., and the Tung Yih Shipping Company. The vessel which is owned by the Thai Maritimes Navigation Company is reported to be bringing general freight including 40,000 bags of rice for local discharge. Upon arrival she will dock alongside the Mackenzie Company Pootung Wharf.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Esi	F. Courbet	Chung Tung
Hengshan M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Pelan	Keelung	Y.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Takasan M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Anshing	Jap.	T.K.K.
Lisbon M.	Jap.	M.Y.K.
Myoho M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Taiyu M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA, PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N. V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	It.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	It.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

Better Printing

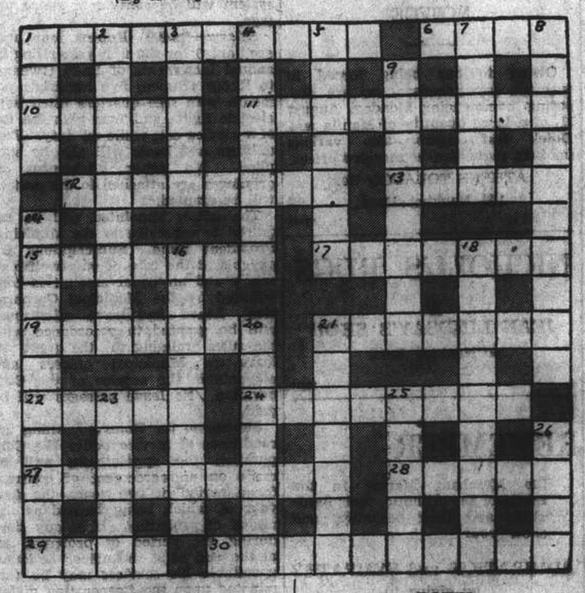
Modern business cannot be served by printing that is "good enough." Progressive commercial concerns realize that good printing is an asset of great value. The North-China Daily News Printing Department has a reputation for quality.

Articles of Association
Share Warrants
Dividend Warrants
Share Certificates
Cheques
Account Books
Reports and Accounts
Minutes of Annual Meetings
Three Colour Reproductions
Catalogues
Stationery
Loose Leaf Ledgers
Freight Tariffs
Trade Circulars
Private Codes, etc.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Printing Department
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 570

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



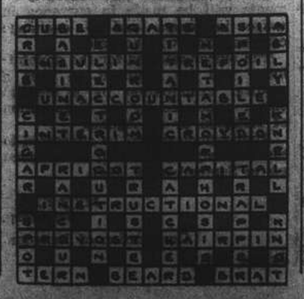
ACROSS

1 No enticing reason for attending a sale
6 A fish has turned coy
10 Fast
11 "Our big hen" (anag.)
12 A mender of butts and barrels
13 Sounds supported, and is sober
15 When you have this well you should get the idea
17 Make of car
19 Spring-like and fulsome
21 This baseball player can hold liquor
22 A vegetative maiden?
24 One who takes life far too casually
27 Ravenous
28 A sound reason for console
29 Our ancestors made light of this plant
30 Duty before service is his motto on Sundays

DOWN

1 This makes for negotiable security between banks
2 Joyful
3 River of India
4 He should be a man of good extraction
5 Both barred, apparently
7 Fair change from the hoard
8 Acquired from ancestors
9 Part of the dessert at the bore's table?
14 This malady breeds a desire to be among the stars (two words)
16 Directional aid
18 Careless
20 A pigment
21 A put-up job of shady character
23 This root is useful in perfumery
25 This ill accords with joie de vivre
26 Turn from the end of 14 down

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 569



BLOCKS FOR COLOUR PRINTING

There is nothing of greater importance in colour printing than the skilful and accurate preparation of blocks. So well is this understood by printers of experience that no block in any degree defective is used. Technical knowledge in the matter of colour printing is imperative. Let the North-China Daily News Printing Department handle your colour work if you desire satisfaction.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11055

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED: "Siam in Transition" by Kenneth Perry Landon, new or secondhand. Kindly reply to Box 1105, NCDN. -1644

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpets, clothing etc. Telephone 34693 Mr. W. Engel. -1323

WANTED to buy complete installation, machinery, etc. for factory manufacturing artificial leather; please reply to Box 949, NCDN. -1530

WILL pay best prices for all secondhand goods, household, carpets, refrigerators, machines, pianos, radios, etc. Telephone 96097, 1236 Avenue Edward VII, George Young. -1491

MICROSCOPE, with low power, high power, oil immersion objectives. Three eyepieces. Condenser with iris diaphragm. Particulars and price to Lucas Leong, Foreign YMCA. -1728

WE pay highest prices for old, broken, useless platinum, gold and silver articles. We also buy and sell diamonds. Maxima, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 701, telephone 15834. -1749

WINCHESTER rifle, 22 calibre, wanted. State price, condition. Reply to Box 886, NCDN. -1810

PERSIAN rug, medium size, wanted for drawing room. Box 868, NCDN. -1468

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before August 18 after which date they will be destroyed.

Nos. 30, 31, 42, 57, 128, 171, 249, 268, 269, 276, 291, 305, 322, 324, 329, 377, 433, 464, 525, 547, 594, 669, 708, 721, 732, 742, 757, 765, 766, 775, 786, 793, 799, 844, 857, 875, 896.

Wanted to Rent

THREE furnished rooms with private kitchen and preferably with use of garden. Box 1104, NCDN. -1643

RESPONSIBLE party requires urgently, three-four roomed unfurnished house, with small garden or verandah. Box 1091, NCDN. -1822

WANTED reasonable small furnished room, with or without board. Please state price. From August 13 or 20. Bubbling Well, Seymour Road, Avenue Road district. Box 1058, NCDN. -1830

TWO separately located small furnished rooms (September), by responsible Christian business gentlemen, permanent tenants. Each $80-$100. Preferably private family. Concession. Box 984, NCDN. -1650

WANTED, one/two furnished/unfurnished rooms/flat, bathroom, kitchen. No agents. Box 1040, NCDN. -1742

ALLIED official of standing wishes rent house or flat, wholly/partly furnished, about US$40. Box 953, NCDN. -1607

WANTED urgently two-roomed unfurnished modern apartment in best residential district in the French Concession. Please telephone 74246 between 9 and 10 a.m. 10624

UNFURNISHED small house or four room apartment, preferably Concession, required by British family. No racketeers. Box 1068, NCDN. 10878

WANTED furnished or unfurnished apartment, three or four rooms, moderate rental. Address Box 1046, NCDN. -1764

BACHELOR requires furnished apartment three/four rooms or small furnished house with kitchen, bath, boys' rooms and garage, quiet location. Reply Box 1050, NCDN. -1769

WANTED, Apartment, central district, about four rooms, bath and kitchen. Willing to pay reasonable key-money. No telephone required. Box 374, NCDN. -1639

WANTED: Three-four room apartment or house inside Settlement. No brokers. Apply Post Office Box 1476. -1635

Houses and Land

INVESTMENT! About 3 mow land including 10 newly built houses. $600,000. Box 1099, NCDN. -1832

FOR SALE, best located corner lot in Frenchtown, fronting Avenue Petain, Dufour and Francis Garnier. Area 11½ mow. With large luxurious residence. Beautiful garden. Can also be sold in parts. Telephone 11463. 10887

FOR SALE: Large and small residences, investment properties, small and large lots of vacant land. Also one large up-to-date modern residence with all latest improvements. Area of land over mow 3, best part of French Concession. Immediate occupation. For further details apply to Shanghai Land and Estate Brokers Corp. 17 The Bund, Telephone 15455, extension 5. -1519

FOR SALE, best located corner lot in French Concession, fronting Avenue Petain, Dufour and Francis Garnier. Area 11½ mow. With large luxurious residence. Beautiful garden. Can also be sold in parts. Telephone 11463.

Offices, Shops, Godowns

CENTRAL office wanted; 600 sq. ft. or more. Telephone 60121, between 11-12. -1639

Cameras

EXPORTER urgently wants cameras of any make. Payment in USA currency. Box 1043, NCDN. 10884

Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table clothes, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 904 NCDN. -1688

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
HAMILTON HOUSE, Office 318
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14579
Also at 207 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 5-6 p.m. Tel. 97089

HOUSE CLEANING
Floor Polishing and Disinfecting
FUMIGATING
TELEPHONE 12156
FESCO
Far Eastern Sanitary Co.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy, fine and hot weather with local thunder in the evening and easterly to south-easterly winds over Shantung, our regions and the coast to the south of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 77.0	max. 90.0	min. 74.3	max. 94.6
„ same date last year	min. 78.0	max. 93.0	min. 76.8	max. 87.4

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OCT 22 19[illegible] LIBRARY

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1941 (20th day of 6th *inter.* moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Aug. 14, 5.30 p.m. registered and 6.30 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on Aug. 26. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 14, 5.30 p.m. registered and 6.30 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 13, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 30 cents
Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan ..... „ 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 56
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News
Single copies $2
Shanghai, China and Japan .6 mos. $42
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 46
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

ENGAGEMENT

BROWN—ANDREWS.—The Engagement is announced of DONALD BROWN, of Shorncliffe, England, and GWENDOLYN MAUD ANDREWS, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Andrews, Shanghai. -1815

DEATHS

WALLACE.—On August 9, 1941, at 1402 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai, NORMAN WALLACE, aged 69 years. The funeral will take place at the Hungjao Road Cemetery today, Tuesday, August 12, at 4 p.m. All friends are invited to attend. 10694

da COSTA.—On Sunday, August 10, 1941, at her home, 153B, Route des Soeurs, CECILIA MARIA WU da COSTA, widow of the late Pompilio Regino da Costa and mother of Emily and the late Mrs. Rosa da Costa Chung. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. A Requiem Mass will take place at the Church of Christ the King, Rue Bourgeat, on Wednesday, August 13, 1941 at 8 a.m., to be followed by burial at the Pahsienjao Cemetery at 4.30 p.m. (In lieu of flowers donations to charity will be appreciated). (Hongkong and Macao papers please copy.)

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

AUGUST

12 Anglo-French war with China began (1860)
12 S.V.C. mobilized; Whangpoo blocked (1937)

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

13 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30.
15 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Norwegian Night, 9.30.
16 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Greek Night, 9.30.
16 Shanghai Cricket Club, Cinema Show 9.30.
20 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30
20 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', British Night, 9.30.
21 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Russian Night, 9.30.
27 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30

NOTICE

The hoarding of Beer Bottles in Shanghai has allowed bottle speculators to have an entirely unwarranted influence on Beer prices in the local market.

In order to remove this influence, Consumers in their own interests, are earnestly required to cooperate and assist the under-mentioned Breweries by returning empty bottles to their suppliers.

NOTICE IS THEREFORE GIVEN that as from Monday, August 18, the UNION BREWERY LIMITED and EWO BREWERIES LIMITED, will sell Beer in Shanghai only to those clients who return the corresponding number of empty bottles.

The prices paid for empty Bottles are C.N.$0.35 and C.N.$0.23 for quarts and pints respectively.

UNION BREWERY LIMITED.
EWO BREWERIES LIMITED.

Shanghai, August 12, 1941. 10702

THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Rates of Freight from Shanghai to Straits ports will be increased as from 1.9.41.

Rates of Freight from Shanghai to Rangoon will be increased as from 15.8.41.

Particulars of the increases in question may be obtained from the undersigned.

BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE.
Agents,
The China Navigation Co. Ltd.

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY informed that Mr. Thomas Uroe is no longer connected with the

MODEL DAIRY FARM 10694

ACCOUNTANT

Fully qualified Accountant required for old-established British Firm, British or perfect English-speaking. Apply stating salary required to Box 1106, NCDN. 10700

WANTED

for indefinite period, small fully-furnished house with garden, preferably French Concession. Address Box 1049, NCDN. -1769

MORE ROOM INSIDE

There's room to spare in todays's Big Mercury—plenty of head room, leg room and elbow room. Big people can stretch out and relax in perfect ease and comfort, without crowding each other.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

SINGAPORE MUNICIPALITY
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.
APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT ASSESSOR.

The Municipal Commissioners of Singapore require a 3rd Assistant Assessor in the Office of the Municipal Assessor, the appointment being in the first instance on a three years' Agreement.

Applicants must be British subjects between 24 and 29 years of age and unmarried, and must have had a good technical and general education.

Candidates should be Members of the Chartered Surveyors' Institution or of a similar Professional Association, and must have a sound general knowledge of valuation of land and buildings for assessment purposes. Other things being equal, preference will be given to candidates born in Singapore.

The selected candidate must pass a medical examination as to physical fitness and will be required to join the Provident Fund.

The appointment is in Class IV of the Senior Officers' Salary Scheme ($300-A$25-$600-A$40-$680-A$20-$700 p.m.). A higher commencing salary than the minimum may be paid according to qualifications and experience. An allowance will be granted for transport required on duty.

Applications stating whether married or single, age, place of birth, details of education, training, experience, qualifications, etc. accompanied by copies of testimonials, and giving the date on which the candidate would be able to take up the post, should be enclosed in a sealed cover clearly marked "Assistant Municipal Assessor" and addressed to the Municipal Secretary, Municipal Office, Singapore, and should be despatched to ensure delivery as soon as possible, and in any case not later than September 30, 1941.

BY ORDER.

July 23, 1941.

HADJIRY'S TOBACCO CO.
416 Szechuen Road

where the largest varieties of Tobaccos, cigarettes and smokers sundries are to be had at most competitive prices.

The only Hellenic Tobacco Store in town. -1669

NOTICE

Owing to our being forced to evacuate our premises, we are disposing, commencing Monday, August 11, of a large quantity of Manila and Dutch leaf cigars, also various smokers requisites, at sacrifice prices.

ATHENS TOBACCO Co.
136 Nanking Road. -1765

NICHOLL'S RUGS
at
JEAN LINDSAY'S SHOP
60 Nanking Road 10689

REMEMBER

the Merchant Marine in the Battle of the Atlantic, their hardships and their casualties and show your

ADMIRATION and SYMPATHY
by giving to
The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

A PERFECT SEAT

can be acquired by being expertly taught by one of the following instructors:

Colonel A. P. Bendersky
Captain N. D. Danilo
E. N. Sokoloff
Captain A. A. Gourvitch
George Tistow

COLUMBIA & GREAT WESTERN RIDING ACADEMY
470 Great Western Road, Tel. 22012
General Manager, N. I. KHOKHANTZ. 10691

CULTY DAIRY
The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE. TELEPHONE 70126
General Managers: KELLOCK & PRATT 10689

V A HEALTH EXPERT V

says there are three different ways of taking the morning bath. Hot, cold and for granted, one presumes. There is only one safe way of taking out an ACCIDENT and DISEASE POLICY and that is by "DOING IT NOW"

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
16 The Bund Telephone 11304

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British and Best

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878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
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IF YOU CAN'T AFFORD A NEW CAR

A visit to our Service Station will show you how the lifetime of your present car can be lengthened, and its performance improved.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF RANGOON, BURMA.
APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL OFFICER, FIRE BRIGADE.

Applications are invited for the post of an Additional Officer, Fire Brigade, Rangoon Corporation.

Age and Nationality:—Candidates should state their age and nationality. Men between the years of 35 and 40 will be preferred but this age-limit may be relaxed in respect of candidates who are exceptionally qualified.

Qualifications:—Preference will be given to candidates who are qualified and trained mechanical Engineers and possess an intimate knowledge of electricity, petrol motor fire engines and appliances and pumping machinery. Membership of the Institute of Fire Engineers (Class to be stated) and certificate from the Government A.R.P. School at Tatfield will be considered an added qualification.

Experience:—Candidates should state their present and previous employment and the nature and extent of their experience in the fire brigade work. Candidates must possess a thorough knowledge of A.R.P. organization and work. Experience in the operation of the street fire alarm system will be considered an advantage.

Salary:—Rs.400 (Rupees four hundred only) for the first year rising by annual increments of Rs.20 (twenty) to Rs.500 (Rupees five hundred) per month with free quarters fitted with electric lights and fans plus the use of a service car, while on duty. Free uniform and boots will also be supplied. No other allowances or privileges are attached to the post or will be granted.

The officer appointed will be required to subscribe to the Municipal Provident Fund. Subscriptions are payable at the rate of one-twelfth of salary and an equal amount is contributed by the Municipal Corporation. Leave and leave allowances will be granted in accordance with the rules relating to the grant of leave to Municipal officers and servants in the service of the Corporation. No leave passages will be paid.

Subject to the Rules governing the conditions of service under the Corporation the appointment will be made on an agreement of contract for a period of five years, the first year of which being treated as the period of probation. If at any time during the period of probation or at the end of it the officer is found unsuitable his services may be terminated upon the Corporation giving to him three months' notice.

A free first class passage to Rangoon from the Port of embarkation will be granted and a similar return passage on the ordinary termination of the agreement provided the officer elects to return to a Port in the United Kingdom within a period of six months of such termination. In case the services of the person appointed is terminated during or at the end of the period of probation and after due notice, he will be provided with a free first class passage to the place from which he embarked for joining his appointment provided he returns within one month from the date of termination of his services.

All emoluments and other payments will be made in currency in usage in Burma and no exchange compensation will be paid.

The officer selected for the appointment will be required to pass a medical examination by a medical officer appointed by the Corporation of Rangoon or its Agents.

Applications should be addressed to the undersigned and will be received up to September 18, 1941.

MYO KIN,
Secretary.
Corporation of Rangoon.
July 4, 1941.

BRITISH RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION OF CHINA

To Help War Effort

CONTRIBUTE STAMPS AND BOOKS
BUY UNION JACK BADGES, ETC.
USE STICKERS
SAVE WASTE MATERIALS

For list of collecting depots Telephone 18877

WAR EFFORTS SUB-COMMITTEE, B.R.A.
HEADQUARTERS, 27 THE BUND

(Space by courtesy of Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd.)

THE TEXAS CO., (CHINA), LTD.
announces

New Retail prices for Texaco Gasoline effective August 11, 1941 are as follows:—

Expump per A. G.	CN$4.50
Per unit of 2 x 5 A. G. Tins	55.00

10690

STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY
announces

New Retail Prices of SOCONY GASOLINE effective August 11, 1941, as follows:—

EX CURB PUMP per A. G.	$ 4.50
PER UNIT of 2 x 5 A. G. TINS	55.00

10690

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM COMPANY
(North China) Limited

announce that the retail prices effective as from August 11, 1941, for their

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT

are as follows—

Bulk ex Pump	5-A.G. Tins
$4.50	$27.50
per Am. Gall.	per Tin

10695

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 10 16.00	Aug. 10 21.00	Aug. 11 4.00	Aug. 11 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.61	29.65	29.64	29.66
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.17	+0.12	+0.05	+0.02
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.02	+0.02	+0.03	+0.01
Wind (direction)	WNW	NE	SE	ESE
„ (miles per hour)	11.8	5.0	5.6	3.7
Temperature (Fahr.)	83.7°	79.0°	77.0°	84.0°
Humidity (per cent)	69	96	95	83
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	7	2	3	5
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 10	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.62	+0.23	29.67
Temperature: min. 75.4° max. 91.0°	83.2°	+3.6°	81.7°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	42.89	—	29.22

Time and Tide	12/8	13/8	14/8	15/8	16/8	17/8	18/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.17	5.17	5.18	5.19	5.19	5.20	5.20
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.40	18.39	18.38	18.38	18.37	18.36	18.35
Moon rises at Shanghai	21.42	23.17	22.54	25.33	—	0.15	1.00
Moon sets at Shanghai	9.46	10.39	11.32	12.25	13.16	14.08	14.58
Flood makes Shai. (day)	13.20	14.00	14.45	15.34	16.40	18.00	6.56
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	6.35	7.10	7.40	8.18	9.00	10.10	11.48
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	15.04	15.51	16.38	17.19	6.00	7.44	8.55
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.60	9.80	8.78	7.86	6.96	6.65	7.00

THE WEATHER
(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 10th:—Normal and falling pressure over Japan: low and rising over China. Stormy around Korea. Variable winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, fine and hot weather in China.

State on the morning of the 11th:—Cloudy, fine and hot weather. Low and unsteady pressure. South-easterly wind.

TYPHOON SIGNALS

Typhoon signals: 1st: Approximate position of the centre at 6 a.m., within 120 miles of latitude 20, longitude 140, direction north-west, intensity: unknown. 2nd: Approximate position of the centre at 6 a.m., within 60 miles of latitude 37, longitude 127, stationary, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

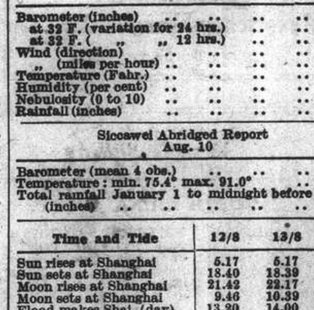

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES
(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, August 12.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, August 13.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	x*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	11.30	12.00
Hongkong and Canton	11.30	12.00
Amoy	11.30	12.00
Fukien Kiangsi Yunnan and Kweichow via Amoy	11.30	12.00
Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	ax16.00	18.00
India	BDZ —	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
THURSDAY, August 14.		
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	12.30	13.00
Swatow	13.30	14.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Singapore)	cx17.00	18.30
Hongkong and Canton	18.00	18.30
Canada and Great Britain via Canada	DZ —	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia	18.30	20.00

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 13th.
B Parcel mail for India, closes at 16.00 on 13th.
C Parcel mail for S.S. and F.M.S., closes at 16.00 on 14th.
D Parcel mail for Canada and Great Britain via Canada, closes at 16.00 on 14th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

(Continued from yesterday)

Central British War Fund (Shanghai)

IN MEMORY OF MISS M. SUTHERLAND	
Joseph,Miss Regina	$50
Her colleagues at the P.S.G., Mrs. Fredericks, Mr. Yao and Mr. Chang	600
Forrester,Mrs.Elizabeth	50
Brewer,Miss P. .10	Uydens,Marie .25
Cooper,Violet .5	Gnadderton,N.V. 10
Squires,M. .10	1933 Sixer .5
IN MEMORY OF A. L. JOHN	
Saphiere,Mrs.F.	10
IN MEMORY OF F. J. BRAND	
J.C. de B.	10
IN MEMORY OF L. L. F. PEARON	
Baker,H.F.	20
IN MEMORY OF D. M. MITCHELL	
Wentworth,Mr/Mrs.C.M.	100
	$2,632,907

(To be concluded tomorrow)

WOMEN'S SPORTSWEAR BARGAINS

Pure Linen 3-Piece Ensembles
White and Pastel Colours. To-day's Value $125. OFFERED AT $69.50

Pure Linen Shorts & Slacks
Beautifully Tailored. To-Day's Value $32.50 and $59.50. OFFERED AT $19.50 & 37.50

Pure Linen 1-Piece Sport Ensembles
The Latest Californian Attraction. To-Day's Value $125 OFFERED AT $69.50

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED, Experienced audit clerk, British preferred. Apply stating salary required to Box 1107, NCDN. 10700

YOUNG Englishman required preferably with knowledge of accounts. State salary required. Apply Box 1108, NCDN. 10706

BRITISH family going on leave require services of nurse companion. Must have passport acceptable in British Empire. Apply Box 1095, NCDN. 10699

WANTED storekeeper, Chinese, with extensive garage experience. Box 1088, NCDN. -1819

THOROUGHLY experienced Chinese male stenographer. Fast in dictation and correct in spelling. Apply Box 1086, NCDN. -1809

EXPERIENCED architect required for Chinese firm. Only foreigners need apply. Kindly write and state salary required. Box 1042, NCDN. -1747

WANTED, the services of an engineer capable of taking charge of small factory manufacturing artificial leather; please reply to Box 948, NCDN. -1599

FOREIGN pharmacy has a vacancy for a qualified pharmacist, firm in prescription work. Emigrants need not apply. State nationality, age, former experience, languages spoken and salary expected to Box 1033, NCDN. 10688

Business Opportunities

WANTED approximately $20,000—30,000 for purchase of raw material for small manufacturing enterprise/provision line. Good interest/silent partnership. Box 1077, NCDN. -1798

RADIO business for sale. Going concern. For particulars address Box 1044, NCDN. -1769

LEADING foreign firm, unusually well-connected Japanese circles, offers services in rent collections, real estate and commodity sales and purchases, confidential negotiations, etc. No pass business undertaken. Box 998, NCDN. 10692

Personal

WOULD any charming young lady care correspond with very lonely bachelor, view establishing friendship, fond of sports, dancing, books, cinema, etc. Box 1036, NCDN. -1737

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED sedan, medium size used motor car at reasonable price. Reply Box 1092, NCDN. -1825

NASH 8-cylinder 1934 model, equipped with radio, engine in good condition and little used. Replies Box 1100, NCDN. -1835

BUICK 1937 (armoured car) US$1,700, Buick 1940 (armoured car) US$2,800, for sale to responsible private buyer only. Mr. Yih, 932 Wuting Road (near Hart Road). -1836

1933 Humber sedan in excellent condition, US$450 or nearest offer. Box 1102, NCDN. 10703

1933 Standard convertible four-door, excellent condition, 25 m.p.g. Address 67 Lloyd Road, 2-5 p.m. -1842

1940 Studebaker Champion, de luxe model with heating and cooling systems, defroster and radio. Price US$1,350. Telephone 93546. -1834

FOR SALE: Packard 1938 Club coupe, owner driven, only 13,000 miles, 5-passenger, 8-cylinder. What offers immediate sale? Box 1097, NCDN. 10700

FOR quick sale, one 1933 Buick Special, with radio, in excellent condition. 1173 Bubbling Well, Apartment 18. Telephone 30229. -1829

FOR SALE 1936 Packard "120", in perfect condition, Telephone 70070, Room 1217. -1841

IMMEDIATE sale: 1934 Ford V-8 convertible coupe deluxe in excellent condition, US$475. Telephone 62897. 10695

1934 Standard Swallow. New steel top and battery. 16 m.p.g. In good condition. US$350. Telephone 36116, ask Stone. Time 6-7 p.m. -1810

1941 Chevrolet de luxe, as new, run 5,000 km., four-door sedan, under guarantee, including insurance, license. US$1,600. Box 1079, NCDN. -1797

FOR SALE, 1941 Chrysler sedan, Fluid Drive, US$2,300; 1941 Buick sedan, armour car, US$3,700; 1936 Buick sedan, US$1,000. These cars may be tried on arrangement by telephone 13080 (office hours), ask Mr. T. Y. Tung, Joseph Tse or Box 1035, NCDN. -1734

1939 Pontiac five-passenger, convertible, owner-driven, radio, U.S. $1,000. Reply Box 985, NCDN. -1648

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400 10321

Radios

WANTED to purchase transmitting tubes, communication receiver, parts, motor-generators, power-packs, new/used. State particulars. Box 1019, NCDN. -1711

IS your radio giving you any trouble? Let us take care of it. Reliable service guaranteed. Please telephone 78644, Reco, 145 Route de Say Zoong. -1173

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 230 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 10323

TELEPHONE 51140! Foreign radio engineer repairs at your home. "Radio Expert," 121/438 Museum Road. -1814

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

EXPERIENCED Eurasian girl, 22 years, speaks Japanese, Chinese, seeks position as typist, general office work. Box 1083, NCDN. -1809

BRITON, 39, seeks employment any position. Good references. Ex-serviceman. Box 1085, NCDN. -1805

QUALIFIED lady secretary/stenographer. Capable voluminous work. Conscientious worker. Permanent/otherwise. Box 919, NCDN. -1815

EXPERIENCED Chinese accountant seeks immediate employment with AI references. Reply Box 1061, NCDN. -1785

CHINESE lady stenographer, good English, seeks position. Address 861 Gordon Road, c/o Mr. Hsieh. -1795

EXPERIENCED Chinese (male) typing, cabling and accounting clerk open for immediate engagement. Part or full time. Moderate salary. Hard-worker. Box 1039, NCDN. -1741

For Sale—Miscellaneous

"VAPOFOR" electrical face-light steambath massage-motor set, hair-dryer. Selling cheap. 124 Sassoon House. -1827

FOR SALE: The Communication receiver. Going cheap. Telephone 78644, office hours. -1833

FOR Immediate disposal—five postage stamp albums Stanley Gibbons, pianoforte sheet music, gramophone records, going cheap. Apply Box 1109 for appointment.

8 cubic feet, flat top G. E. refrigerator, nearly 2 years unexpired guarantee; Steinway three-quarter grand piano. Telephone 22675. -1817

PITCH for sale (without drums). Suitable best offer to Box 1084, NCDN. -1804

HIGH class precision lathes, six-foot, all modern features, 40 changes of feed screw without changing gears, price US$350. Apply Box 1078, NCDN. -1798

SHIRTS correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. White poplin from $15. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10538

FOR SALE: 1940 refrigerator, excellent condition, US$200. Box 942, NCDN -1693

LEATHERGOODS factory, producing exquisite hits for export, invites interested parties and purchasing managers to inspect their samples, etc. For appointment ring up 13757. -1446

MAUSER bullets: the E-W brand of bullet-proof vests will stop the Mauser bullets. V stands for vest. The E-W vest is guaranteed bullet-proof. Telephone 22272. -1780

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -1832

STAMPS, old and new: Only Hermes Stamp Co., 685 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 61540. -1734

Educational

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10490

JAPANESE lessons given by Japanese gentleman at students' house. For particulars apply Box 1101, NCDN. -1838

ENGLISH businessman willing exchange English for Japanese lessons. Reply Box 1103, NCDN. 10704

CHINESE university graduate teaches English, French and shorthand, $3 an hour. Box 861, NCDN. -1457

PIANO lady teacher (Viennese State Diploma) gives lessons. Best references. 587/8 Seymour Road, Telephone 36720. -1410

Chinese Servants

EXCELLENT cook, honest, any style dishes, also pastry. Highly recommended, reference. Box 1094, NCDN. -1827

CANTONESE cook-boy, well recommended, seeks position, wife wash or coolie amah. Apply Telephone 72197 or Box 1093, NCDN. -1826

WANTED good house coolie able to help boy and speak a little English. Telephone 20273. 10702

HOUSEBOY, well recommended, seeks position with small family. Box 1096, NCDN. -1839

GOOD cook boy, knowledge of English and American cooking, honest and well recommended, seeks position. Box 1089, NCDN. -1821

EXPERIENCED, trustworthy chauffeur required. Must have former employer's recommendation. Apply 343/2 Rue Roi Albert. -1809

COOK, many years experience, guaranteed many varieties cuisine, seeks immediate employment. Good reference. Box 1081, NCDN. -1801

34097 Reliance Employment Agency, 1082 Avenue Road. Trustworthy household servants only. Individual, quick service. -1288

GOOD cook-boy, wife wash-amah, seek position, highly recommended. Address Box 1037, NCDN. -1726

Lost

LOST at the office of American Express Co., one Greek passport No. 45 issued in the name of Bacil Bogiadzis. Finder please send over to the Greek Consulate General. -1813

Miscellaneous

NEUTRAL firm takes over administration of building or factory. Apply Box 1090, NCDN. -1823

IF you have anything whatsoever for sale or wish to purchase, telephone or send us a note and our representative will call on you. Our terms are cash. Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36334. 10679

AMERICAN, British magazines, delivered anywhere. Moderate lending fees. First Shanghai Reading Circle, 131/423 Museum Road. 14640. -990

Furnished Houses

VACANT shortly, partly furnished house at US$80 monthly, or fixtures, fittings and some furniture to be sold, Box 1080, NCDN. -1799

LARGE residence with sun porch, two glass verandahs, garden and garage for three cars, green house and servants' quarters (separate building). Arcola heating. Apply Box 1064, NCDN. 10677

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET four-roomed semi-detached house on Yu Yuen Road. Rent $400 per month. Telephone 60121 between 11-12. -1779

Unfurnished Apartments

BEAUTIFUL four-room apartments, newly constructed. Lane 44 Route Boissezon. Terms and conditions apply A. Loonis & Co. 10707

FOUR roomed apartment. Two bathrooms, boxrooms, garage, garden. Best part Concession. Reasonable terms. Immediate occupation. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/52 Szechuen Road. -1831

BEAUTIFUL three and four-roomed apartment, best part Concession, General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -1840

TO LET, five-roomed flat, 6 Route Ferguson, with garage and lawn, ready for occupation August 1. Monthly rental US$50 excluding tax, heating and water. For other terms apply Mr. Tsar, telephone 38864 between 4-5 p.m. -1814

FROM August 15, flat of two large rooms, unfurnished. 357 King Albert Apartment, Apartment 1. View 10-7 p.m. -1807

Furnished Apartments

VERY modern two-roomed apartment, 6th floor, to let from September 1, best part of Concession; furniture to be taken over, moderate rental including heating. Address Box 1047, NCDN. -1766

Rooms Without Board

628 Embankment Building, one nicely furnished room, all conveniences, ready for immediate occupation. Bachelors only. -1818

LARGE and small sunny, luxuriously furnished rooms to let, with breakfast if desired. 185 Route Dufour, Telephone 71628. -1784

BIG comfortable room, well-furnished, 303 Park Apartment, 455 Rue Lafayette, telephone 85398. -1719

Rooms with Board

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double, single rooms, private bathrooms, garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -1824

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. One flat facing south, excellent cuisine. Telephone 37231. -1787

PRIVATE family, two comfortable rooms as flat or separately, for two gentlemen, British/Americans. Board optional. Vicinity French Club. Telephone 79887. -1749

YOUNG lady wishes share her three-room apartment with lady. No refugees. Telephone 76140. -1675

LARGE southfaced room in private household, best location French Concession, A-1 food. Telephone 79741 -1629

COMFORTABLE southfacing room for two persons, private bath, good home-cooking. 1402 Joffre, near Sayzoong. -1426

TWO rooms, bath and board, with private family, garden. Bachelors preferred. Box 1045, NCDN. -1784

IN MODERN apartment-house, Avenue Joffre, nicely-furnished, very clean room for one/two persons, with/without board. No refugees. Telephone 74311. -1770

Boats

WE ARE in need of the following steamships: One 100-ton hull or wooden steamship, 150-200 h.p. Preferably for passengers and cargoes. Two 30-ton hull or wooden tug steamships, 50-100 h.p. Kindly state ships' names, ages, nationality, prices and send drawings and all particulars for respective ships to Mr. T. V. Lee, Bukan Bus and Shipping Co., 155 Broadway, Shanghai. 10697

Animals

FOR SALE, race ponies: Zafiro, grey, 13-hds., 3rd class; Houdini, bay, 13hds., 5th class; Texas, bay, 12.3-hds., 3rd class; Brown Bomber, bay, 13.1-hds., 6th class; Smart Guy, bay, 12. 3-hds., 5th class. Telephone 29502. 10701

WHEN buying a dog insist on it having a China Kennel Club registration, which is recognised everywhere. 10683

THOROUGHBRED red Irish setter pups for sale, two months old. Parents are pure Irish setters and good hunters. For appointment apply Olympic Cafe, 1134-1136 Broadway East. Telephone 51024, Mr. Petroff. 10682

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantees can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 3/4 Klangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. 10699

More Classified Ads. Overleaf